# REGULATIONS RELATING TO INTEGRATED FIVE YEAR B.A., LL.B DEGREE COURSE

# 2020 Admission onwards

# UNIVERSITY OF KERALA

# REGULATIONS RELATING TO INTEGRATED FIVE YEAR B.A., LL.B DEGREE COURSE

## 1. Title

The regulations shall be called the Regulations relating to Integrated Five Year B.A., LL.B Degree Course

## 2. Commencement

These regulations shall come into force with effect from Academic Year 2020 - 2021.

## 3. Duration of the Course

- (a) The course shall be of a double degree integrated course comprising BA and LL.B Degrees. The Bachelor's Degree in BA and Law shall consist of regular course of study for a minimum period of 10 Semesters in Five Years and shall consist of 14 papers in BA and 31 papers in Law.
- (b) Each semester shall consist of 90 instructional days having 5 hours per day for lectures, seminars, debates and test papers. There shall be not less than four hours per subject per week and one/two hours for seminar/debates/test paper.

## 4. Eligibility for Admission

(a) No candidate shall be admitted to the course unless he has passed the Higher Secondary Examination of the Government of Kerala or any other examination recognized as equivalent thereto by this University with not less than 45% marks for general category, 42% for OBC and 40% marks for SC and ST.

## 5. Attendance and Progress

No candidate shall be permitted to register for the end semester examinations conducted by the University unless the Principal has certified that he has obtained not less than 75% of the attendance in each paper and his conduct and progress has been satisfactory.

## 6. Examinations

- (a) There shall be a University examination at the end of each semester. Each written paper carrying 100 Marks is divided into 80 Marks for written examination and 20 Marks for internal assessment.
- (b) Paper IV in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth semesters shall be evaluated internally. Internal Viva shall be conducted by the board of not less than two examiners constituted by the Principal from among Senior Teachers other than the teachers in charge of the subject.

- (c) Paper I in Seventh, Eighth and Ninth semesters, Paper I and II in the Tenth Semester are optional papers. A minimum of 1/3 (one third) of the total number of the students of that semester shall choose either of the two papers.
- (d) Internship Each student shall have completed minimum of 20 weeks internship during the entire period of legal studies under NGO, Trial and Appellate Advocates, Judiciary, Legal Regulatory authorities, Legislatures and Parliament, Other Legal Functionaries, Market Institutions, Bank, Stock exchanges, Law Firms, Companies, Local Self Government and other such bodies where law is practiced either in action or in dispute resolution or in management.

Provided that internship in any year cannot be for a continuous period of more than Four weeks and all students shall at least gone through once in the entire academic period with Trial and Appellate Advocates. Internship shall be done without affecting the regular classes.

Each student shall keep internship diary and the same shall be evaluated by the Guide in Internship and also a Core Faculty member.

(e) External Viva-voce examination in the Tenth semester shall be conducted by the Board of Examiners constituted by the University.

## 7. Internal Assessment

Marks for the internal assessment in each written paper shall be distributed as follows.

- (i) Attendance 5 Marks (2.5 Marks for 75% of attendance and additional 0.5 Marks for every 5% attendance above 75%)
- (ii) Test Paper 5 Marks
- (iii) Assignment 5 Marks
- (iv) Seminar/Debate 5 Marks

The marks for internal assessment shall be awarded by the Teacher in charge of each paper, countersigned by the Principal and forwarded to the University before the commencement of the written examination. A statement containing the marks awarded to every student as internal assessment in each paper shall also be published.

Guidelines for Internal Assessment –

(i) — <u>Introduction</u> —The objectives of introducing internal assessment are: (i) to develop in the students the ability for critical analysis and evaluation of legal problems; (ii) to develop communication skill, both oral and written; (iii) to create an awareness of current sociolegal problems; (iv) to ensure the involvement and participation of students in academic programmes; and (v) to make evaluation of

students a continuous process. In order to achieve these objectives it is imperative that internal assessment is made by teachers in a fair and objective manner and in an atmosphere of total transparency and confidence. The following guidelines are issued to secure fairness, objectivity and transparency in internal assessment.

- (ii) Attendance (a) For each subject attendance shall be taken in the class and recorded in a register maintained by the teacher. A statement of attendance shall be prepared every month which shall be available for inspection by the students. Complaints, if any, shall be brought to the notice of the teacher and the Principal before the seventh working day of the publication of the statement.
  - Students representing the College/University in Sports/Games, Arts/Cultural events or Moot Courts, Client Counseling competitions, Academic activities and Office bearers of the College/University Union may, with the prior permission of the Principal, take part in such competitions or activities and be given attendance as directed by the Principal for such participation, subject to a maximum of 10 days in a semester.
- (iii) Test Paper Two test papers shall be conducted for each subject in a semester. The marks obtained by each student in the test paper shall be announced by the teacher within ten days from the date of the test paper and shall also be recorded in a register maintained by the teacher.
- (iv) <u>Assignment</u> Every student shall write one assignment for each paper, on a subject chosen in consultation with the teacher. The assignment should reflect the ability of the student to identify and use materials and his/her capacity for original thinking, critical analysis and evaluation. Each student shall select the topic of assignment before the 20<sup>th</sup> working day of the semester.

The assignment shall be submitted before a date prescribed by the teacher. If the assignment submitted by a student is found to be unsatisfactory by the teacher, the student shall be given an option to revise the assignment or write an assignment on another subject chosen in consultation with the teacher.

The marks obtained by each student and the criteria adopted for evaluation of assignments shall be announced by the teacher within

- 10 days from the date of submission of the assignment. The marks shall also be recorded in a register maintained by the teacher.
- (v) <u>Seminar/Debate</u> Every student shall participate in one seminar or debate for each paper. A synopsis of not more than one page shall be submitted by each participant to the teacher before the seminar/debate. In the evaluation, 50% credit shall be given to the content and 50% for presentation. The topic of the seminar/debate shall be selected by the student in consultation with the teacher before the 20<sup>th</sup> working day of the semester. The marks awarded for the seminar/debate shall be announced by the teacher at the end of the seminar/debate and shall also be recorded in a register maintained by the teacher.

## 8. Pass minimum and classification

- (a) A candidate who secures not less than 50% marks for each paper in a semester shall be declared to have passed the examination in that semester.
- (b) A candidate who obtains pass marks (50%) in one or more papers, but fails in other papers in a semester is exempted from appearing in the papers in which he/she has obtained pass marks.
- (c) A candidate who fails in Paper IV of Seventh or Eighth or Ninth or Tenth semester shall appear in that paper in the succeeding academic years without obtaining re-admission within the permissible period of completion of the course as mentioned in sub clause (h) of Regulation 8, and not thereafter. The candidate shall compulsorily attend all the components of all practical papers.
- (d) A candidate who fails to secure not less than 50% marks each in Internship and External viva-voce of Tenth semester has to complete the internship and External viva-voce in the next academic year without obtaining re-admission.
- (e) There shall be no chance to improve either the internal assessment marks or written examination marks.
  - (f) Classification is as shown below:-

Distinction – 80% and above

First Class - 60% and above, but below 80%

Second Class-50% and above, but below 60%

(g) Ranking shall be done on the basis of the marks obtained by the candidate in the whole examination (Ten semesters) passed in the first chance. First class shall also be awarded to candidates who passed the whole examinations with 60% or above along with the immediate junior batch and not thereafter.

(h) A candidate admitted in this course shall complete the course and shall pass all papers within a period of ten semesters plus four semesters from the date of admission.

## 9. Publication of Results

The results of the Tenth semester examination shall be published only after the candidate has passed the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth semester examinations.

## 10. Award of B.A.,LL.B Degree

A candidate who successfully completes all the Ten semesters shall be eligible for the award of B.A.,LL.B Degree from the faculty of Law.

## 11. Prohibition against lateral entry and exit

There shall be no lateral entry on the plea of graduation in any subject or exit by way of awarding a degree splitting the integrated double degree course, at any intermediary stage of integrated double degree course.

## 12. Applicability of Regulations

This regulations supersede the existing regulations relating to Integrated BA, LL.B Five Year course provided however that students of Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth semester Integrated BA, LL.B Five Year course shall continue to be governed by the existing regulations till they complete the course.

# Scheme of the Course

#### **First Semester**

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Listening, Speaking, Reading,	3 hrs	20	80	100
	and Writing				
2	Modern English Grammar and	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Usage				
3	Political Theory and Political	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Thought				
4	Legal Method, Legal Language	3 hrs	20	80	100
	and Legal Writing				
5	Law of Tort including MV	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Accident and Consumer				
	Protection Laws				
	Total				500

## **Second Semester**

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Poetry	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Writings on contemporary	3 hrs	20	80	100
	issues				
3	Modern Economic Theory and	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Law				
4	Law of Crimes – Paper – I –	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Penal Code				
5	Law of Contract	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Total				500

## **Third Semester**

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Basics of communication and	3 hrs	20	80	100
	study of language				
2	Development, Environment and	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Indian Economy				
3	Comparative Politics	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Jurisprudence	3 hrs	20	80	100
5	Special Contracts	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Total				500

## **Fourth Semester**

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Drama	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Money, Banking, Public	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Finance and International Trade				
3	International Politics	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Constitutional Law – I	3 hrs	20	80	100
5	Family Law – I	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Total				500

## **Fifth Semester**

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Life writing and Travel writing	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Law of Crimes –Paper – II –	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Criminal Procedure Code				
3	Civil Procedure Code and	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Limitation Act				
4	Family Law – II	3 hrs	20	80	100
5	Constitutional Law –II	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Total				500

## Sixth Semester

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Prose and Fiction	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Interpretation of Statutes and	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Principles of Legislation				
3	Administrative Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Law of Evidence	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Total				400

## **Seventh Semester**

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Information Technology Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Or				
	Competition Law				
2	Property Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Principles of Taxation Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Drafting Pleading and		100		100
	Conveyancing - (Practical paper – I)				
	Total				400

**Eighth Semester** 

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	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Law of Banking and	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Negotiable instruments.				
	Or				
	Land Laws including tenure				
	and tenancy systems				
2	Labour and Industrial Law – I	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Company Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Professional Ethics and		100		100
	Professional Accounting				
	System - (Practical paper – II)				
	Total				400

## **Ninth Semester**

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Private International Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Or				
	Human Rights Law and				
	Practice				
2	Environmental Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Labour and Industrial Law – II	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Alternate Dispute Resolution		100		100
	Systems - (Practical paper –III)				
	Total				400

## **Tenth Semester**

	ien semester				
	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Trade in Intellectual Property	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Or				
	Local self government				
	including Panchayat				
	Administration				
2	Criminology and Penology	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Or				
	Women and the Law				
3	Public International Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Moot court exercise,		100		100
	Observance of Trial,				
	Interviewing techniques and				
	Pre-trial preparations - (Practical				
	paper – IV)				
	Internship		50		50
	External Viva voce				50
	Total				500

## **First Semester**

## **Paper** – **I** LISTENING, SPEAKING, READING, AND WRITING

No of Instructional Hours: 5 per week

#### **General Objectives**

The general objective of the course is to make the students proficient communicators in English. It aims to develop in the learners the ability to understand English in a wide range of contexts. The main thrust is on understanding the nuances of listening, speaking, reading and writing English. The course is a step towards preparing the learners to face situations with confidence and to seek employment in the modern globalized world. As knowledge of English phonetics will help the students to listen and to speak English better, they would be given rudimentary training in English phonetics. It also enhances the student's general standard of spoken English. The knowledge of the phonetic alphabets/symbols will help the students to refer to the dictionary for correct pronunciation. The course also aims to familiarize students with different modes of general and academic writing, to help them master writing techniques to meet academic and professional needs, to improve their reference skills, take notes, refer to and document data and materials and to sharpen their accuracy in writing.

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### Module I – Listening

Introduction, definition of listening, listening vs. hearing, process of listening, problems students face in listening, sub-skills of listening, what is good listening? Strategies of listening, barriers to listening, listening in the workplace, activities that help you to become better listeners.

#### Module II – Speaking

English, the lingua franca, varieties of English; Indian English, Received Pronunciation, Why phonetics? Organs of speech and speech mechanism; Classification of English sounds- vowels; consonants; IPA, RP symbols, transcription, some rules of pronunciation, Indian English and deviations from RP, Speaking as a skill; speaking on formal and informal occasions; how to perform a wide range of language functions such as greeting, thanking, complaining, apologizing.

#### Module III - Reading

Introduction, The Reading Process, Reading and Meaning, Methods to Improve Reading, Strengthening Your Vocabulary, Understanding Graphics and Visual Aids, Previewing, Reading in Thought Groups, Avoiding the re-reading of the Same Phrases, Barriers to Reading, Skills for Speed Reading, Sub-skills of Reading, Skimming, Scanning, Extensive Reading, Intensive Reading, Reading E-mail, E-books, Blogs and Web pages

#### Module IV – Writing

Writing models – essay –precise – expansion of ideas – dialogue – letter writing – personal letters formal letters – CV – surveys – questionnaire – e-mail – fax – job application – report writing. Academic writing – evaluating a text – note-making- paraphrasing – summary writing – planning a text – organizing paragraphs – introduction – body – conclusion – rereading and rewriting – copy editing – accuracy.

#### **Course Material**

#### Modules 1-3

Core Reading: English Language Skills for Communication Part I

#### Module 4

Core reading: Writing Today by Orient Blackswan

#### For further Reading

- 1. Marks Jonathan. English Pronunciation in Use. New Delhi: CUP, 2007.
- 2. Lynch, Tony. Study Listening. New Delhi. CUP, 2008.
- 3. Kenneth, Anderson, Tony Lynch, Joan Mac Lean. Study Speaking. New Delhi: CUP, 2008.
- 4. Robert, Barraas. Students Must Write. London: Routledge, 2006.

- 5. Bailey, Stephen. Academic Writing. Routledge, 2006.
- 6. Hamp-Lyons, Liz, Ben Heasley. Study Writing. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. CUP, 2008.
- 7. Ilona, Leki. Academic Writing. CUP, 1998.
- 8. McCarter, Sam, Norman Whitby. Writing Skills. Macmillan India, 2009.

#### Reference

- 1. Jones, Daniel. English Pronouncing Dictionary 17<sup>th</sup> edition. New Delhi: CUP, 2009.
- 2. Mayor, Michael, et al, Ed. *Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English*. 5<sup>th</sup> Edition. London: Pearson Longman Ltd, 2009.

## Paper – II modern english grammar and usage

No of Instructional Hours: 5 per week

#### **AIMS**

- 1. To help students have a good understanding of modern English grammar.
- 2. To enable them produce grammatically and idiomatically correct language.
- 3. To help them improve their verbal communication skills.
- 4. To help them minimise mother tongue influence.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

On completion of the course, the students should be able to

- 1. have an appreciable understanding of English grammar.
- 2. produce grammatically and idiomatically correct spoken and written discourse.
- 3. spot language errors and correct them.

#### COURSE CONTENTS

#### **Module 1:**

- Modern English grammar what and why and how of grammar grammar of spoken and written language
- Sentence as a self-contained unit various types of sentence simple compound complex declarative –
  interrogative imperative exclamation.
- Basic sentence patterns in English constituents of sentences subject verb object complement adverbials.
- Clauses main and subordinate clauses noun clauses relative clauses adverbial clauses finite and non-finite clauses analysis and conversion of sentences Active to Passive and vice versa Direct to Indirect and vice versa Degrees of Comparison, one form to the other.
- Phrases various types of phrases noun, verb, adjectival and prepositional phrases.
- Words parts of speech nouns pronouns adjectives verbs adverbs prepositions conjunctions –
  determinatives.

#### Module 2:

- Nouns different types countable and uncountable collective mass case number gender.
- Pronoun different types personal, reflexive infinite-emphatic reciprocal. Adjectives predicative attributive pre- and post-modification of nouns.
- Verbs tense-aspect voice –mood Concord types of verbs transitive intransitive-finite non-finite.
- Helping verbs and modal auxiliaries function and use.

#### Module 3:

- Adverbs different types various functions modifying and connective.
- Prepositions different types syntactic occurrences prepositional phrases adverbial function.
- Conjunctions subordinating and coordinating Determinatives articles possessives quantifiers

#### Module 4:

Legal terms

#### **COURSE MATERIAL**

#### **Modules 1-3**

Core Reading: Concise English Grammar by Prof. V. K. Moothathu. OUP, 2012.

#### **Further Reading:**

- 1. Leech, Geoffrey et al. English Grammar for Today: A New Introduction. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. Palgrave, 2008.
- 2. Carter, Ronald and Michael McCarthy. Cambridge Grammar of English. CUP, 2006.
- 3. Greenbaum, Sidney. Oxford English Grammar. Indian Edition. Oxford University Press, 2005.
- 4. Sinclair, John ed. Collins Cobuild English Grammar. Harper Collins publishers, 2000.
- 5. Driscoll, Liz. Common Mistakes at Intermediate and How to Avoid Them.CUP, 2008.
- 6. Tayfoor, Susanne. Common Mistakes at Upper-intermediate and How to Avoid Them. CUP, 2008.
- 7. Powell, Debra. Common Mistakes at Advanced and How to Avoid Them. CUP, 2008.
- 8. Burt, Angela. Quick Solutions to Common Errors in English. Macmillan India Limited, 2008.
- 9. Turton. ABC of Common Grammatical Errors. Macmillan India Limited, 2008.
- 10. Leech, Geoffrey, Jan Svartvik. *A Communicative Grammar of English*. Third Edition. New Delhi: Pearson Education, 2009.

#### Module 4:

1. Oxford Dictionary of Law. OUP, 2015.

**Direction to Teachers:** The items in the modules should be taught at application level with only necessary details of concepts. The emphasis should be on how grammar works rather than on what it is. The aim is the correct usage based on Standard English and not conceptual excellence.

## Paper – III

#### POLITICAL THEORY AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

- I (a) Approaches to the study of politics: Traditional, Behavioural, Post Behavioural.
  - (b) Inter-disciplinary approaches in Politics: Political Sociology, Political Economy, Geo-Politics.
- II (a) State : Elements of State –

Origin of State (Evolutionary theory), Sovereignty,

Monism and Pluralism.

(b) Concepts: Liberty – Equality – justice

Classical Political Thinkers: (c)

> : Theory of Justice – Education – Communism – Plato

> > Philosopher King – Ideal State.

: Theory of State, Classification of Constitutions, Aristotle

slavery, revolutions.

III a) Modern Thinkers

> Thomas Hobbes : Social contract theory

: Social contract theory: Limited John Locke

Government

: Social contract theory General Will Rousseau

b) Idealist Thinkers

: State, Dialectics Hegel Bentham: Utilitarianism

: Liberty, Individualism, Representative Government. Mill

a) Marxian Thought IV

Marxism : Basic principles

: Idea of Party, Theory of Imperialism.

b) Modern Indian Political Thought

Gandhian thought:

Moral Ideas, Ahimsa/Non-violence, Gramaswaraj, Sathyagraha

: Social and political ideas, B.R.Ambedkar Crusade against Castism.

**Reading Lists** 

A. Giddens

8.

1. Amal Rey and Mohit Bhattacharya :Political theory: Institutions and Ideas

(The World Press, Private Limited,

Calcutta, 1988)

: An Introduction to Modern Political 2. N.P. Barry

Theory

3. C.B. Macpherson : Life and Times of Liberal Democracy

C.B. Macpherson :Democratic Theory: 4.

Essays in Retrieva (Oxford, 1973)

D.D. Raphel :Problems of Political Philosophy 5. S.P. Varma

:Modern Political Theory

(Vikas, New Delhi, 1976)

: Great Political Thinkers 7. W. Ebenstein

: Capitalism and Modern

Social Theory

9. C.B.Macpherson :The Political Theory of Possessive

individualism(Oxford,Clarendon, 1965)

10. L.Straluss and J.Cropsey, eds : A History of Political Philosophy

11. S.Wolln : Politics and Vision (Boston, 1960)

12. V.R.Mehta	: Ideology, Modernization and Politics in India
13. Alan Swingewood	:Marx and Modern Social Theory
13. Maii Swingewood	(London, Macmillan, 1975)
14. T.Pantham and K.L.Deutsch, eds	: Political Thought in Modern India.
15. Bhikhu Parekh	: Gandhi's Political Philosophy
16. Randhir Singh	:Rationalism,Romanticism and
10. Runum Singii	Political Theory, PPH,
	New Delhi, 1967
17. N.Winthrop	:Liberal Democratic Theory and its
1,11,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1	Critics
18. A.D.Smith	: Theories and Nationalism
19. W.T.Bluhm	:Theories of the Political System
	(London, 1971)
20. I.Berlin	: Four Essays on Liberty
21. M.J.Sandel	: Liberalism and Its Critics
22. L.Kolakowski	: Main current of Marxism (3 Vols.)
	Oxford, Clarendon, 1978
23. D.McLellan	:Marxism after Marx
	(Macmillan, London, 1979)
24. O.P. Gauba	: An Introduction to Political Theory
	(3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition)(McMillan India Limited
	New Delhi, 1995)
25. Subrata Mukherjee and	,
Sushila Ramaswamy	: A History of Political Thought,
·	Plato to Marx). (Prentice Hall of
	India, New Delhi 1999)
26. Andrew Hacker	: Political Theory: Philosophy,
	Ideology Science
	(Macmillan Company,
	New York, 1969)
27. Bertrand Russell	:History of Western Philosophy
	(London, 1955)
28. Dante Germino	:Modern Western Political Thought:
	Machiaelli to Marx: (Chicago, 1972)
29. Carew Hunt	:The Theory and Practice of
	Communism
30. M.Judd Harmen	: Political Thought: From Plato to the
	Present (McGraw-Hill Book
	Company, New York, 1964)
31. L.Colletti	: Rousseau to Lenin (New York,
	Monthly Review Press, 1972)
32. John Plamenatz	:Man and Society
	(London, Longmans, 1965)

## Paper – IV

## LEGAL METHOD, LEGAL LANGUAGE AND LEGAL WRITING

**Outcome**:- This paper mainly focuses on orientation of students to legal studies form the view point of basic concepts of law and legal system.

- (1) Meaning and Definition of Law and its relevance in the society legal Institutions including courts, tribunals and other adjudicatory bodieshierarchy of Courts and nature of dispute decided by different courts and tribunals in India.
- (2) Primary sources of legal materials Constitutions, Legislation, Delegated Legislation, Custom, Precedent Structure and Content of Statutes, Rules and Regulations, Orders, Notifications etc. Secondary sources of legal materials Text books, Digest, Encyclopedia, Commentaries, Law Journal, Law Commission Reports, Law Reports, Research and Other reference materials, Constituent Assembly Debates and Legislative Assembly Debates.
- (3) Pleadings in civil cases Plaint, Written Statement, Affidavit, Interlocutory Applications Judgment, Decree and Order Pleadings in Criminal case Bail Applications Private complaint, Criminal Miscellaneous Applications Appeal, Review and Revision in Civil and Criminal Cases Different types of legal documents viz. Agreement, Sale Deed, Gift Deed, Lease Deed, Mortgage Deed, Exchange deed, Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note, Partnership Deed, Power of Attorney (students need not be asked to do actual drafting) Memorandum and Articles of Association, Bye Laws etc.
- (4) Using law library-students should be trained in using law library understanding citations footnotes and legal abbreviations language of law and legal writing preparation of head notes, abstract, synopsis using of legal terms and expressions in sentences, writing of case comments and articles on legal issues. Legal Writing Drafting representation and petition Writing articles on current topics relating to law.
- (5) Legal Maxims (Latin Maxims)

- 1. *Actio personalis moritur cum persona* (A personal action dies with the person)
- 2. Actus non facit reum, nisi mens sit rea (The act itself does not constitute guilt unless done with a guilty mind)
- 3. *Audi alteram partem* (Hear the other side) No man shall be condemned unheard.
- 4. *De minimis non curat lex* (Law does not deal with trifles).
- 5. Ex nudo pacto non oritur actio (No cause of action arises from a bare promise).
- 6. ex turpi causa non oritur actio (An action does not arise from a base cause).
- 7. Falsus in uno falsus in omnibus (False in one particular is false in general).
- 8. Fiat justitia ruat coelum (Justice shall be done even if the heavens fall down).
- 9. Generalia specialibus non derogant (General things do not derogate from special things)
- 10. *Ignorantia juris non excusat* (Ignorance of law is not an excuse)
- 11. Lex injustita non est lex (An unjust law is not a law)
- 12. *Nemo dat quod non habet* (No one can convey a better title than what he himself has)
- 13. Nemo debet bis vexari pro una et eadem causa (No one shall be vexed twice for the same cause)
- 14. Nemo debet esse judex in propria sua causa (No man can be a judge in his own cause)
- 15. Novus actus interveniens ( A new intervening act)

- 16. Qui facit per alium facit per se (He who does an act through another does it himself)
- 17. Res ipsa loquitur (The things speaks for itself)
- 18. Respondeat superior (Let the Principal be held responsible)
- 19. *Ubi jus ibi remedium* (Where there is a right, there is a remedy) There is no wrong without a remedy.
- 20. Volenti non fit injuria (He who consents suffers no injury)
- 21. Nulla poena sine lege (No punishment without legal authority).

## **Books for Reference and Study**

- (1) Glanville Williams, Learning the Law
- (2) Arthur.T.Vonderbilt, studying Law, New York University Press, Washington
- (3) H.C.Jain, "Using Law Library" (1904) 24 JILI 575
- (4) R.S.Atiyah, Law and Modern Society, Oxford University Press
- (5) James.A.Holland and Juline.S.Webb, Learning Legal Rules- Universal Book Traders, Chapter 426
- (6) Glanville Williams, Language and Law (1961) L.Q.R 71, 179, 293, 384
- (7) Ervin.H.Pollock Fundamental of Legal Research, Foundation Press, INC. Newyork
- (8) Atul.M.Setalvad Introduction to Law
- (9) Dr. N.K.Jayakumar Lectures in Jurisprudence.

## Paper -V

# LAW OF TORT INCLUDING MOTOR VEHICLES ACCIDENT AND CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS

**Outcome:**- This paper familiarizes the students the tortious liability, general principles of specific torts. To get an awareness of Motor Vehicles Act and Consumer Protection Act.

- 1. Definition Distinction between tort and crime Tort and contract foundations of tortious liability Essential conditions of liability in tort damnum sine injuria injuria sine damnum Principles of insurance in tort defences capacity of parties.
- 2. Master and Servant vicarious liability –distinction between servant and independent contractor course of employment common employment servant with two masters liability of the state Joint tortfeasors Remedies judicial and extra judicial remedies kinds of damages Remoteness of damages *Novus actus interveniens* Foreign torts Effect of death of parties in tort Strict liability Rule in *Rylands v. Fletcher* Absolute liability.
- 3. Assault Battery False imprisonment Nervous shock Defamation slander libel *Innuendo* Defences Justification fair comment privileges Tresspass to land trespass to goods Deceit Rule in *Derry v. Peak* Negligence *Res ipsa loquitor* contributory negligence The last opportunity rule Nuisance
- 4. Liability under Motor Vehicles Act 1988 Compensation in Motor Vehicle Accidents nature and extent of insurer's liability Motor Accidents Claims Tribunal award of compensation.
- 5. Concept of consumer protection Consumer protection under the Consumer Protection Act, 2019 Definitions consumer e-commerce electronic service provider goods services Defect Deficiency Unfair Trade Practice Restrictive Trade Practices Commercial service Commercial purpose Liability of Doctors and Hospitals and Other Professionals, Engineers, Lawyers etc Consumer Protection Councils Central Consumer Protection Authority Consumer Disputes Redressal Commissions composition and jurisdiction Mediation Product Liability Offences and Penalties .

## **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

- 1. Salmond, Law of Torts
- 2. Winfield, Law of Torts
- 3. Prof.P.S.Achuthan Pillai, Law of Torts
- 4. Gurjeet Singh, The Law of Consumer Protection in India (New Delhi, Deep and Deep Publications 1996)

- 5. Avtar Singh, The Law of Consumer Protection (2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.)
- 6. Halsbury's Laws of England (IV Ed. Reissue Vol.45 pp 555-725)
- 7. R.K. Bangia, A Handbook of Consumer Protection Laws and Procedure
- 8. P.K. Sarkar, The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
- 9. R.K. Bangia, Law of Torts

## **Second Semester**

## Paper – I

#### **POETRY**

No of Instructional Hours: 5 per week

#### **AIMS**

- 1. To sensitize students to the language, forms and types of poetry.
- 2. To make them aware of the diverse poetic devices and strategies.
- 3. To help them read, analyse and appreciate poetry.
- 4. To enhance the level of literary and aesthetic experience and to help them respond creatively.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

On completion of the course, the students should be able to

- 1. identify the various forms and types of poetry
- 2. explain the diverse poetic devices and strategies employed by poets.
- 3. read, analyse and appreciate poetry critically.
- 4. respond critically and creatively to the world around.

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### Module 1:

- Subjective and Objective Poetry
- Types of Poetry: Lyric, Ode, Sonnet, Elegy, Ballad, Epic, Mock Epic, Dramatic Monologue, Haiku.
- Poetic devices: alliteration, assonance, simile, metaphor, image, symbol, rhythm, rhyme.

#### **Module 2:**

Representative poetry from British literature.

#### Module 3:

Representative poetry from American, Irish, German, Russian, Australian and Indian literatures.

#### Module 4:

Comprehensive questions on an unseen poem from core reading text.

#### **COURSE MATERIAL**

#### Module 1:

Core reading: Chapter 1 from A Concise Companion to Literary Forms. Emerald, 2013. Reference

1. Abrams, M.H. A Glossary of Literary Terms (Rev. ed.)

#### **Reading List**

- 1. Wainwright, Jeffrey. The Basics: Poetry. Indian Reprint. Routledge, 2009.
- 2. Hudson, W.H.: An Introduction to the Study of English Literature (Chapter 3, The Study of Poetry)

#### **Modules 2:**

- 1. William Shakespeare Sonnet 18 (Shall I compare Thee to a Summer's Day)
- 2. John Donne A Valediction Forbidding Mourning
- 3. Thomas Gray Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard
- 4. Samuel Taylor Coleridge Kubla Khan
- 5. Robert Browning Porphyria's Lover
- 6. Siegfried Sassoon A Subaltern

Core reading: Aeolian Harp: An Anthology of Poetry in English. Scientific International Pvt. Ltd, 2013. Module 3:

- 1. Robert Frost The Road Not Taken
- 2. Bertolt Brecht General, Your Tank
- 3. Louis Macneice Prayer Before Birth
- 4. Peter Porter A Consumer's Report
- 5. Kamala Das An Introduction

Core reading: Aeolian Harp: An Anthology of Poetry in English. Scientific International Pvt. Ltd, 2013. Module 4:

Core reading: Aeolian Harp: An Anthology of Poetry in English. Scientific International Pvt. Ltd, 2013. Reference:

- 1. A Concise Companion to Literary Forms. Emerald, 2013.
- 2. Seturaman, V.S, Ed. Practical Criticism. Chennai: Macmillan, 2007.

# Paper – II WRITINGS ON CONTEMPORARY ISSUES

No of Instructional Hours: 5 per week

#### **AIMS**

- 1. To sensitize students to the major issues in the society and the world.
- 2. To encourage them to read literary pieces critically.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

On completion of the course, the students should be able to

- 1. have an overall understanding of some of the major issues in the contemporary world.
- 2. respond empathetically to the issues of the society.
- 3. read literary texts critically.

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### **Human Rights**

- Grim Realities, hopeful Hues -V.R Krishna Iyer
- Poverty is the Greatest Threat N.R Madhava Menon
- The Little Black Boy -William Blake

#### Globalization

• Going Local; the Economics of Happiness - Helene Norberg-Hodge

• Towards sustainable and Beneficial co-existence -Christabel P.J

Freedom -Balachandran Chullikkad

#### Gender

• Violence Against women - Gail Omvedt

• The Goddess of Revenge - Lalithambika Antharjanam

Nani - Kamala Das

#### **Intoxicants/Drug Abuse**

• The Bane of Alcoholism -Dr. Adithi. N

• The Substance Use Disorders in Children and Adolescents- Dr. Ajeesh.P.K

• The Alcoholic at the Dawn - Jeet Thayil

#### **COURSE MATERIAL**

Core Text: Perspectives on Contemporary Issues. Emerald. Chennai.

## Paper - III

## MODERN ECONOMIC THEORY AND LAW

- I (a) Introduction- Nature and scope of Economics Positive and Normative Economics Nature of Wants and its classification- Structure of the Economy House holds, Business Firms, Government, Markets Definitions of Economics
- (b) Inter-relation between Economics and Law Approach of Law and Economics in Social-welfare.
- II (a) Concept of Utility Cardinal and Ordinal approaches to utility Meaning of Indifference curve approach and Revealed Preference theories and consumer equilibrium Law of Demand and Elasticity of Demand Demand Forecasting concept of consumer's surplus.
- (b) Theory of supply and production Functional, relationship between, total average and marginal cost Total, average and marginal revenues. Breakeven analysis The concept of opportunity cost
- III Welfare Economics and market and Market structures.
- (a) Pricing under different Market conditions Perfect competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic competition and Oligopoly
  - (b) Pareto criterion, New welfare economics and Modern approach to welfare.
- IV (a) National income study Micro & Macro Economics Circular flow analysis.

National income concepts, Estimation of National Income – Methods, Difficulties and importance of National income estimates.

(b) Classical and Keynesian theories of Employment and output. – Keynesian theory of consumption function

## **Reading Lists:**

1. 2.	Kout Soyiannis.A (1990) Stonier.A.W.And D.C.Hague (1972)	:Modern Microeconomics,Macmillan : A Textbook of Economic
3. 4.	Rayan W.J.L (1962) Henderson.J And R.E.quandt(1989)	Theory, LBS, London : Price Theory, Macmillan : Micro Economic Theory –
		A Mathematical Approach Tata  Mc Grow Hill
5.	Dorfman.R.	: Prices and Markets
6.	Pindyck	: Micro Economics, Pearson
7.	Dwivedi	: Micro Economics; Theory and
		Application, Pearson
8.	Gravelle	: Micro Economics, Pearson
9.	Salvator	: Micro Economics Theory
10.	Ackley.G (1976)	: Macroeconomics-Theory and Policy, Macmillan Publ.Coy
11.	Stone AND Stone (1977)	: National Income and Expenditure-
		Bowes and Bowes
12.	Shapiro, Edward (1996)	: Macroeconomic Analysis-
		Galgotia Publication, New Delhi
13.	Thirwall	: Economic Development
14.	S.B.Gupta (1994)	: Monetary Economics,
150	1 1 2 2 1 2 4 12 2	Chand and Company, New Delhi.
15.Do	ornbusch.R, Fischer,S.And Startz-R	: Macro economics (2000) Publisher
1.6	H "1 D I A 1 E I D I (2001)	Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi
16.	Hejidra B.J. And F.V.Ploeg (2001)	: Foundation of Modern Macro Economics Oxford University Press
17.	Levacic	: Macro economics, ELBS, London
18.	Froyen	: MacroEconomics, Theories and
20.		Policies, Pearson
19.	Abel	: Macro Economics, Pearson
20.	Salvatro	: Macro Economic Theory

# Paper – IV <a href="LAW OF CRIMES - PAPER - I - PENAL CODE">LAW OF CRIMES - PAPER - I - PENAL CODE</a>

Outcome: This paper enables the students to have a general evaluation and analysis of offences and punishments.

1. Concept and Nature of Crime – definitions – General principles of Criminal Liability – Constituent Elements of Crime – Intention – Dishonestly –

- Fradulently Maliciously etc. Exceptions to *Mens rea* in Statutory Offences General Defences and Exceptions.
- 2. Inchoate Offences Attempt Distinction between preparation and attempt group liability common object aiding and abetting unlawful assembly rioting Principal and Accessories.

  Joint and Constructive Liability Accessories after Jurisdiction personal
  - Joint and Constructive Liability Accessories after Jurisdiction personal Territorial extra-territorial Extradition as an exception to Jurisdiction Punishment.
- 3. Offences affecting the State Armed Forces Public Peace Public Administration Offences by Public Servants and by Others Administration of Justice Elections Public Economy Public Nuisance Offences against Religion.
- 4. Offences against Human Body Causing Death Culpable Homicide Murder Culpable Homicide not amounting to murder Rash and negligent act causing death Dowry death Attempts Suicide Abetment Hurt Grievous hurt Criminal force and Assault Offences affecting liberty Kidnapping abduction Sexual Offences Rape Custodial Rape Unnatural offences.
- 5. Offences against property Theft Extortion Robbery Dacoity Criminal misappropriation Criminal breach of trust cheating forgery fraudulent deeds mischief trespass house breaking arson Offences against public safety and health disturbances of public order offences against environment. Offences by or relating to public servants Offences relating to marriage mock marriages adultery bigamy offences relating dowry Offences relating to reputation defamation libel and slander.

## **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

- 1. Outlines of Criminal Law, Kenny
- 2. Indian Penal Code, Ratanlal
- 3. Criminal Law Text and Materials 1990, Clarkaon and Keaty
- 4. Penal Law of India, Dr.Sir Hari Singh Gour
- 5. Some Aspects of Criminal Law, K.K.Dutta
- 6. A Text Book on the Indian Penal Code, K.D.Gaur
- 7. Law of Crimes, D.A.Desai
- 8. Criminal Law Cases and Materials, Ratanlal & Dhiraj Lal
- 9. Criminal Law, B.M.Gandhi
- 10. Criminal Law, P.S.Achuthan Pillai
- 11. Principles of Criminal Law, Andrew Ashwarth 1995

- 12. Text Book of Criminal Law, Glanwille Williams
- 13. Law of England, Halsbury, Vol II pp,16-536
- 14. Criminal Law: Cases and Materials K.D.Gaur.

## Paper - V

## **LAW OF CONTRACT**

Outcome: This paper familiarizes the students with principles of law relating to contract, formation of contracts and remedies in case of its breach.

- 1. General features of Contracts classification Historical Developments Formation of contracts with special reference to the different aspects of offer and acceptance Consideration Privity of contracts Charitable subscriptions Consideration and discharge of contracts Doctrine of accord and satisfaction.
- 2. Capacity of parties Minority Indian and English Law Mental incapacity Drunkenness Other incapacities like political status and corporate personality. Factors invalidating contracts like, mistake, coercion, undue influence, fraud, misrepresentation and unlawful object, immoral agreements and those opposed to public policy Consequences of illegality.
- 3. Void agreements and voidable contracts Legal proceedings and uncertain agreements Wagering agreements contingent contracts. Performance of contracts privity of contracts and its limitations Assignment of liabilities and benefits Time and place of performance Reciprocal promises Appropriation of payments Contracts which need not be performed.
- 4. Breach and impossibility Meaning of Breach Anticipatory breach strict performance Impossibility of performance and doctrine of frustration Effect of frustration discharge of contract by operation of law Damages Nature and meaning of Rule in Hadley's case penalty and liquidated damages.
- 5. Quasi contracts Nature and basis of Quasi contracts Quantum meruit. Specific Relief General Principles Parties in relation to specific performance Specific performance of part Rescission, rectification and cancellation Preventive relief by way of injunction.

## **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

- 1. Guest A.G. Anson's Law of Contract, (Clarendon Press, Oxford).
- 2. Pollock and Mulla, Indian Contract Act.

- 3. M.Krishnana Nair. The Law of Contracts. (Orient Longman, Ltd)
- 4. Subba Rao, Law of Contracts
- 5. Dr. Avtar Singh. Law of Contracts
- 6. V.D. Kulshreshta. Indian Contract Act.
- 7. Halsbury's Law of England (IV Edn. Reissue) Vol. 31 p. 611-690, Vol.32p.l-45
- 8. Leake M.S. Principles of the Law of Contract
- 9. Pollock and Mulla Indian Contract Act and Specific Relief Act

## **Third Semester**

## Paper – I

#### BASICS OF COMMUNICATION AND STUDY OF LANGUAGE

No of Instructional Hours: 5 per week

#### **AIMS**

- 1. To provide the students with an ability to build and enrich their communication skills
- 2. To make them familiar with different types of communication and to understand the barriers to effective communication
- 3. To engage students in meaning full communication through effective tasks
- 4. To familiarise students with the origin, development and evolution of language and to help students to have a good theoretical understanding of various aspects of human language and to enable students to understand language as a tool for discourse and as a cultural medium.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

On completion of the course, the students should be able to

- 1. identify the basic principles of communication and to analyse various types of communication
- 2. to look at language analytically from pedagogical, linguistic and literary perspectives
- 3. to identify the discourse and cultural significance of language.
- 4. to identify the prominent methods and models of communication

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### Module 1:

- Communication-Definition-Meaning-Elements-Basics of communication-the seven C's of communication-Completeness, Conciseness, Consideration, Concreteness, Clarity, Courtesy and Correctness
- Barriers to communication-sender-centric; receiver centric and organizational-socio-cultural- information overload- overcoming communication barriers.

#### **Module 2:**

 Characteristics of human language- various theories about the origin of language- Diachronic and synchronic study of language, the rise of standard English-Contribution of major writers to the English Language- Chaucer, Spencer, Shakespeare, Milton- the impact of the Bible translations on the English Language.

#### **Module 3:**

 Word formation and growth of vocabulary; Semantics-changes of meaning-widening, restriction, amelioration, divergence of meaning.

#### **Module 4:**

• The evolution of English as a global Language. Some present day trends in the English language-slang-jargon-register, varieties of dialects-various 'Englishes'.

#### **COURSE MATERIAL**

#### Module 1:

- 1. Frisk. J. Introduction to communicative Studies, 1990. London. Routledge.
- 2. Aggrval, Shalini. Essential communication Skills. 2009. New Delhi: Anne Books.
- 3. Marsen, Sky. Communication Studies. 2009. New York, Palgrave.
- 4. Knapp. M. Essentials of Non-Verbal Communication Theory. Rea. 1995. Orlando.

#### Module 2-4:

- 1. Lyons, John. Language and Linguistics: An Introduction. CUP, 1981.
- 2. Radhakumari, K. A Concise History of English Literature and Language. Primus Books. 2013.
- 3. F.T.Wood. An Outline History of English Language. Trinity.
- 4. Yule, George. The Study of Language. CUP, 2006. Hudson. R.A. Sociolinguistics.

## Paper - II

## DEVELOPMENT, ENVIRONMENT AND INDIAN ECONOMY

- I (a) Economic growth and Development Meaning of Economic growth and development, Factors affecting growth and development, Measurement of Economic Growth in terms of per capita income. Features of less developed economy.
- (b) Theories of development. (Only, fundamentals of growth models of Harrod-Domar, Solow, Joan Robinson,), Balanced and Unbalanced theories of growth, Vicious circle of under development.
- **II** (a) Indian Economy under the colonial rule, Manpower resources in India and Kerala. Population policy.
- (b) Environment and development– Environment as a public good, Concept of commons and property rights, Environment policy of India.
- III (a) Planning and Economic policies, objectives and strategies of planning of pre and post globalization periods, Objectives and achievements of five year plans (current five year plan) NITI Aayog (National Institution for Transforming India).
- (b) Agriculture and Industry Trends in Agricultural production, Factors determining agricultural production, Land Reforms in India, Trends of agricultural performance during post reform period.

- (c) Industrial policy during pre reform and post- reform periods structural changes in Industrial sector in the post reform period
- IV a) Development Issues Poverty and unemployment in India , Trends of inequality in income distribution.
- (b) Financial and External sector Reserve Bank of India and its present position, Role of Multinational corporations and Foreign investment, India and WTO. Current International Trade and Balance payments, positions and policies.

## **Reading List:**

1.V.M.Dandekar (1994) : Indian Economy 1947-79 Vol. I&II,

Safe publication, New Delhi

2. Uma Kapila(ed)1982 :The Cambridge Economic History of India,

Vol.II1757-1990,OrientLongman,

Hyderabad

3. Misra J.K.And V.K.Puri (2001) :Indian Economy- Its Development

Experience, Himalaya Publishing House,

Mumbai

4. Center for Development Studies, 1977: Poverty Unemployment and Development

policy; A case study of selected issue with reference to Kerala, Orient Longman

Bombay

5.Thirwall (1999) :Growth and Development

6.Adelman.I (1961) :Theories of Economic Growth and

Development Stauford

7.B.Higgins (1969) :Economic Development

8.Meir.G.M (1995) :Leading issue in Economic Development 9.Ghatak.S (1986) :An Introduction Development Economics.

Allen & Unwin

10.Chakravarthy.S (1987) : Development Planning, Oxford 11.Kolstad C.D. : Environmental Economics

Additional Reading List

12. TietenberG :Environmental and Natural resource

**Economics** 

13.Todaro.M : Economic Development

14.B.A.Prakash (2004) : Kerala's Economic Development:

performance and problems in the post liberalization period, safe publication

New Delhi

15.M.A.Oommen 1993 : Essays on Kerala's Economy,

Oxford and IBH

16.P.R.Brahmananda and

V.R. Panchamukhi (ed) 1987 : The Development Process of Indian

Economy, Himalaya Publishing House,

Bombay

17.Bimal jalal(ed) 1992 :The Indian Economy Problems and

prospects, Penguin

18.Kirit S. Rarikh and

R.Radhakrishna (ed) 2005 :Indian Development Report 2004-05,

Oxford University Press, New Delhi

19. Chakravarthy. S: Development Planning

20.Ahlawalia.I.J and

Imd Little(ed)1999 :Indian Economic Reforms and

development, Oxford University Press

New Delhi

21.Government of India : Economic Survey (Annual) New Delhi 22.B.A.Prakash (ed) 1994 : Kerala's Economy, Sage publications,

New Delhi

23.K.K. George(1999) : Limits to Kerala Model of development,

C.D.S

24.R.C. Zachariah. K.P.Kannan And

S. Irudaya Rajan (ed) 2002 :Kerala's Gulf connection, C.D.S

25.E.R.Mathew1997 : Employment & Unemployment in Kerala

Sage publication, New Delhi

26.K.C. Zachariah, E.T.Mathew,

S. Irudaya Rajan, :Impact of Migration on Kerala's Economy

and Society. CDS working paper

No. 297 July 1991

27.K.P.Kannan : Poverty Alleviation as Advancing Basic

Human capabilities Kerala's Achievements

compared, CDS working paper 294,

May 1999

28. State Planning Board, Economic Review (Annual), SPB, Thiruvanathapuram

## Paper – III

## **COMPARATIVE POLITICS**

- I (a) Nature and scope of comparative politics Distinction between Comparative politics, Comparative Government and Comparative Political System
- (b) Socio-political and economic features of developing and developed countries.
- II (a) Constitution and Constitutionalism Basic features of the Constitutions of UK,USA, Switzerland, and China
- (b) Federalism A comparative study of USA, India and Switzerland (Federation, Quasi-federation and Confederation) Comparison of Unitary systems UK, and China
  - (c) Executive Legislative relationships (UK, USA)
- III (a) Administrative Law, Rule of Law, Judicial Review (France, UK, USA)
  - (b) Party system and Coalition politics Experiences of UK, USA and India Factors affecting voting behaviour.

# **IV** Issues in Comparative Politics –Terrorism, Religious Fundamentalism, and Ethnicity – Global Warming.

## **Reading Lists:**

23. Martin O.Heister(Ed.

1. S.N.Ray :Modern Comparative Politics (Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1999) : Comparative Governments 2. Roger Charleton 3. Lawrence C. Mayer : Redefining Comparative politics (Sage, New Delhi, 1989) : Theories of Comparative Politics 4. R.H.Chilcotte (West View Press, Oxford, 1994) 5. H.Scarrow : Comparative Political Analysis: An Introduction (New York, Har) : Comparative Politics Today: A World View 6. Almond & Powell (Little Brown & Co., Boston, 1992) 7. Peter Markl : West European Party systems (Press New York 1980) : Introduction to Comparative Politics: 8. John D. Nagle Political System Performances in Three Worlds (Nelson – Hall Publishers, 1992) : Comparative Political Theory: New 9. J.C.Johari Dimensions Basic Concepts and Major Trends (Sterling, Delhi, 1987) : Comparative Government and Politics 10. Deol 11. Almond &Coleman : The Politics of the Developing areas Princector, New Jersey, 1960) 12. Sudaptakaviraj (Ed.) : Politics in India (OUP Calcutta, 1992) 13. G.K.Roberts :The Government of France Fifth Republic 14. Paul G.Le : The Practice of Comparative politics: A Reader (Longman New York, 1978) : Class and Class Conflict in Industrial 15. Ralph D.Dahrendrof Society (Stanford University, 1959) 16. Roy C. Macridal : Comparative Government 17. K.John Wilson Lewis : Leadership in communist China 18. Harris Warden : China and the Third World Champion or Challenger (Groom Helm. London, 1986) 19. Hed Hagne M.Haroop : Comparative Govt. and Politics, An & S.Brestlia Introduction (Macmillan, London, 1998) : Comparative Politics: A Reader 20. H.Eckstein & D. (Free Press, London, 1963) : American Politics (The Dryden Press, 21. Stephen V.Mansma Illinois, 1973) 22. Richard Watson : Promise and Performance of American Democracy

: Politics in Europe: Structures and Processes

In Some Post Industrial Democracies avid

McKay & New York, 1924

24. Peter Calvert : Comparative Position – An Introduction

(Longman, Peason Education, London, 2002)

25. Peter Burnell & : Politics in the Developing World, Oxford

Vicky Randall University Press, Delhi

26. Riley E Dunlap, Robert J Brulle : Society and Climate Change – Sociological PPerspectives. Oxford

**University Press** 

## Paper IV

## **JURISPRUDENCE**

**Outcome:-** This paper creates a fundamental understanding of law in a systematic manner and also give an insight into the basic concepts.

- Nature and value of jurisprudence, various Schools of jurisprudence and their methodology – Positivistic schools – Austin, Salmond, Kelsen, Hart. Hart–Fuller Conflict – Comparative Jurisprudence – Marxist theory – Historical Schools – Savigny and Henry Maine – Modern status of Natural Law – Sociological Jurisprudence – Legal realism. Feminist Jurisprudence – Critical Legal Studies.
- 2. International Law, Constitutional Law, Authority and Territorial Nature of Law, Law and Fact, Functions and purpose of Law.
- 3. Law and Justice Different Theories of Law and Justice Rawls Theory Distributive Justice Corrective Justice Natural Justice Civil and Criminal Justice Merits and defects of Administration of justice Essentials of Criminal and Civil Justice Theories of Punishment and their comparative evaluation.
- 4. Sources of Law Meaning of the term sources Legislation Codification of statutes Interpretation of enacted law Custom Reasons for the reception of custom and prescription Legal custom and conventional custom General custom and local custom. Precedent authority of precedent over-ruling prospective and retrospective *Ratio decidendi* and *obiter dicta* and *stare decisis*.
- 5. Elements of law The juristic concepts of Rights and Duties; possession and ownership Titles Liability and Obligations; persons, property and procedure.

## **Prescribed Readings:**

- 1. Friedman, Legal Theory. (5<sup>th</sup> Edn. Chapter 1,3,5,7 to 14,19,20, Columbia University Press)
- 2. Salmond, Jurisprudence (Sweet and Maxwell, 1966)
- 3. Paton, Jurisprudence.
- 4. Dias, Jurisprudence. (Aditya Books, 1985)
- 5. Lloyd, Introduction to jurisprudence, (Sweet and Maxwell, 1994)
- 6. Prof.P.S.Achuthan Pillai, Jurisprudence.
- 7. L.S.Carzon, Jurisprudence (1996)
- 8. J.W.Harris, Legal Philosophies. (Butterworths, 1993)
- 9. Dr. N.K. Jayakumar, Lectures on Jurisprudence, (Third Edition., Lexis Nexis, 2015)
- 10. V.D. Mahajan, Jurisprudence and Legal Theory
- 11. Dr.N.V.Paranjpe Jurisprudence and Legal Theory.

## Paper – V

## **SPECIAL CONTRACTS**

Outcome: This paper familiarizes the students with principles of law relating to specific contracts like Indemnity, Guarantee, Bailment, Agency, Partnership, Sale of Goods etc.

- 1. Contract of indemnity and guarantee Different aspects of surety's liability. Comparison of guarantee with indemnity Discharge of surety Rights of surety against creditor; principal debtor and co-sureties.
- 2. Bailment General features Divisions of bailments Requirement of consideration Rights and liabilities of bail and bailees. Finder of lost goods Pledge or pawn Pledge by limited owners.
- 3. Agency General Features Creation of agency and different method of such creation Different kinds of agent Delegation of authority Sub Agents and substituted agents. Rights and duties of agents and principal inter se notice to agent Fraud of agent Agent's liability to third persons Rights against agent personally Breach of warranty of authority Undisclosed principal Termination of agency Revocation and renunciation Termination by operation of law.

- 4. Sale of goods sale and agreement to sell Formalities of sale The price Conditions and warranties (implied and express) Fundamental breach Transfers of property Passing of risk Effecting the performance of sale of goods C.I.F. contracts F.O.B. contracts Right of buyer against seller Suits for breach of contract Rights of unpaid seller Auction sale and hire purchase.
- 5. Partnership Essentials partnership compared with ownership Company, Joint Hindu Family business and Society A creation of status Mode of determining partnership Firm and firm name Different types of partnership Formation of partnership Partnership property Partnership by holding out illegal partnership Relations of partners to one another and to third parties Incoming and outgoing partners Retirement Dissolution Settlement of accounts Sale of goodwill Registration of firm.

## **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

1. Sale of Goods Act : Pullock and Mulla

(Orient Longman)

2. The Law of Contracts : M. Krishnan Nair

3. Law of Contracts : Avtar Singh4. Law of Contracts : Subba Rao

5. Law of Contracts : Anson

6. Laws of England : Halsbury's (IVed.)Reissue Vol. 1

(2) pp 1 - 136. Vol.2. pp 829 -

905.

## **Fourth Semester**

## Paper – I

#### **DRAMA**

No of Instructional Hours: 5 per week

#### **AIMS**

- 1. To enhance the level of literary and aesthetic experience and to help them respond creatively
- 2. To acquaint them with theatrical skills
- 3. To make them aware of the diverse dramatic devices

#### **Course Outline**

#### Module I

• The Major Dramatic Genres: Tragedy, Comedy, and Tragi-Comedy.

- Types of comedy Romantic Comedy, Comedy of Humours, Comedy of Manners/ Restoration Comedy,
   Sentimental Comedy, farce, burlesque, black comedy.
- Types of Tragedy: Revenge Tragedy, Domestic Tragedy, Heroic Drama.
- Other forms: melodrama, masque, One-Act Plays, epic drama, absurdist drama, kitchen- sink drama
- Dramatic Devices irony, soliloquy, aside, chorus.

**Module 2:** Shakespeare

Module 3: Modern Indian drama in English

Module 4: One Act Plays

#### **COURSE MATERIAL**

Module 1:

**Core reading:** Chapter 2 from *A Concise Companion to Literary Forms*. Emerald, 2013.

Module 2:

Core reading: Shakespeare. The Merchant of Venice. Act IV, Scene 1.

Shakespeare. Julius Caesar. Act II, Scene 2.

**Module 3:** 

Core reading: Silence the Court is in Session by Vijay Tendulkar

#### **Module 4:**

Core reading: Four One Act Plays. Mainspring Publishers, Chennai.

The following one act plays are prescribed:

- 1. The Pie and the Tart: Hugh Chesterman
- 2. Under Fire: Laurence Housman
- 3. The Brink of Silence: Esther E. Galbraith
- 4. The Dear Departed: Stanley Houghton

## Paper – II

## MONEY, BANKING, PUBLIC FINANCE AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE

- I (a) Money its functions, Inflation and deflation, causes and control Quantity theory of money. I/S and L/M curve theory.
- (b) Development of commercial Banks in India, Process of credit creation Recent reforms in commercial banking Nationalisation of banks Recent trends of disinvestment in the Banking sector.
- (c) Theory of central banking- objectives and methods of credit control Money and capital markets in India.
- II (a) Meaning and scope of public finance, The principle of Maximum social advantage

- (b) Different sources of public revenue principles of taxation Public expenditure and causes of its increase and impact of public expenditure and financial policy.
- (c) Sources of public debt. Effect of public debt, Redemption of public debt, Role of Budget and budgetary process.
- III (a) International Trade Internal and international Trade, Theories of absolute advantage, comparative advantage, Heckscher Ohlin theory of international trade, Tariffs and quotas in international trade.
- (b) Balance of trade and Balance of payments Disequilibrium in balance of payments and How is it rectified.

IV Functions of IMF, IBRD and WTO in International Trade and economic relations.

## **Reading Lists:**

Salvatore, D.L(1997)

15.

ling Lists:			
1.	R.S.Sayers	: Modern Banking	
2.	S.K.Basu	:A Survey of contemporary Banking Trends	
3.	Decock	: Central Banking	
4.	Reserve Bank of India	: Report on currency and Banking	
5.	Narasimhan Report		
6.	Musgrave .R and Musgrave .R.B	:Public Finance Theory and practice	
7.	Mithani.D.M	:Modern Public Finance	
8.	Bhargava.R.N	:The timing and working of woman finance in India	
9.	Govt.of India	:Economic Survey	
10.	Browning	:Public Finance and the Price Systems Pearson.	
11.	Cnossen	:Public Finance and Public Policy in new	
		century, Pearson.	
12.	Kenan.P.B(1994)	:The International Economy,	
		Cambridge University Press, London	
13.	Kindlberger. C.F (1973)	:International Economics, R.D.Irwin, Homewood	
14.	Krugman.P.R. and		
	M.Obstageld (1194)	:International Economics: Theory and Policy, Glenview,	

Foresman.

: International Economics, prentice

Hall, Upper Saddle Rivewr, N.J

16.	Sodersten,B(1991)	:International Economics,
		Macmillan Press Ltd, London
17.	Aggarwal, M.R. (1979)	: Regional Economic Corporation in South
		Asia, S.Chand and Co, New Delhi.
18.	Bhagwati, J. (Ed)(1981)	:International Trade, Selected Readings,
		Cambridge University Press, Mass.
19.	Crockett,A(1982)	:International Money:
		Issue and Analysis, ELBS and Nelson, London.
20.	Greenway,D(1983)	:International Macmillan Publishers Ltd,
		London
21.	Heller,H.R (1968)	:International Monetary Economics,
		Prentice Hall India
22.	Joshi.V.and I.M.D.Little(1998)	:India's Economic Reforms, 1999-2001,
		Oxford University Press, Delhi.
23.	Nayyar.D (1976)	: India's Exports and Export Policies in the 1960's,
		Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
24.	Panchmukhi, V.R (1978)	: Trade Policies of India: A quantitative
		Analysis, Concept Publishing company,
		New Delhi.
25.	Patel,S.J (1995)	: Indian Economy Towards the
		21st Century, University Press Ltd, India.
26.	Singh,M (1964)	: India Export Trends and the Prospects for
		Self-sustained Growth, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

## Paper – III

## **INTERNATIONAL POLITICS**

- I a) Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics.
- Major Actors of International system Nation State System, Evolution, Features, Territoriality, Sovereignty, Nationalism, National Power, Elements of National Power.
- (b) International Law; Meaning, Nature, sources, The role of International Law in International Politics

c) Non-State Actors; Features, Types, Impact Approaches to the study of international politics – Idealism Vs. Realism. – Game Theory, Communication Theory – Systems Theory, Dependency Theory

II Instruments for the promotion of National Interest.

Foreign Policy and National interest

Nature of Foreign Policy, Determinants

India's Foreign Policy: Basic Principles, Non-Alignment

India and her Neighbours (Pakisthan, China, and Srilanka)

India and Major Powers (US, China, Russia)

India's Nuclear Policy

Diplomacy: Meaning, Evolution, Functions of Diplomats, Classification of Diplomats, Diplomatic Rules and Procedures, Appointment, Privileges, Termination, Types of Diplomacy, Decline of Diplomacy.

**III** Mechanisms for Controlling Inter – State Relations.

Balance of power: Meaning and Characterization, Evolution, Devices, Relevance Pacific Settlement of Disputes – Meaning, Chief Methods

Collective Security: Meaning, Basic Principles and Evolution, Collective Security under UNO

IV (a) International Organisation: United Nations Organisation - Major Organs, Relevance, Restructuring of the UNO.

Regional Organisations: NATO - ASEAN – SAARC – Europion Union (EU) Disarmament and Arms Control: Meaning, Disarmament and UNO, Major Agreements of Disarmament – Features of Disarmament.

(b) Post-Cold War International Politics Globalization and the Emerging world Order. World Trade Organisation.

#### **Reading Lists:**

1. Calvocoressi, Peter : World Politics since 1945 London, 1982.

2. Claude, Inis : Power and International Relations NewYork, 1962.

3. Clauds, Inis : Swords into Plowshares, New York, 1964.

4. Deutsch, Karl : The Analysis of International

Relations, Prentice Hall, 1967.

5. Dougherty James and : Contending Theories of International

Roberty Pfalt Zgraft Relations, Philadelphia, 1971.

6. Frankel, Joseph : Contemporary International Theory

and the Behaviour of States,

New York, QUP, 1973.

7. Frankel, Joseph : International Relations in a Changing

World, London, Mac Millan, 1976.

8. Goodrich, Leland : The United Nations, New York, 1955.

9. Holsti, K.J : International Politics: A Framework

for Analysis.

10. Kaplan, Morton : System and Process in International

Politics, Princeton, PUP, 1969.

11. Knorr, Klaus & Games : Contending Approaches to

International Rosenan

Politics, Princeton, PUP, 1969.

12. Morgenthau, Hans,J: Politics Among Nations, New Delhi,

Kalyani Publishers, 1985.

13. Padleford Norman and : The Dynamics of International Politics,

George Lincoln New York, Mac Millan, 1962.

14. Rosenau, James (Ed.) : International Politics and Foreign

Policy: A Reader in Research and Theory,

New York, Free Press, 1969.

15. Said, Abdul (Ed.) : Theory of International Relations:

The Crisis of Relevance,

Prentice Hall, 1968.

16. Schuman, Frederick : International Politics, New York,

McGraw Hill, 1969.

17. Schwarzenberger, : Power Politics: An introduction to the

George Study of International Relations and

Postwar Planning, London,

Jonauathan Cape, 1941.

18. Sprout, Harold and : Foundations of International Politics,

Margaret Sprout Princeton, Van Noztr and Company, 1962.

19. Sullivan, Michael.P : International Relations: Theories and

Evidence, Englewood Cliffs,

Prentice Hall, 1976.

20. Thomas, Kenneth : Political Realism and the Crisis of

World Politics, Princeton, PUP, 196	World P	olitics.	Princeton.	PUP.	1960
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21. Van Dyke, Vernon : International Politics, Vakils, Fetter and

Simons, 1968

22. Waltz, Kenneth : Theory of International Politics,

Reading, Addison Wesley, 1979.

23. Wright, Quincy : The Study of International Relations,

New York Appleton Century, 1955.

24. Zisgler, David : War, Peace and International Politics,

Boston Little Brown, 1977.

25. Hoffman, Stanley : The State of War, New York,

Frederic Pasgar, 1965.

26. Appadorai.A : Domestic Roots of India's Foreign

Policy, Delhi OUP. 1971

27. Appadorai.A : Select Documents on India's Foreign

Policy and Relations: 1947-72.

28. Appadorai and

M.S Rajan : India's Foreign Policy and Relations

New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1985.

29. Bhambri.C.P : The Foreign Policy of India, New

Delhi, Sterling Publishers, 1987.

30. Bagchi, Amyakumar : Political Economy of Under

Development: London Cambridge

University Press, 1982.

31. Bandyopandhyaya.J : The Making of India's Foreign Policy

Bombay, Allied Publishers, 1989.

32. Benner, Jeffrey : Structure of Decision: New Delhi,

South Asian publishers, 1984.

33. Berkes, R.N and : The Diplomacy in India: Indian Foreign

M.S.Bedi Policy in the United Nations, Stanford,

Stanford University Press, 1958.

34. Brecher, Michael : India and World Politics:

Krishna Menon's View of the World,

London OUP, 1968.

35. Brines, Russel : Indo-Pakistan Conflict, London, Pall

Mall Press, 1968.

36. Chopra.S(Ed.) : Studies in India's Foreign Policy

Awaitsan, GND University, 1980.

37. Cohan, Stephen Philip : The Security of South Asia, New Delhi,

Vistar, 1986.

38. Dutt, Srikant : India and the Third World – Altruism

or Hegemony, London, Zed Books, 1989.

39. G.Gopa Kumar (Ed.) : International Terrorism and Global

Order in the 21st Century, Kanishka,

New Delhi, 2003.

40. G.Gopa Kumar (Ed.) : Iraq War and the World Order,

Icon Publishers, New Delhi, 2005.

41. George Timothy : Security in South Asia: India and the

Great Powers, Aldershot, Gower, 1984.

42. Gupta, Sisir : Kashmir: A study in India – Pakistan

Relations, Bombay, Asia Publishing, 1966.

43. Jackson, Robert : South Asian Crisis: India – Pakistan –

Bangladesh, London Chatte and

Windus, 1975.

44. Jain.J : Nuclear India, New Delhi, Radiant, 1974.

45. Jai Singh, Hari : India and the Non –Aligned World:

Search for a New Order.

46. Jettey, Nancy : India – China Relations, Delhi,

Radiant 1979.

47. Jha,S.K : Indo – Nepalese Relations: 1951 –1972,

Bombay, Vora. 1972.

48. Harrison, Selig : India and the United States, New York,

Macmillan, 1961.

49. Heimsath, Charles : A Diplomatic History of Modern

Indiaand Surjit

50. Mansingh, Surjit : India's Search for Power:

Indira Gandhi's Foreign Policy 1966 – 82,

New Delhi, Sage, 1982.

51. Misra.K.P : Janata's Foreign Policy, New Delhi,

Vikas, 1979.

52. Misra.K.P : Studies in India's Foreign Policy,

New Delhi, Vikas, 1969.

## Paper – IV CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – I

**Outcome :-** This paper acquaints the students with the fundamental law of the land, preamble, basic structure, citizenship, freedoms, rights, directives, duties and constitutional remedies.

- Introduction: Historical Background The nature of the Constitution Salient features of the Constitution. Preamble: Significance and importance Declaration of the objectives of the State Preamble and interpretation of the Constitution. Union and its territory (Art. 1-4): formation of new States ceding of Indian Territory to foreign country. Citizenship (Art: 5-11) Meaning of citizenship Various Methods of acquiring citizenship Termination of citizenship Relevant provisions of the Citizenship Act, 1955. The Citizenship Amendment Act, 2019.
- 2. Fundamental Rights (Art 12-35): General Definition and nature of Fundamental Rights Balance between individual liberty and collective interest Definition of State (Art :12) Violation of Fundamental right (Art. 13) Doctrine of ultravires Pre-constitution Laws Doctrine of severability Doctrine of eclipse Post Constitutional Laws \_ Doctrine of waiver "Law" and "Law in Force" Equality (Art.14-18) Introduction Equality before Law and equal protection of Laws classification Test of reasonable classification Rule against arbitrariness No discrimination on grounds of Religion, Race, Caste Special provisions for Women and Children Special provisions for advancement of Backward classes Equality in Public Employment Reservation for Backward Classes Abolition of untouchability Abolition of Titles.
- 3. Right to Freedom (Art. 19) Meaning and Scope –Test of Reasonableness freedom of speech and expression, Assembly, Association, Movement, Residence, Freedom of Profession, Occupation, trade or business Right to know and Right to Information Act,2005 Protection in respect of conviction for offences (Art. 20) –

Nature and Scope – Doctrine of *expost facto* Law – prohibition against double jeopardy – protection against self incrimination - Right to life and personal liberty (Art. 21) – "Personal liberty" – Meaning and Scope – Interrelation of Art. 14, 19 and 21 – New judicial trends in interpretation of Art. 21 "Due Process of Law" and "Procedure established by Law "– Concept of Liberty and Natural Justice – Emergency and Art. 21- Right to Education Art. 21 A - Protection against Arbitrary Arrest and Detention (Art. 22) – Rights of detenue – Rights to be informed of grounds of arrest, right to be defended by a lawyer of his own choice, right to be produced before a magistrate – Preventive detention Laws - Right against exploitation (Art. 23-24) – "Traffic in Human beings" and "Forced Labour" – Prohibition of employment of children in factories etc.

- 4. Freedom of Religion (Art. 25, 26, 27, 28) Concept of "Secular State" Secular but not anti religious –Restriction of Freedom of Religions. (a) Cultural and Educational rights (Art. 29-30) Protection of Minorities Right to establish and manage their Educational Institutions. (b) Saving of certain laws (Art. 31A-31B) Savings of laws providing for acquisition of estates etc. Validation of certain Acts and Regulations Constitutional Remedies (Art. 32-35&226) Public Interest Litigation Scope of Writ Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and High Courts Distinction between Art.32 and 226.
- 5. Directive Principles of State Policy (Art. 36-51) Underlying Principles behind Directive Principles Social and Economic Charter Social Security Charter Community Welfare Charter Relation between Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties (Art. 51 A) Need for fundamental duties Enforcement of Fundamental Duties.

#### Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

1. Shorter Constitution : D.D. Basu

(Wadhwa and Co.)

2. Constitutional Law of India : H.M.Seervai

(N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd.1993)

3. Constitutional Law of India : Jain, M.P.

(Wadhwa and Co.)

4. Constitutional Law of India : J.H. Pandey

5. Law of Indian Constitution : Prof. P.S.Achuthan Pillai

6. Constitution of India : V.N. Shukla

7. Working a Democratic Constitution : Austin,G.

(Oxford University Press, 1999)

8. Directive Principles of State Policy: K.C. Markandan

in the Indian Constitution (A.B.S. Publications, Jalandhar 1987).

9. Constitutional Questions in India. : Noorani, (Oxford University Press 2000)

#### Paper - V

#### FAMILY LAW - I

**Outcome :-** This paper endows the students with the knowledge of Hindu, Muslim and Christian Law in respect of marriage, divorce, adoption, guardianship and maintenance.

- 1. Nature and Sources The study will include the nature and sources (traditional and modern) of personal laws.
- 2. Laws of marriage This course will comprise, Hindu, Muslim and Christian Law of marriage and divorce. Emphasis should be laid on the nature of marriage and its development, Hindu Law of marriage and divorce and the changes brought about by modern legislation Special Marriage Act Indian Divorce Act Muslim Women (protection of Rights on Marriage) Act, 2019 Matrimonial remedies Hindu, Muslim and Christian Laws
- 3. Law of adoptions Hindu law of adoption will include special reference to the juristic concept and development of case laws & changes brought about by the Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956. The study will also include the Muslim law of Legitimacy. Parentage and Doctrine of Acknowledgement.
- 4. Law of Guardianship Hindu Law of Minority and Guardianship with the changes brought about by the modern legislation. Provisions in the Muslim Law of Minority and Guardianship.
- 5. Maintenance Hindu Law relating to maintenance Muslim law relating to maintenance with reference to the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce Act, 1986) Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and Senior Citizens Act, 2007 Matrimonial Remedies through Family Courts.

## Statutory materials: (With amendments)

- 1. The Hindu Widows Remarriage Act, 1856.
- 2. The Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006.
- 3. The Special Marriage Act, 1954.
- 4. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955.
- 5. The Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956.
- 6. The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956.

- 7. Guardian and Wards Act, 1890.
- 8. The Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939.
- 9. The Christian Marriage Act, 1872.
- 10. The Indian Divorce Act, 1869.
- 11. Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961.
- 12. Family Courts Act, 1984.

#### **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

1. Hindu law : Mulla

(N.M.Tripathi Pvt. Ltd.)

2. Mohammedian Law : Mulla

3. Introduction to Modern Hindu Law : Duncan M. Derrett

4. Hindu Law – I : Paras Diwan

5. Family Law : Prof.M.Krishnan Nair

6. Muslim Law : A.A.A. Fyzee
7. Outlines of Muhammedan Law : Asaf.A.A. Fyzee

8. Marrriage and Divorce

(5<sup>th</sup> Edition Eastern Law House 1987) : A.N. Saha

9. Laws of England IV Edition Re –issue

Vol.13 pp 239 – 665

Vol. 22 pp 565 – 717. : Halsbury's

10. Hindu Law
11. Hindu Law
12. Subramania Iyer, V.N.

12. Muslim Law in India : Tahir Mohammed.

13. Christian Law : Sebastian Champapilly.

14. Hand Book of Christian Law : Devadasan, E.D.

## Fifth Semester

## Paper – I

#### LIFE WRITING AND TRAVEL WRITING

No of Instructional Hours: 5 per week

#### **AIMS**

- 1. To sensitize the students to the experiences of holocaust victims where human rights are violated
- 2. To acquaint the students with the experiences of legal luminaries
- 3. To introduce the students to the third gender
- 4. To acquaint the students with the wonderful world of travel literature

#### **OBJECTIVES**

On completion of the course, the students should be able to

- 1. distinguish the genres autobiography, biography, diary writing.
- 2. to understand the rhetoric of travel writing

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

Module 1: Autobiography Module 2: Biography Module 3: Diary

Module 4: Travel Writing

#### **COURSE MATERIAL**

#### Module 1:

Justice V.R.Krishna Iyer. Wandering in Many Worlds: An Autobiography. Pearson. 2009.

**Module 2:** 

2. Revathi. The Truth about Me: A Hijra Life Story. Penguin Books.

#### Module 3:

Anne Frank. The Diary of a Young Girl. (excerpts from Reflections. Pearson).

**Module 4:** 

Jack Kerouac. On the Road: The Original Scroll. Penguin.

## Paper – II

## <u>LAW OF CRIMES – PAPER – II – CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE</u>

**Outcome**:- This paper gives the students thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of criminal courts and other machineries, police investigations, special provisions relating to juveniles and probation of offenders.

- 1. Important definitions under the code of criminal procedure 1973 (Act 2 of 1974)
- Constitution of Criminal Courts and Offices Court of sessions Assistant Sessions Judges Judicial Magistrates. Special Judicial Magistrates Jurisdiction Executive Magistrate Public Prosecutors Assistant Public Prosecutors Power of courts Jurisdiction in the case of Juvenile, Nature of sentences which could be passed by various courts. Powers of Police Officers Aid and information by Public.
- 2. Arrests of Persons without warrant by Police Officer By Magistrate By private persons Search Seizure of offensive weapons, Medical Examination of arrested persons procedure to be followed on arrest Process to compel appearance summons service of summons Warrant of arrest Search warrant Proclamation and attachment Bond for appearance Impounding documents Process to compel the production of thing Security for keeping the peace and for good behaviour (Ss 106 and 107) suspected persons Habitual offenders Imprisonment in default of Security. Order for maintenance of wives, children and parents (s.125) Procedure Alteration in allowance Enforcement of order of

maintenance - Maintenance of public order and tranquility – urgent cases of nuisance or apprehended danger (s.144) - Disputes regarding immovable property – procedure- local inquiry – preventive action of the police – Cognizable offences.

3. Information of the police and their powers to investigate information – procedure on investigation – statements Regarding of confessions and statements Power of Police Officer on investigation – Inquiry by Magistrate into cause of death – Jurisdiction of the criminal courts in inquiries and trials – conditions requisite for initiation of proceedings – Cognizans of offences by court of session – Prosecution in special cases – Complaints – Procedure on receipts of complaints – The charge – form and contents of charge - effect of errors – Joinder of charges – Trial before a court of session – Framing of charges – Discharge and Acquittal – Judgement of acquittal or conviction – Trial of warrant cases by Magistrates – Upon Police Report or otherwise - trial of summons cases - withdrawal - Summary trials - Attendance of persons contained or detained in prisons.

4.General provisions as to inquiries and trials (Sec 300 to 327) – Legal aid to accused at State expenses in certain case – Tendering pardon to accomplices – Power to examine the accused (S.313) Competency of accused to be a witness (315) Compounding of offence – withdrawal from prosecution – Provisions as to offences affecting the administration of justice – judgement –Orders to pay compensation – Plea-bargaining – confirmation of death sentences – Appeal Reference and Revision – Transfer of Criminal cases – Execution, Suspension, Remission and Commutation of sentences – Death sentence – Imprisonment – Provisions as to bail and bonds – Disposal of property – Limitation for taking cognizance of certain offences.

5. Relevant Provisions of Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015 and Probation of Offenders Act, 1958.

## **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

- 1. The code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.
- 2. Ratanlal and Dhirajlal, Code of Criminal Procedure (Wadhwa and Co. 1987)
- 3. A.K. Pavithran, Lecturers on the Code of Criminal Procedure.
- 4. R.K. Kelker. Outlines of Criminal Procedure. (Eastern Book Company).
- 5. Kerala Criminal Rules of Practic, 1982.
- 6. Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015
- 7. Probation of Offenders Act, 1958.

## Paper – III CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE AND LIMITATION ACT

Outcome: This paper provides the students rules of procedure and process of civil courts in civil disputes and Law of limitation.

- 1. Meaning of procedure Distinction between procedural and substantive laws Definitions-Judgements, decree, order foreign judgement, government pleader, Judge, Judgement debtor, legal representative, mesne profits, movable property, pleader, public officer Jurisdiction of courts to try civil suits stay of suit, *res-judicata* Place of suing. Institution of suits, pleading, plaint, written statement and set off. Parties to suits, joinder of parties, misjoinder of parties, frameing of suits —Summons and discovery, issue and service of summons.
- 2. Appearance of parties, consequence of non appearance, *exparte decree*, setting aside of ex parte decree; examination of parties by the court, discovery and inspection, admission, production, impounding and return of documents settlement of issues and determination of a suit on issues of law or on issue agreed upon; disposal of suit at first hearing Summoning and attendance of witness, adjournment. Hearing of the suit and Examination of witness, affidavit.
- 3. Judgement and decree: Execution of decree, interest, cost compensatory cost. Property liable to attachment and sale in execution of decree Appeal: First appeal, cross appeal and cross objection, Second appeal, Appeal to the Supreme Court. Reference, Revision and Review Supplementary Proceedings: Arrest before judgement, attachment before judgement, injunction, Appointment of receiver, security for costs, withdrawal of suits, payment into court, compromise of suits.
- 4. Special proceedings: Suits in particular cases: Notice before suit, Inter-pleader suit, suits by paupers, suit by or against firms, suits by or against a minor, suit in respect of public charities Incidental proceedings Exemption of certain woman from personal appearance application for restitution, proceedings by or against representative, saving of inherent power- amendment of Judgement and decree.
- 5. Law of Limitation: Nature of the law of limitation Limitation of suits, Appeal and applications Computation of the period of limitation Acquisition of ownership by possession. Extension of time prescribed for certain cases Expiry of the prescribed period when court is closed.

Legal disability and limitation. Continuous running of time- Exclusion of time in cases where leave to issue appeal. Exclusion of time-proceeding in court without jurisdiction. Effect of death on or after the accrual of the right to sue- Effect of acknowledgement in writing – Effect of substituting or adding new plaintiffs or defendants – Continuing breaches and torts – Acquisition of easement by prescription.

Statutory materials: (With amendments)

Code of Civil Procedure, 1908

The Limitations Act, 1963.

Civil Rules of Practice (Kerala) 1971.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

Code of Civil Procedure (Students Edition) – Mulla

Civil procedure –C.K.Takwani

Commenteries on Code of Civil Procedure 1908 – Justice

C.K.Thakker

## Paper – IV <u>FAMILY LAW – II</u>

Outcome: This paper provides the students the knowledge of both the codified and uncodified laws relating to succession of Hindus, Muslims and Christians.

- I Hindu Law Joint Family Origin and Constitution of Joint Hindu Family Mitaksharara co-parcenary, Co-parcenary Joint Family, Co-parcenary within a co-parcenary Incidents of co-parcenary property Right of co-parceners Managing member Powers & duties of a manager in a Joint family business. Dayabhaga Joint Family Hindu Succession Act, 1956 Partition What is partition Subject matter of partition Persons entitled to a share What constitute partition The mode of partition Re-opening and reunion-
- 2. Inheritence General Principles –Exclusion from inheritance Hindu Succession Act, 1956 Sreedhana and Women's estate Changes effected by the Hindu Succession Act Right of widow and other female heirs, Religious and charitable endowments Endowments, Public and Private Marumakkathayam Law Tharavadu and its management Karanavan position and powers Statutory changes Debts and alienations Partition Nature of property allotted to a Marumakkathayi female member in particular of her tharavad property on the subsequent birth of a child to her. Acquisitions Nature and effect of sthanoms Statutory changes General rules of succession of Hindu males and females Order

of succession - Rules of succession of persons governed by Marumakkathayam Law -Right of child in womb, rules of evidence in case of simultaneous death, preferential right to acquire the share of another heir - Dwelling house.

- 3. **Muslim Law** General Principles Life estate and vested remainder Hanafi Law of inheritance The three classes of heirs Principles of succession among sharers and residuaries Doctrine of Increase and Return- Comparison with Shia law of inheritance Scope of the doctrine of representation Wills Persons capable of making Wills Bequest to heirs Bequest to non –heirs Limits to testamentary power Revocation of Bequest –Death bed gifts and acknowledgement.
- 4. Gifts –Persons capable of making gifts The three essentials of a gift Delivery of possession of immovable property contingent gifts Revocation of gift Hiba Bill –Iwaz- Hiba-Behart-UI-Iwaz Wakf.- definition-Subject of Wakf object of Wakf Wakf how completed-Reservation of life interest for the benefit of Wakf-Public and private wakf. The Wakf Act, 1954 –Muttawallis or managers of wakf properties-Powers-Statutory control Removal of Muttwallis Law of Pre-emption 5. **Christian Law** Law of succession of Christians, Rules of Succession under Indian Succession Act Interpretation of Wills, words of limitation Probate and letters of administration, duties of executor or administrator, succession certificate.

#### Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

Indian Succession Act, 1925 :

Hindu Law (N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd.) : Mulla

Hindu Law : Paras Diwan

Introduction to Modern Hindu Law : Duncan M Derret

Mohammedan Law : Mulla

Outlines of Mohammedan Law : A.A.A. Fyzee

(Oxford University Press)

Marumakkathayam Law : K. Sreedhara Warrrier Family Law : Prof. M.Krishnan Nair

Christian Law : Dr. Sebastian

Hindu Law : N.R.Raghavachari Hindu Law : V.N.Subramonia Iyer The Muslim Law of India : Tahir Mohammed

## Paper – V CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – II

**Outcome :-** This paper acquaints students with the Centre – State – Local Governance process envisaged under the Constitution – Introduce Legislative, Executive and Judicial mechanisms under the Constitution – Generate awareness on the election system, emergency, Amendments etc.

- 1. Union Executive, President, Vice-president and Council of Ministers (Art.52 123): Constitutional position and powers of the President Privileges of the President \_ Constitutional position and powers of Vice President Council of Ministers Principle of Collective Responsibility Power of the Prime Minister Dismissal of the Cabinet Attorney General of India Parliament (Art. 79 122) Composition of Parliament Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha Qualification for Membership of Parliament Speaker and Deputy Speaker Session of Parliament Functions of Parliament Union Judiciary (Art. 124 168) Composition of Supreme Court Jurisdiction of Supreme Court Independence of Judiciary how maintained under the Constitution –
- 2.State Executive (Art. 153 -167) The Governor Constitutional powers and functions Council of Ministers Chief Ministers, Appointment powers State Legislature (Art.169 -212) Legislative Councils Compositions and functions of the Houses Qualification for membership Speaker and Deputy Speaker Session of the Houses.
- 3. State Judiciary (Art. 214 -237) Appointment of Judges Jurisdiction of the High Courts Writ jurisdiction under Art.226 Subordinate Courts.
- Legislative Privileges (Art. 105 and 194) Powers, privileges and immunities of Parliament and its members Powers and Privileges of State Legislature and its members Privileges and courts.
- 4.Relation between Union and State (Art. 245 293): Legislative relations (Art. 245 255) Extent of Laws passed by the Parliament and State Legislatures Residuary Power of Legislation Doctrine of Colourable Legislation Pith and substance Doctrine of occupied field Administrative Relations (256 263) Duties of Union and States –
- Control of Union over States Co-ordination between States Financial Relations (Art.268 -291) Distribution of revenue Collection of taxes Restriction on Taxing powers Trade, Commerce and Inter course within the territory of India (Art. 301-307) Parliament's power to regulate imposition of taxes. Services under the Union and States (Art. 303 -323) Doctrine of pleasure Rights given to Civil

servants – Recruitment conditions, tenure – Dismissal – Reduction in rank. Compulsory retirement.

5.Election Commission (324). Powers and Functions – Emergency Provisions (352-360) – National Emergency- State Emergency – Financial Emergency – Emergency and Fundamental Rights – Emergency and judicial Review - Amendment (Art. 368) – Various methods of amendment – concept of basic structure – Amendment and Fundamental Rights – Amendment and Judicial Review.

#### **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

1. Constitutional Law of India : H.M. Seervai

(N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd.)

2. Shorter Constitution of India : D.D. Basu

(Wadhwa and Co.)

3. Constitutional Law of India : Dr. Jain

(Wadhwa and Co.)

4. Constitutional Law of India : J.N. Pandey

5. Constitutional Law of India : Prof. P.S. Achuthan Pillai

6. Constitution of India : V.N. Shukla

(Eastern Book Co.)

## **Sixth Semester**

#### Paper – I PROSE AND FICTION

No of Instructional Hours: 5 per week

#### **AIMS**

- 1. To make students aware of the diverse fictional forms in prose.
- 2. To enable them to analyse and appreciate various fictional writings.
- 3. To give them an insight into other cultures.
- 4. To help them think and write imaginatively.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

On completion of the course, the students should be able to

- 1. identify different fictional forms
- 2. analyse and appreciate fictional writings.
- 3. write imaginatively.

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### Module 1:

• Prose fiction – fable, short story, novel.

- Elements of fiction plot, theme, characterization (flat and round characters), setting, point of view.
- Types of Novel romance, picaresque novel, sentimental novel, epistolary novel, historical novel, gothic novel, science fiction, detective fiction, Utopian, dystopian fiction, Bildungsroman Creative- non fiction
- Narrative strategies stream of consciousness, Meta fiction.

#### Module 2:

• Modern British Prose

#### Module 3:

Short Story

#### **Module 4:**

Modern British fiction

#### **COURSE MATERIAL**

#### Module 1

**Core reading:** Chapter 3 from *A Concise Companion to Literary Forms*. Emerald, 2013.

#### Module 2: Core reading:

Reflections (A collection of Essays published by Pearson education). The following essays only

- Bacon Of Studies
- Addison Sir Roger at the Assizes
- Lamb Dream Children
- Ruskin On the Pleasures of Reading
- Lynd Indifference

#### From other sources

- A.G. Gardiner On the Rule of the Road
- Max Beerbohm Speed

#### Module 3

**Core reading:** A Bouquet of Stories. Kerala University Publications.

Module 4

George Orwell: Animal Farm (Penguin Edition)

## Paper – II

## INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES AND PRINCIPLES OF LEGISLATION

**Outcome:** This paper makes students aware of various rules for interpretation formulated by jurists and courts and also equip the students with various rules of interpretation of statues, principles of legislations and legislative drafting.

1. Interpretation of Statutes – Meaning, Objects and Scope of 'interpretation' and 'construction' of statute - Nature and Kinds of statutes - Judge as an interpreter – Commencement, operation and repeal of statutes – Basic Sources of Statutory

Interpretation – The General Clauses Act, 1897: Nature, Scope and Relevance (Ss.6-8) – Aids to Interpretation - Internal aids – External aids.

- 2. Rules of Statutory Interpretation (a) Primary Rules Literal rule-Golden rule Mischief rule Rule of harmonious construction (b) Secondary Rules *Noscitur a sociis Ejusdem generis Reddendo singular singulis* Presumptions in statutory interpretation Maxims of Statutory Interpretation *Delegatus non potest delegare Expressio unius est exclusio alterius Generalia specialibus non derogant In pari delicto potior est conditio possidentis Utres magis valeat quam pereat In bonam partem*.
- 3. Interpretation with reference to the subject matter and purpose Restrictive and beneficial construction Taxing statutes Penal statutes Welfare legislation Interpretation of substantive and adjunctive statutes Interpretation of directory and mandatory provisions Interpretation of enabling statutes Interpretation of codifying and consolidating statutes Interpretation of statutes conferring powers
- 4. Principles of Constitutional Interpretation Harmonious construction Doctrine of Eclipse Doctrine of pith and substance Colourable legislation Doctrine of Severability Ancillary powers Residuary power Occupied field Doctrine of repugnancy Doctrine of Immunity of instrumentalities
- 5. Principles of Legislation Principle of utility Principles of Ascetic and Arbitrary Theory Principles of sympathy and Antipathy Operation of these principles upon legislation Distinction between morals and legislation Legislative Drafting Principles of drafting a bill Montesquieu rules in drafting

## Prescribed Legislation:

The General Clauses Act, 1897

## Prescribed Readings:

Theory of Legislation - Bentham
Legislative Drafting - Bakshi
Interpretation of Statutes - Maxwell
Interpretation of Statutes - Swaroop
Interpretation of Statutes - Bindra

Interpretation of Statutes - Varghese and Madhavan Potti

Interpretation of Statutes - Sarathi

Principles of Legislation, Legislative Drafting and Statutory Constructions

- Prof.M.Krishnan Nair and A.GopinathaPillai

Statutory Interpretation - Singh, G.P.Wadhwa and Co. (1992)

Principles of Legislation - Dr. Nirmal Kanthi Chakravarthi and Legislative

Drafting

P. St. J. Langan, Maxwell on the Interpretation of Statutes (12<sup>th</sup> ed., 1969)

Vepa P. Sarathi, *Interpretation of Statutes* (4<sup>th</sup> ed., 2003)

Theory of Legislation – Bentham

S.G.G. Edgar, Craies on Statute Law (1999)

Swarup Jagdish, Legislation and Interpretation

P. St. Langan (Ed.). *Maxwell on The Interpretation of Statutes* (1976) N.M.Tripathi, Bombay

#### Paper - III

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Outcome: This paper enables the students to realize the inevitable necessity of Administrative Law and to know about the growing socio-economic functions, powers, duties and liabilities of the administrative authorities and also the external constraints upon them. It makes student aware of the need of administrative rule making, its enforcement, administrative adjudication and judicial review.

- 1. Introduction to Administrative Law: Definition and scope of administrative law Causes for the growth of Administrative Law with special reference to India. Difference between Constitutional Law and Administrative Law. Droit Administratiff (French Administrative Law) Concept of Rule of Law Evaluation of Dicey's Theory. Doctrine of separation of powers Anatomy of Administrative Actions: Quasi legislative Action Quasi judicial Action Administrative Action Ministerial Actions Administrative Instructions: Administrative Discretion Judicial behavior and administrative discretion in India.
- 2. Rule-Making Power of the Administration (Quasi-legislative action) Reasons for the growth of Administrative rule making action Delegated Legislation. Classification of Administrative Rule making power or Delegated Legislation. Constitutionality of Administrative Rule making action or Delegated Legislation. Control Mechanism of Administrative Rule making action or Delegated Legislation in India Legislative Control Procedural Control Judicial Control Adjudicator Power of the

- Administrative Agency, exercising adjudicatory powers. Problems of Administrative Adjudication. Needs of Administrative decision making Statutory Tribunals. Domestic Tribunals. Practices and Procedure of Administrative Adjudication Rule against Bias. Audi Alteram partem or the Rule of Fair Hearing. Reasoned Decisions. Post-decisional Hearing Exception to the rules of natural justice.
- 3. (A) Judicial Review of Administrative Action Principles Remedies against Administrative Action Public Law Review (Constitutional Remedies) Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court under Art. 32 and 136. Jurisdiction of the High Courts under Art. 226 and 227. Against whom writ can be issued. Locus standi to challenge Administrative Action. Laches or unreasonable delay. Alternative remedy, *Res judicata* Finality of Administrative Action (B) Judicial Review of Administrative Action Modes Remedies against Administrative Action Public Law Review (Constitutional Remedies) Writ of *Certiorari* Writ of Prohibition Writ of *Mandamus* Writ of *Quo-warranto* Writ of *Habeas-corpus*

Private Law Review (Statutory Remedies) – Injunction – Declaration – Suit for damages – Administrative action for the enforcement of Public Duties – Public Interest Litigation or Social Action Litigation: - Nature and Purpose – Locus Standi – Procedure; Complexities and Problems. – Class Actions.

- 4. Liability of the Administration: Liability of the Administration in Contract Constitutional Provisions and the Development of the concept of liability. Liability of the administration in Tort. Privileges and immunities of the Administration in suits. Privilege of Notice Privilege to withhold documents. Immunity from Statute operations. Immunity from Estoppel. Promissory Estoppel Change of Policy decision of the Government Statutory and Non-Statutory Public undertakings: Relative Merits and Demerits of various organizational forms of Public enterprises. Statutory Public Corporations-Control devices. Government Companies.
- 5. Citizen and the Administrative Faults: Ombudsman-Development in U.K., U.S.A. and in India. Central Vigilance Commission.- Lokpal and Lokayuktha in India Constitutional Protection of Civil Servants and the Administrative Service Tribunals: Service Rules- Doctrine of Pleasure. Constitutional Safeguards to Civil Servants Procedural Safeguards. -

Administrative Service Tribunals. – Relevant provisions of Administrative Tribunals Act, 1985.

#### **Prescribed Readings:**

1. H.W.R. Wade, Administrative Law. : (Claredon Press-Oxford)

Jain & Jain, Principles of Administrative Law
 Cases and Materials Administrative Law
 Indian Law Institute

4. Dr.A.T. Markose, Judicial Control of Administrative Action in India.

5. I.P. Massey Administrative Law : (Eastern Book Company)

6. Dr.N.K. Jayakumar, Administrative Law. :

7. Constitution of India Relevant Chapters :

8. Halsbury's Laws of England (IV Ed. Re-issue Vol. 1 pp. 1-376)

9. Thakwani C.K. Administrative Law :

10. S.P.Sathe, Administrative Law :

11. J.F. Garner and B.L. Jones, Garner's

Administrative Law : (Butterworths 1985)

12. Tapash Gan Choudhary, Penumbra of

Natural Justice : (Eastern Law House 1997)

13. Steven J. Cann Administrative Law : (Sage publications 1995)

14. Schwartz, Administrative Law : (Little Brown and Company

1991)

16. S.H. Bailey., R.L. Jones and A.R.Mowbrav:

Cases and Materials on Administrative Law: (Sweet and Maxwell 1992)

17. Neil Hawke: An introduction to

Administrative Law : (ESC publishing, Ltd.1993)

18. Peter Cane, An Introduction to

Administrative Law : (Clarendon Press Oxford

1987)

19. Genevra Richardson and Hazel Genn:

Administrative Law and Government

Action : (Clarendon Press Oxford

1994)

20. Craig P.P Administrative Law (1999)

#### Paper - IV

#### **LAW OF EVIDENCE**

**Outcome:** This paper inculcates the students with the knowledge of law relating to different types of evidence and the process of courts in proceedings in courts to equip them to practise the profession.

1.Introduction: Distinction between substantive and procedural law, Evidence in customary law systems, Introduction to the British 'Principles of Evidence'- Salient features of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, Applicability of the Indian Evidence Act. Central Conceptions in Law of Evidence: Facts, Facts in issue and relevant facts, Evidence, Circumstantial and Direct evidence, Presumptions, Proved, Disproved, Not Proved, Witness, Appreciation of evidence. Relevancy: Facts connected with facts in issue, Doctrine of *Res-gestae*; SS 6, 7,8 and 9 of Evidence Act, Evidence of Common Intention, Sec.10, Relevancy or otherwise irrelevant facts- Facts to prove right or custom (sec-13)-Facts concerning state of mind/state of body or bodily feelings (SS. 14 and 15) –Relevancy and admissibility of admissions, privileged admissions- evidentiary value of admissions (SS. 17 to 23).

- 2.Relevancy and admissibility of confessions: Admissibility of information received from an accused person in custody, Confession of co-accused (SS. 24 to 30), Admitted facts need not be proved (58). Dying declaration: Justification for relevance, Judicial standards for appreciation of evidentiary value-32 (1) with reference to English Law, Other statements by persons who cannot be called as witnesses (SS. 32(2) to (8) 33)- Statement under special, circumstances (SS. 34 to 39) Relevance of judgments: General principles, Fraud and Collusion (SS. 40 to SS. 44) Expert testimony: General principles (Sec. 45-50), who is an expert, Types of expert evidence, Problems of judicial defence to expert testimony Forensic Evidence and use of expert scientific witness in criminal and civil proceedings scope of forensic evidence in civil and criminal cases evidenciary value of forensic evidence.
- 3.Character evidence: Meaning Evidence in Civil & Criminal cases (SS. 52-55), Oral and Documentary Evidence. Introduction on Proof of facts, General

principles concerning oral Evidence (59-60), General principles concerning documentary Evidence (61-90), General principles regarding exclusion of oral evidence by documentary evidence (SS. 91-100)

4.Burden of Proof: - The general concept of *onus probandi* (SS. 101), General and Special exception to onus probandi (SS. 102-106)- The justification of presumption and burden of proof (SS. 107 to 114) with special reference to presumption to legitimacy of child and presumption as to dowry death- Doctrine of judicial notice and presumptions – Estoppel – Scope of Estoppel, Introduction as to its rationale (SS. 115), Estoppel distinguished from Resjudicata, Waiver and Presumption, Kinds of Estoppel- Equitable and Promissory Estoppel, Tenancy Estoppel (Sec. 116)

5. Witness – Examination and Cross Examination: Competence to testify (SS. 118 to 120), Privileged communications (121 to 128), General principles of examination and cross examination (SS. 135 to 166), Leading questions (141-145), Approver's testimony (SS.133), Hostile witnesses (SS. 154), Compulsion to answer questions (147, 153), Questions of corroboration(156-157), Improper admission of evidence.

#### **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

- 1. Ratanlal Indian Evidence Act (Wadhwa and Co.)
- 2. P.S. Achudhan Pillai Law of Evidence
- 3. Vepa .P.Sarathi Elements of Law of Evidence
- 4. Dr.Avtar Singh Law of Evidence
- 5. Ratanlal and Dhiraj Lal The Law of Evidence (Wadhwa and Co. 1988)
- 6. Sarkar Law of Evidence
- 7. Batuklal Law of Evidence
- 8. Woodroff and Amir Ali Law of Evidence
- 9. Umadetan.B Forensic Medicine
- 10. Manson .J.K. Forensic Medicine for Lawyers
- 11. Sharma.B.R. Forensic Science in Criminal Investigation.

## **Seventh Semester**

#### Paper – I

## INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY LAW (OPTION – I)

**Outcome:** - This paper creates awareness on Information Technology, legal issues relating to the jurisdiction in cyber space, internet contract, cyber crimes, and civil and criminal remedies.

- 1. Introduction Fundamentals of Cyber Space Understanding Cyber Space Interface of Technology and Law Defining Cyber Laws Global trends in Cyber Law Jurisdiction in Cyber Space Concept of Jurisdiction Internet Jurisdiction Indian Context of Jurisdiction International position of Internet Jurisdiction Cases in Cyber Jurisdiction
- 2. . e-commerce- Legal issues Legal Issues in Cyber Contracts Cyber Contract and IT Act 2000 The UNCITRAL Model law on Electronic Commerce –
- 3. Intellectual Property Issues and Cyberspace The Indian Perspective Overview of Intellectual Property related Legislation in India Copyright law & Cyberspace Trademark law & Cyberspace Law relating to Semiconductor Layout & Design
- 4. Understanding Cyber Crimes Defining Crime Crime in context of Internet Actus Reus and Mens Rea Types of crime in Internet Computing damage in Internet crime Indian Penal Law & Cyber Crimes Fraud Hacking Mischief Trespass Defamation Stalking Spam Obscenity and Pornography Internet and Potential of Obscenity Indian Law on Obscenity & Pornography International efforts Changes in Indian Law
- 5. Penalties & Offences Under the IT Act Offences under the Indian Penal Code Investigation & adjudication issues The Evidence Aspect in Cyber Law
- Applicability of the Indian Evidence Act on Electronic Record Prescribed Legislations Information Technology Act, 2000 Information Technology Rules, 2000 Cyber Regulation Appellate Tribunal Rules, 2000 The Indian Penal Code, 1860 The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 Bankers Book Evidence Act.1891 Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

**Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)** 

- 1. Farooq Ahmed, Cyber Law in India, Pioneer Books, New Delhi-110009
- 2. Vakul Sharma, Information Technology Law and Practice, Universal, Delhi
- 3. Dr. A Prasanna, *Cyber Crimes, Law & Cyber Security,* Institute of Management in Government, Thiruvananthapuram
- 4. Arun Baweja, Information Technology and Development, Kalpar Publication, Delhi
- 5. P.S. Yivek Shane, Banerjee, *Science and Society*, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay
- 6. Ashok Korde, A. Sawant, *Science and Scientific Method*, Himalaya Pub. House, Bombay
- 7. B.B.Batra, *Information Technology*, Kalpar Publications, Delhi
- 8. Nandan Kammath, *Guide to Information Technology Act*. University Law Pub.Co. Delhi-33
- 9. Suresh T. Viswanathan, The Indian Cyber Laws, Bharat Law House, New Delhi-83.
- 10. Ankit Fadia and Jaya Bhattacharjee, Encryption-Protecting your Data
- 11.P. Narayan, Intellectual Property Law, Eastern Law House, New Delhi
- 12. Vijay kumar. NA Cyber laws for every netizen in India
- 13.UNESCO, The International Dimensions of Cyber Space Law
- 14. D.P. Mittal, Law of Information Technology
- 15. Paras Diwan (Ed.), Cyber and E-Commerce Laws

## PAPER – I COMPETITION LAW (OPTION-II)

**Outcome:-** This paper provides students the framework for the establishment of competition commission, to prevent monopolies and to promote competition in the market, to protect the freedom of trade for the participating individuals and the entities in the markets.

- 1. CONCEPTS: Competition, market (geographical and product), perfect competition, monopoly, oligopoly, competition policy and competition law.
- 2. PURPOSE OF COMPETITION POLICY AND LAW: THEORIES Competition and Regulation, Classical theory, Neo-Classical theory, Chicago School, the Neo Austrian School and Harvard School.
- 3. HISTORY OF REGULATION OF COMPETITION IN INDIA Constitutional vision of social justice, Sachar Committee, MRTP Act-Salient features and its amendment in 1991, Raghavan Committee Report, Competition Act

- 2002. Fundamental basis of competition policy in India in comparison with Anti-trust law and anti-cartel law,
- 4. REGULATION OF COMPETITION IN MARKET UNDER COMPETITION ACT 2002: In the background of MRTP Act, US and UK Law: (i)Anticompetitive Agreements-Horizontal and vertical restraints (ii) Abuse of Dominant Position
  - (iii) Regulation of combination (iv) Penalties and Damages
  - 5. REGULATORY STRUCTURE (i) COMPETITION COMMISSION OF INDIA: Original Provision under the Competition Act 2002 and the controversy, the amendment in 2007 and the bifurcation; constitution of the CCI, powers and functions, jurisdiction of the CCI; adjudication and appeals; independence and accountability of the CCI and its members. (ii) DIRECTOR GENERAL (iii) CCI & OTHER REGULATORY BODIES COMPETITION ADVOCACY AN INTERNATIONAL COMPETITION LAW Competition Agreement under WTO Future initiatives, challenges. Legislations MRTP Act Competition Act, 2002

#### Prescribed Books:

- 1. Competition Law in India T.Ramappa.
- 2. Competition Act, 2002- Law and Practice. Suresh T.Vishwanathan.

## Reference Books:

- 1. Competition Law-Emerging Trends—P.Satyanaraya Prasad
- 2. Competition Act, 2002.
- 3. Piet Jan Slot and Angus Johnston, *An Introduction to Competition Law* (Oxford and Portland, Oregon), chapter 1.
- 4. Einer Elhauge and Damien Geradin, *Global Competition Law and Economics* (Oxford and Portland, Oregon) Chapter Chapter 1, 2.A, 3.A
- S.M. Dugar, Commentary on MRTP Law, Competition Law & Consumer Protection Law, Wadhwa Nagpur

Martyn Taylor, *International Competition Law: A New Dimension for the WTO* (Cambridge University Press, 2006).

## Paper – II

#### **PROPERTY LAW**

Outcome: This paper gives students an idea about the concept of property, the nature of property rights and the general principles governing transmission of

property between living persons and the law relating to sale, mortgage, lease, exchange, gift, actionable claims and easement.

- 1. Concept of property, Kinds of property, Intellectual property, General principles of transfer, Definitions of immovable property notice, transferability of property, Effect of transfer, Rules against inalienability and restriction on enjoyment by transfers Conditional transfers, Transfer to unborn persons, Rules against perpetuity and accumulation of income. Transfer to a class vested and contingent interests, condition precedent and condition subsequent.
- 2. Doctrine of Election, Apportionment Covenants running with land Transfer by Ostensible owners and doctrine of Estoppel Transfer by limited owner, Improvement effected by bona fide purchaser, Transfer to defraud creditors, Doctrines of *lis-pendens* and part-performance.
- 3. Sale of Immovable Property Sale meaning and scope of sale and contract for Sale Rights and liabilities of seller and buyer Marshalling Discharge of encumbrance on sale.
- 4. Mortgage Different types of mortgages and their distinctions, Rights and liabilities of Mortgagor and Mortgagee (Sec.60 to 77) Priority: Marshalling and Contribution, Deposit in Court, Redemption: Who may sue for Redemption Subrogation, Tacking Rights of redeeming co-mortgagor: Mortgage by deposit of Title Deed, Anomalous Mortgage Charge Doctrine of Merger, Notice & Tender, Floating charge Lease Rights and liabilities of lessor and lessee, Termination of lease Exchange Scope and meaning Rights and liabilities of parties Gift Onerous gift universal donee, *Donatio mortis causa* Actionable claims: Scope and meaning.
- 5. Easements Definition Classification and Characteristic features Modes of acquisition Easement of necessity Right to ancient light Extinction of easements Easement compared with licence and lease.

## **Statutory Materials: (With amendments)**

- 1. Transfer of Property Act, 1882
- 2. Easement Act, 1882

#### **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

- 1. Halsbury's Laws of England (IV Ed. Reissue Vol. 1 pp. 1-127, Vol. 35 pp.721 -770, Vol.32 pp. 181-474.
- 2. D.F.Mulla: Transfer of Property Act
- 3. M.Krishna Menon: Law of property
- 4. Sukla: Law of Property

## Paper – III

#### **PRINCIPLES OF TAXATION LAW**

**Outcome :-** This paper provides students a conceptual understanding of both direct and indirect taxation laws, GST Regime and policies, the knowledge on the chargeability of tax on different sources of income, skill to solve the commercial and individual tax issues.

- 1. Basics Concept, nature and types of taxes-Cannons of taxation-Distinguish between tax and fee, tax and cess-Constitutional principles on taxation-Interpretation of taxing statutes-Incidence & impact of tax-Casual income-Tax evasion, tax avoidance and tax planning-Double taxation-Surcharge.
- 2. Income tax- General Definitions- Income tax Act,1961-Previous Year, Assessment Year, Financial Year, Persons, Agricultural Income tax-Residential status of individual, HUF, firm, association of persons, co-operative societies and non-residents-Exemptions-S.10-Deductions-S.80-Rebate-Deemed income and clubbing of income –carry forward and set of off losses- capital receipt & revenue receipt- capital expenditure & revenue expenditure.
- 3. Income tax-Specific Heads of income-income from salary-house property-business & profession-capital gain and other sources-Assessment procedure-types of assessment- Income tax authorities, functions, duties and powers- Settlement of Grievances and Prosecution-Calculation of gross total and taxable income- tax rebate and computation of tax liability-tax collection at source and advance tax.
- 4. GST Regime Goods and Service Tax evolution and concept-relevant constitutional provisions-The Central Goods and Services Tax Act,2017-Dual GST Model-distinguish between CGST, Integrated GST (IGST) ,State GST (SGST) and Union Territory GST (UTGST)-GST Council-GST levy on transactions-sale, transfer, purchase, barter , lease or import of goods and services-GSTN-Goods and services tax network portal, Tax invoice-GST on imports and exports- GST exemption on the sale and purchase of securities, Securities Transaction Tax (STT)-benefits of GST on trade, industry, e-commerce and service sector and for the whole society-GST effects upon GDP, inflation and State revenue .
- 5. The Kerala Agricultural Income Tax Act, 1991-Charging provisions, Assessment, collection and remedies-principles of valuation-Kerala state GST Act, 2017- The Kerala State GST (Amendment) Ordinance ,2018- Distinguish between GST and VAT- Reason for the repealing of wealth tax and further alternative.

#### **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

- 1. Taxmann's Income Tax Act,60<sup>th</sup> edition (New Delhi, Taxmann publications pvt. Ltd, 2017)
- 2. Sumit Dutt Majumder, GST in India, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition (New Delhi, Centax Publications pvt ltd, 2017)
- 3. Arvind P Datar, Kanga and Palkhivala's The Law and Practice of Income Tax,  $10^{th}$  edition (Nagpur lexis nexis, 2014).
- 4. Kailash Rai, Taxation laws, 2018 (Allahabad law agency)
- 5. Dr. S R Myneni, Principles of taxation and tax laws (Allahabad law agency, 2014)
- 6. Pinaki Chakraborty, GST in India (Orient Black Swan, 2019).
- 7. Rakesh Garg, Handbook of GST in India, Concept and procedure (Bloomsbury, 2016).

# PAPER IV DRAFTING, PLEADING AND CONVEYANCING (Practical paper – I)

**Outcome :-** This paper helps the students to develope an understanding about the basics of pleadings and conveyancing and in turn to advance justice and to prevent multiplicity of proceedings and also to inculcate the habit of self-study among students. It also gives an accurate understanding about the art of drafting pleadings and of composing all documents and it assists the students in their endeavour to enter active practice.

This paper shall be taught through class room instructions and simulation exercises. Examination and allocation of marks:

- 1 Each Student shall undertake 15 practical exercises in drafting of Pleadings carrying 45 marks (3 marks for each exercise).
- 2 Each student shall undertake 15 practical exercises in Conveyancing, which carries 45 marks (3 marks each).

The above-mentioned drafting of Pleadings and Conveyancing exercises shall be in the handwriting of the students on the Record. The Record shall be bound accompanied by a certificate signed by the course teacher and the principal to the effect that it is the bonafide work of the concerned candidate. There shall be a contents page. At the end of the semester, the student shall appear for a viva voce, which shall carry 10 marks. Viva- voce examination shall be conducted by a panel of two senior teachers other than the teachers in charge of the subject.

- I Drafting: General principles of drafting and relevant substantive rules.
- II Pleadings: Pleadings in General Object of pleadings -Fundamental Rules of Pleadings
  - A. Civil:
  - 1 Plaint
  - 2. Written Statement
  - 3. Interlocutory Application
  - 4. Original Petition
  - 5. Affidavit
  - 6. Execution Petition
  - 7. Memorandum of Appeal
  - 8. Memorandum of Revision
  - B. Petition under
    - 1. Article 226 and
    - 2. Article 32 of the Constitution of India.
  - C. Criminal:
    - 1. Complaints
    - 2. Criminal Miscellaneous petition,
    - 3. Bail Application and
    - 4. Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.
- D. Forms of Pleadings: Practical exercise on the following topics:
  - 1. Suit for recovery under Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908
  - 2. Suit for Permanent Injunction
  - 3. Application for Temporary Injunction under Order 39 Rules 1 and 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908
  - 4. Application under Order 39, rule 2-A of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908
  - 5. Suit for Ejectment and Damages for Wrongful Use and Occupation.
  - 6. Petition for Restitution of Conjugal Rights under S. 9 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
  - 7. Petition for Judicial Separation under S. 10 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955

- 8. Petition for Dissolution of Marriage by Decree of Divorce under S. 13 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
- 9. Petition for Dissolution of Marriage by Decree of Divorce under S. 13B (1) of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
- 10. Petition for Grant of Probate in High Court
- 11. Petition for Grant of Letters of Administration
- 12. Contempt Petition under Ss. 11 and 12 of the Contempt of Courts Act, 1971 before the High Court
- 13. Writ Petition under Article 226 of Constitution of India
- 14. Caveat under s. 148-A of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908
- 15. Special Leave Petition (Civil) under Article 136 of the Constitution of India
- 16. Counter Affidavit in Special Leave Petition (Civil)
- 17. Application for Bail
- 18. Application for Grant of Anticipatory Bail
- 19. Complaint under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
- 20. Application U/S. 125 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973
- 21. Special Leave Petition (Criminal) under Article 136 of the Constitution of India
- 22. Complaint under the Consumer Protection Act, 2019
- 23. Version to the Complaint under the Consumer Protection Act, 2019 III. Conveyancing:
  - A. Conveyancing in General

Object of Conveyancing

Component parts of a deed

- B. Forms of deeds and notices: practical exercise on the following topics: (any fifteen)
  - 1. Agreement
  - 2. Exchange
  - 3. Sale Deed
  - 4. Mortgage Deed
  - 5. Lease Deed,
  - 6. Gift Deed
  - 7. Promissory Note
  - 8. Receipt
  - 9. Licence
  - 10. Power of Attorney- General and Special Power of Attorney

- 11. Will.
- 12. Relinquishment Deed
- 13 Partnership Deed
- 14 Deed of Dissolution of Partnership
- 15 Hire-Purchase Agreement
- 16. Settlement Deed
- 17. Notice
- 18. Partition
- 19. Rectification deed
- 20. Trust.

#### Viva-Voce examination

Viva voce examination will test the understanding of legal practice in relation to Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing. – Students shall keep a record for the practical work done by them

#### Prescribed Legislation:

The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, Kerala Civil Rules of Practice, 1971 The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 Kerala Criminal Rules of Practice, 1982

#### Prescribed Book:

- 1. M.C. Agarwal and G.C. Mogha, Mogha's The Law of Pleadings in India
  - 2. J.M. Srivastava and G.C. Mogha, Mogha's The Indian Conveyancer
  - 3. K.Mony and K.Usha Legal Drafting (2010)

#### Recommended Books

- 1. M.R. Mallick, Ganguly's, Civil Court: Practice and Procedure
- 2. C.R. Datta and M.N. Das, De Souza's, Forms and Precedents of Conveyancing
- 3. N.S. Bindra, Conveyancing, Vol 1-5, Law Publisher, Allahabad

## **Eighth Semester**

#### Paper – I

## LAW OF BANKING AND NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS (OPTION – I)

**Outcome**:- This paper makes the students familiar with the development of bank and banking system in to a vital socio- economical institution in the modern age. It reveals the evolutionary effect on banking structure, policies, patterns and practices. Moreover it makes clear that the new emerging dimensions including e- Banking and e-Commerce are essential to cope with the modern scenario. It also provides Legal aspect of various negotiable instruments, structure and functions of Reserve Bank of India.

- 1. Indian Banking Structure: Origin Evolution of Banking Institutions Types and functions of banks Commercial banks functions Banking companies in India Central Banking: Organizational Structure of RBI Major functions of the Reserve Bank Bank of Issue Banker to the Government Bankers Bank-Lender of the Last Resort Regulation of money and monetary mechanism Domestic and Foreign currency Credit Control Exchange control Fixation of bank rate policy formulation Control function of RBI over Banking and Non Banking Companies
- 2. Banking Regulation Act, 1949 Control over State Bank of India, UTI, IDBI, RRBs, Local Banks, NABARD and other Financial Institutions An Overview The role of banking institutions in the socio-economic development of the country- priority sector and Credit Guarantee Scheme Social Control of Banks Nationalization of Banks Priority lending Protection of Depositors Promotion of underprivileged classes Development work and participation in national economy Narasimham Committee Recommendations 21<sup>st</sup> century reforms and technological revolution in Banking Industry.
- 3. Negotiable Instruments Kinds Holder and holder-in-due-course Parties, Negotiation, Assignment, Presentment, Endorsement, Liability of parties, Payment in due course, Special rules of evidence, Material alteration, Noting and protest.
- 4. Banker and customer Relationship: Definition of banker and customer, General relationship, Special relationship, Banker's duty of secrecy, banker's duty to honour cheques, banker's lien, banker's right to set off, Appropriation of payments, Garnishee order, Customer's duties towards his banker, Paying banker

and collecting banker, Bills in sets, Penal provisions under NI Act, Banker's Book Evidence Act.

5. Opening of New Accounts: Special types of customers, Minor's A/C, Joint A/C, Partnership A/C, Company's A/C, Married women's A/C, Trust A/C, Joint Hindu family A/C, Illiterate persons, lunatics, executors, Precautions required in case of administrators, clubs, societies and charitable institutions to open an account. Ancilliary Services and e-banking: Remittances – General, DD, MT, TT, Traveller's cheques, bank orders, credit card, debit/smart cards, safe deposit vaults, gift cheques, stock invest e-banking: Definition – e-banking includes, Internet banking, mobile banking, ATM banking, computerized banking, e-banking services: retail services, wholesale services, e-cheque-authentication, Cyber Evidence, Banking Ombudsman – Employment of funds: Loans and Advances, Guarantees, Advances secured by Collateral securities, Agency Services- Financing of Exports, Special Banking Services, Advances to Priority Sectors and Credit Guarantee schemes, Securitisation Act, 2002.

#### **Prescribed Books:**

- 1. M. L. Tannan Law of Banking
- 2. Khergamvala Negotiable Instruments Act M. S. Parthasarathy (Ed.)
- 3. Justice Bhaghabati Prasad Banerjee- Guide to Securitisation and Reconstruction of financial assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002
- M.L. Tannan, Tannan's Banking Law and Practice in India (Eighth Edition-2008),

## Reference Books:

- 1. Avtar Singh Negotiable Instruments Act.
- 2. Basu Review of current banking theory and practice, Macmilan.
- 3. Pagets Law of Banking Butterworths, London.
- 4. L. C. Goyle The Law of Banking and Bankers Eastern Book Co.
- 5. K. Subramanyan Banking Reforms in India
- 6. R. K. Talavar- Report of working group on customer service in Banks
- 7. S. N. Gupta The Banking law in theory & practice.
- 8. G. S. N. Tripathi (Ed.) Sethi's commentaries on Banking Regulation Act 1949 and allied Banking Laws.
- 9. Bashyam and Adiga The Negotiable Instruments Act.
- 10. Mukherjee. T. K. Banking Law and practice.
- 11. Chorley Law of Banking
- 12. Paget Law of Banking
- 13. Bashyam and Adiga The Negotiable Instruments Act

- 14. Information System for Banks Taxmann
- 15. Vasantha Desai and Joshi Managing Indian Banks.

Relevant provisions of Information Technology Act, 2000

## PAPER I LAND LAWS INCLUDING TENURE AND TENANCY SYSTEMS (OPTION - II)

**Outcome**:- This paper acquaint the students with the redistribution of land ownership in favour of the cultivating class, regulation, fixity of tenure, rights of forest dwellers, rehabilitation and re settlement laws.

- 1 . Land immovable property right to hold Land Constitutional scheme land reforms ARTICLE 31A of Constitution scope and implications.
- 2 . Historical background of Kerala Land Reforms Act fixity of tenure purchase o landlord's rights by cultivating tenants vesting of landlord's right in govt right to purchase kudikidappu Role of Land Tribunals and Land Boards
- 3 . Rights of forest dwellers Objectives of Wet land laws, Kerala Land Utilization order, Land Conservancy and Land Assignment Act Revenue Recovery Act
- 4. Right to fair Compensation and transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013 Rehabilitation and Re settlement laws urban land ceiling Kerala Building (Lease and Rent Control Act) Act, 1965.

## **Prescribed Readings:**

- 1 . Sugathan, Land laws of kerala
- 2. A Gangadharan, Law of land reforms in Kerala
- 3 . A Gangadharan, The laws on land in Kerala

## Paper – II

## <u>LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAW – I</u>

**Outcome :-** This paper acquaints the students with the concept of trade unions, procedural formalities involved in registration of trade unions, its powers and functions and also equip the student with the concept of industry, industrial dispute and workman and also regarding the resolution of industrial disputes, methods and agencies.

- 1. History of trade union movement trade unions and Indian Constitution definition of trade union Collective bargaining
- 2 Trade union movement in India Registration of trade unions powers and functions of Registrar of Trade Union cancellation of registration rights and liabilities of trade unions
- 3 Objects of trade unions funds of trade unions general and political trade union immunities nature and scope.
- 4 Industry, industrial dispute and workman meaning and definition dispute resolution methods and authorities powers and functions governmental controls.
- 5. Strikes, lock outs, lay offs retrenchment and closure legal controls- protected workman Standing Orders.

#### **Statutory Materials: (With amendments)**

- 1. Trade Unions Act, 1926.
- 2. Industrial Dispute Act, 1947.

#### **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

- 1 Malhotra, Law of Industrial Disputes.
- 2 Indian Law Institute, Labour Law and Labour Relations.
- 3 K.D. Srivastava, Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946.
- 4 K.D. Srivastava, Law Relating to Trade Unions and Unfair Labour Practices.
- 5 H.L. Kumar, Misconducts, Charge Sheets and Enquiries.
- 6 P.R.Bagri Law of Industrial Disputes
- 7 O.P. Malhothra Labour Law
- 8 Labour Law and Labour Relations Indian Law Institute
- 9 V.V.Giri Labour problems in Indian Industry
- 10 H.K.Saharay Labour and Social Laws
- 11 Mishra Labour and Industrial Laws

## Paper – III

#### **COMPANY LAW**

**Outcome**:- This paper acquaint the students with the provisions of Companies Act,2013 and the intricacies related with. It creates flexibility and simplicity in the formation and maintenance of companies and encourages transparency and high standards of corporate governance

#### 1. Introduction –

- a. Company Definition, Nature and scope of companies.
- b. Historical Evolution of Company Law English and Indian,
- c. Advantages and disadvantages of company Independent Corporate Personality, Limited Liability, Perpetual Succession, Right to Property, Right to Contract, Right to sue and be sued, Professional management, fund unauthorized, Doctrine of Lifting the corporate veil, Formality and expenses.
- d. Characteristics of companies Common Seal
- e. Comparison between Company, Partnership, Unlimited partnership and Sole Proprietorship
- f. Types of Companies Limited and Unlimited, Limited by shares and Guarantee Company, Public and Private Company, Holding and Subsidiary Company, Government Company, Foreign Company, Single person company, Associate Company etc.

#### 2. Incorporation

- a. Incorporation of Companies
- b. Certificate of Incorporation
- c. Memorandum of Association contents and alteration
- d. Articles of Association contents and alteration
- e. Promoters
- f. Pre incorporation Contracts
- g. Constructive notice and Doctrine of Indoor Management.
- h. Doctrine of *Ultra vires*.

## 3. Capital

- a. Share Capital, Debentures and other securities
- b. Share holders and members
- c. Public offer and Private allotment
- d. Issue, allotment and forfeiture of shares
- e. Share Certificate.

- f. Transfer and Transmission of Shares
- g. Buy back of shares and reduction of share capital
- h. Prospectus definition, contents of prospectus, Kinds of Prospectus, Remedies for misrepresentation in prospectus.
- i. Registration of Charges and Deposits

### 4. Corporate Management and Administration

- a. Directors position, powers and duties
- b. Meetings of the company, Essential requisites of a valid meeting.
- c. Audit and Auditor
- d. Mergers and Acquisitions
- e. Majority Minority management Rule of majority Foss v Harbottle
- f. Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement
- g. Inspection, Inquiry and Investigation into the affairs of a company
- h. Emerging trends in corporate social responsibility.
- i. Legal liability of company civil, criminal, tortuous and environmental.
- j. Compromises, arrangements and amalgamations
- k. Dividends
- 1. Accounts of the companies
- m. Revival and Rehabilitation of sick companies

# 5. Winding up

- a. Dissolution of Companies- Types of winding up
- b. Winding up by the Tribunal
- c. Voluntary Winding up
- d. Winding up Procedures
- e. Liquidators and contributories
- f. Removal of names of companies from the register of companies.
- g. National Company Law Tribunal, Appellate Tribunal and Special Courts

#### **Statutes**

• The Companies Act, 2013 with latest amendments.

### Prescribed Books:

- 1. Company Law by Avtar Singh
- 2. Guide to the Companies Act by A Ramaiya
- 3. Principles of Modern Company Law by L C B Gower

### Suggested Readings

- 6. Company Law and the Competition Act by K S Anantharaman
- 7. Palmer's Company Law by Palmer
- 8. Principles of Modern Company Law by Gower and Davies

### Paper – IV

# PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

(Practical paper – II)

**Outcome :-** This paper ensures the law students that professional services will be rendered in accordance with reasonably high standards and acceptable moral conduct. It helps the students to study and assess human behavior and also to establish principles and moral standards of behavior.

I. Advocates as professionals: Introduction, Importance of legal profession, Lawyers's Role in Accelerating and facilitating the social change visualized by the Indian Constitution, Categories of Advocates, Restrictions imposed on Senior Advocates, Admission and enrolment of advocates, Professional opportunities, Women Lawyers, Opportunities and Handicaps, Advocates' right to practise, to act and to plead – The right of pre-audience - Advocates' duty to society, to render legal aid, to educate and to accept public office.

Restrictions on other employment and penalty for illegal practice Trial Advocacy-Important tools of successful advocacy- Study, preparation and presentation of case- Art of examination (chief, cross and re-examination), Arguments on facts and law- How to address the court. Appellate advocacy- Original side Advocates-Supreme Court Advocates- Advocates on record- Mofussil Advocates- Retired Judges as Advocates.

II. Professional ethics – Advocate and Client:- Acceptance of brief, withdrawal from engagement, advocate's role as potential witness- Duty of advocate to make

full and frank disclosure to client- Breach of obligation to client- Advocate to act only on the instruction of the client- Contingent fee- Advocate's lien for fee- Share in claim or purchase of property sold in execution- Financial dealing between advocate and client- Prohibition on lending or borrowing money- Prohibition on changing of sides- Legal Profession and Strike.

III. Bar-Bench relationship-Duty towards Court: Duty to conduct himself with dignity and self-respect and not to commit contempt of court, Avoidance of illegal and improper means to influence decisions, Advocate not to be mere mouth piece of client- Dress code- Prohibition on practising before relatives, Other duties, powers and obligations of Notary public - Duty of advocates towards colleagues in the profession:- Bar council of India Rules governing professional conduct and etiquette, Soliciting and advertising, Professional services and name not to be used for unauthorized practice of law, Fees not less than fees taxable under the rules, Restriction on entering appearance without the consent of the advocate already engaged, Advocates not to demand fees for imparting training to juniors, Advocate's duty to opponent counsel, Advocates duty to report disqualification.

IV. The Contempt Law and Practice: Law of contempt of court: Meaning, nature and categories of contempt of court, Constitutional validity of the Contempt of Court Act, 1972, Salient features of the Act, Contempt jurisdiction of Supreme Court, High Court and Subordinate Courts- Contempt by lawyers, judges and by State- Contempt procedure- Punishment for contempt- Defence open to contemnor and remedies against punishment.

- V. Fifty (50) selected opinions of the Disciplinary Committees of Bar Councils
- VI. Cases on Professional Misconduct:
- 1. Salil Dutta v. T.M. and M.C. (P) Ltd. (1993) 2 SCC 185
- 2. Vinay Chandra Mishra, In re (1995) 2 SCC 584
- 3. C. Ravichandran Iyer v. Justice A.M. Bhattacharjee (1995) 5 SCC 457
- 4. P.D. Gupta v. Ram Murti (1997) 7 SCC 147
- 5. R.D. Saxena v. Balram Prasad Sharma (2000) 7 SCC 264
- 6. D.P. Chadha v. Triyugi Narain Mishra (2001) 2 SCC 221
- 7. Shambhu Ram Yadav v. Hanuman Das Khatry (2001) 6 SCC 1
- 8. Pravin C. Shah v. K.A. Mohd. Ali (2001) 8 SCC 650
- 9. Bhupinder Kumar Sharma v. Bar Assn., Pathankot (2002) 1 SCC 470
- 10. Ex-Capt. Harish Uppal v. Union of India (2003) 2 SCC 45
- VII. Accountancy for lawyers: Need for maintenance of accounts- Books of accounts that need to be maintained- Cash Book, journal and ledger Elementary aspects of bookkeeping: Meaning, object, journal, double entry system, closing of

accounts. The cash and bulk transaction: The Cash book, Journal proper especially with reference to client's accounts, Ledger, Trial balance and final accounts, Commercial mathematics.

### Scheme of Internal/Written Examinations.

Internal examinations should be conducted through periodical test papers – case study / field survey/Simulation exercise — Writing articles/Paper presentation in seminars – problem solution - projects works on topics identified by the concerned teacher. The distribution of marks as follows:

Marks for internal/Written examinations shall be distributed as follows

(i) Test Paper (average of two test papers)	20 marks
(ii) Project work/ dissertation writing	30 marks
(iii) Case study/comment	20 marks
(iv) Paper presentation/writing articles/problem solution	20 marks

Each student shall prepare a combined record on all Internal/written examinations (answer sheets of two test papers are to be attached with the record) and produce before the viva-voce board.

### II. VIVA – VOCE EXAMINATION

Total marks for viva-voce examination

10 marks

Viva-voce examination shall be conducted by a panel consists of two senior teachers other than teachers in charge of the subject.

# Prescribed Legislation:

The Advocates Act, 1961 Contempt of Court Act, 1971

### Prescribed Book

Mr. Krishnamurthy Iyer's book on Advocacy.

### Recommended Books

Bhagavati, P.N., Challenges to the Legal Profession – Law and Investment in Developing Countries

J.B.Gandhi, Sociology of Legal Profession and Legal System (1987).

Sathe, Kunchur, Kashikar – "Legal Profession: Its Contribution to Social Change" in 13 ICSSR

Research Abstracts Quarterly 111-127 (1984) Also see 10 Indian Bar Rev. 47-81 (1983).

K.L.Sharma "Sociology of Law and Legal Profession: Cross Cultural Theoretical perspective"

24 J.I.L.I. 528 (1982).

A.N. Veeraraghavan "Legal Profession and the Advocates Act, 1961" 14 J.I.L.I. 229 (1972)

Upendra Baxi, "The Pathology of the India Legal Profession", 13 Ind. Bar. Rev. 455 (1986)

K.L.Bhatia, Socio-Legal Study of Occupational Status of Law Graduates, (1994)

# **Ninth Semester**

### Paper – I

# PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (OPTION – I)

**Outcome:** This paper enables the students to analyse and appreciate increasing interaction of individuals and institutions of different countries leading to conflict between different systems of law. It also help them to understand and explain different concepts in dealing with and solving dispute containing a foreign element.

- 1. Introduction Origin and development of Private International Law Nature and basis of Private International Law Fundamental concepts of Private International Law Choice of jurisdiction Choice of law Recognition and enforcement of foreign judgment Distinction between Private International Law and Public International Law Theories of Conflict of Laws Jurisdiction of court in cases involving foreign elements.
- 2. Domicile Nationality Residence Property Torts Contracts Fundamental Principles of Domicile Nationality Property Assignment of movable property Testamentary Succession (Wills) –

- Trusts Torts Proper law Modern trends Contracts Formation, interpretation, illegality and discharge.
- 3. Marriage- Assignment of property on marriage Matrimonial causes and Disputes Divorce Nullity of Marriage Judicial Separation Restitution of Conjugal Rights Legitimacy Legitimation and Adoption Guardianship
  - 4. Doctrine of Renvoi-Theories of Renvoi Foreign Court Theory
- 5. Foreign Law Procedure and evidence-Proof of foreign law- Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Judgments, decrees and Arbitral Award The limits of Application of Foreign Law

### **Prescribed Books:**

R.H. Graveson, Conflict of Laws
S.L. Khanna, Conflict of Laws
Paras Diwan, Private International Law
G.C.Cheshire, Private International Law
Prof.K.Sreekantan-Private International Law

### PAPER I HUMAN RIGHTS LAW AND PRACTICE (OPTION – II)

**Outcome :-** This paper encourages the students to work for the protection of human rights of citizens and also for the effective implementation of Human Rights Protection Act in to matters relating to deprivation of Human Rights, denial of Human Rights and violation of Human Rights.

- 1. Human Rights: Meaning, Evolution of Human Rights: Ancient and Natural law perspective Natural Rights and Human Rights, Legal Right and Human Rights, Human Rights Classification Human Rights and League of Nations, Sources of International Human Rights Law Human Rights-Importance
- 2. U.N. Charter and Human Rights, Universal Declaration of Human Rights and its legal Significance. Covenants and Conventions: International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966; International Conventions on Civil & Political Rights, 1966 The European Convention on Human Rights, 1950, The American Convention on Human Rights, 1969, African Charter on Human and Peoples Rights, The Vienna Conference on Human Rights, Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, Rights of the Aged.
- 3. Human Rights in India, Human Rights and Indian Constitution, The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993 Judicial activism & Protection of Human

Rights in India, Role of Non-Governmental organization in the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights; Refugees

- 4. National Human Rights Commission, National Commission for Minorities, National Commission for Safai karamcharis, National Commission for Women, National Commission for Backward Classes and National Commission for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.
- 5. Human Rights of vulnerable groups women children minorities disabled and aged persons Contemporary challenges to Human Rights Judicial responses.

#### Acts

- 1. The Charter of UNO
- 2. The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993
- 3. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948

### **Books:**

- 1. Prof. S.K. Verma, Public International Law (1998) Prentice Hall of India
- 2. Wallace, International Human Rights, 1996 Sweet & Maxwell
- 3. Theodor Meron (ed.), Human Right in International Law
- 4. V.R.Krishna Iyer, The Dialectics and Dynamics of Human Right in India
- 5. S.K.Kapoor, Human Right under Int.Law & Indian Law

# Paper – II

### **ENVIRONMENTAL LAW**

Outcome: This paper enables the students to understand the core ideas and principles surrounding the subject of environment protection and conservation and to equip students with the latest and futuristic developments about international and national legal framework, policies and court practices concerning environment protection and also inculcate them a spirit of environmental consciousness by constantly stressing the need to balance sustainable development with ecological conservation. This paper also equip them to identify, assess, analyze and research sound environmental policies by engaging them through classroom activities, workshops and seminars.

- 1. Environment Meaning and perspective Meaning of Environment, the basic concepts of ecology and ecosystem, Biosphere and Biomes. Ancient and Medieval Writings; Ancient Indian approach to Environment, Traditional approach. Natural and Biological Sciences. Perspectives: Modern concept, Conflicting dimensions, Anthropogenic V. Anthropocentric approaches- Recent issues relating to Environment, Environment and sustainable development, National and International Perspectives, Population and Developmental impact on environment.
- 2. Environmental Law and Policy: An overview of Environmental Policy during Pre & Post Independence era, present policy. The Role of Central and State Governments Five year Plans –Implementation of the policies. Forest Policy Conservation strategy National Water Policy, National Environment Policy-Conservation of Natural Resources and its Management. Indian Constitution and Environment: Right to Environment, Constitutional provisions on Environment and its Protection, Role of Judiciary on Environmental issues, Evolving of new Principles, Absolute liability, Polluter pays principle, Precautionary principle, Public trust doctrine.
- 3. International Law and Environmental Protection: International conventions in the development of Environmental Laws and its Policy From Stockholm to recent conventions (Special Emphasis on Major conventions & Protocols) Brown and Green agreements-Multilateral environmental agreements-Control on Marine Pollution- Common Law aspects of Environmental Protection-Riparian rights and prior-appropriation. Relevant Provisions of I.P.C., Cr.P.C, C.P.C, for preventing pollution.
- 4. The Pollution Prevention Laws:- Prevention and Control of Pollution through Scientific methods; prevention of Water pollution- Ground water conservation. Legal Control of Water and Air pollution; The Water Act 1974 The Air Act, 1981. Pollution controlling mechanisms- Modalities of control, Noise Pollution and its control, Noise Pollution control order. Disposal of Waste, laws on waste, disposal and its control Trans-boundary Pollution hazards & Regulation on Bio-Medical Waste. Laws relating to Conservation of Flora and Fauna: Bio-diversity and Legal regulation Authorities under Biological Diversity Act Utilization of flora and fauna Experimentation on animals; Legal and Ethical issues. Depletion of natural resources; Genetic Engineering-legal and ethical issues. Major provisions relating to Indian Forest Act, 1927- Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 Prevention of Cruelty against animals Problems in Legal regulation of medicinal plants objectives of the Plant Varieties Act Wetland Conservation and law

5. Environment Protection and Legal Remedies: - Environment Protection Act, 1986 including Environment Protection Rules- Major Notifications relating to Coastal Zone Management, ECO-Mark, Environment Impact Assessment, Environmental Audit, Public Participation in Environmental decision making, Environment information, public hearing. Legal remedies for environmental problems: Environmental Disputes and its Redressal agencies: Environmental Tribunals, Public liability Insurance and Environment Relief Fund and remedies under other Laws. Green Benches, National Environment Appellate Authority – United Nations Initiatives, Civil society and environment, Role of NGO's (National and International level) and voluntary organizations, Funding agencies, Complex problems in administration of Environmental Justice – Green Tribunals – composition – Powers and functions.

### **Prescribed Books:**

- 1. Armin Rosen Cranz Environmental Law and Its Policy in India.
- 2. Leelakrishnan Environmental Law in India /Cases
- 3. Introduction to Environmental Law S. Shantha Kumar Reference Books:
- 1. Simon ball Stuart Bell Environmental Law.
- 2. Sanjay Upadhyay and Videh Upadhyay Handbook on Environmental Laws
- 3. Environmental Law Dr.S.R.Myneni.
- 4. Relevant Bare Acts/Notifications.
- 5. Environmental Protection an Policy in India, Kailas Thakur
- 6. Law Relating to Environmental Pollution and Protection, Dr. H. Maheswara Swami
- 7. Environmental Law, Susan Wolf and Anna White
- 8. National (Environmental) Tribunal Act, 1995
- 9. National Green Tribunal Act, 2010

# Paper – III

# <u>LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAW – II</u>

**Outcome**:- This paper provides an insight into the labour laws dealing with employment, wages, bonus, working conditions and also laws regulating social security measures covering maternity, sickness, occupational diseases, payment of Gratuity, provident fund etc.

- 1. Concept of social security-Social security in ancient times-role of International Labour Organisation- India and ILO-modern concept of social security-social security in India Administration of ESI scheme- ESI Corporation-standing committees-medical benefit council-Benefits-E.S.I fund-Liability of the employer Compulsory state insurance-benefits in the event of sickness-maternity and employment payment of contribution-role of medical board-adjudication of dispute
- 2. Employer's liability to pay compensation conditions liability of employer-personal injury arising out of and in the course of employment-principles to decide the quantum of compensation-liability of the principal employer Payment of compensation nature and extent Notional extension of time and place of employment- powers of Workmen's Compensation Commissioners
- 3. Gratuity benefit s to the workers- eligibility-rate of gratuity-forfeiture etc Compulsory Contributory provident fund-provident fund and pension scheme-authorities for the implementation of the scheme- national and state boards, their powers and duties-recovery of amount due from the employer Benefits entitled to women workers-maternity benefits- eligibility-leaves- nursing breaks-complaints to inspectors
- 4. History of bonus in India- bonus commission- kinds of bonus Payment of bonus-computation-sums deductible from gross profits-eligibility and extend of bonus-disqualifications to receive bonus-minimum bonus-deductable amounts from bonus etc Responsibility for payment of wages-Fixation of wage periods-Deduction & fines-Authorities & adjudication of claim. Fixation & revision of minimum wages-Powers of appropriate government advisory committee and Board- payment of minimum wages Prevention of exploitation of labour Living, fair and minimum wages to workers- statutory minimum wages- fixation-minimum rates of wages-responsibility of the employer-authorised deductions-payment of wages authority.
- 5. Approval, Licensing & Registration of factories Health, safety and welfare measures relating to employees working in factories-definition of factory-formalities and requirements to start factory-control of hazardous processes-working hours, holidays, overtime wages, annual leave with wages etc of workers-prohibition of employment of children in factories- their working hours etc protection of workers engaged in dangerous manufacturing process-penalty for offences –exemption of liability of the manager or occupier-obligation of workers-Authorities & their powers.

### **Statutory material (With amendments)**

The Workmen's' compensation Act, 1923

Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948

Employees Provident Fund Act, 1952

Maternity Benefit Act, 1961

Employees Liability Act, 1936

Payment of Bonus Act, 1965

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

Payment of wages Act, 1936

Fatal Accidents Act, 1976

Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972

Factories Act, 1948

The Employee's Compensation (Amendment) Act, 2017

Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

### **Prescribed Readings:**

- 1. S.C. Srivastava, Social Security Laws, Eastern Book Co. (Latest Edition)
- 2. Victor George, Social Security and Society.
- 3. Harry Calverty, Social Security Law.
- 4. Julian Fulbrook, Law and Worker Social Security.
- 5. R.N. Choudhary, Commentary on the Workmens' Compensation Act, 1923, Orient Publishing Co. ((Latest Edition).
- 6. KD. Srivastava, *The Payment of Bonus Act*, 1965, Eastern Book Company ((Latest Edition)
- 7. R.G. Chaturved, Law of Employees Provident Funds, Bharat Law House (2000).
- 8. P.R.Bagri Law of Industrial Disputes
- 9. O.P. Malhothra Labour Law
- 10. Labour Law and Labour Relations Indian Law Institute
- 11. V.V.Giri Labour problems in Indian Industry
- 12. H.K.Saharay Labour and Social Laws
- 13. Mishra Labour and Industrial Laws

### Paper - IV

# **ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION SYSTEMS** (Practical paper – III )

**Outcome :-** This paper gives the students an idea to settle the issues amicably by way of various ADR Systems such as arbitration, conciliation, mediation, negotiation, compromise, settlement, and lok-adalat which helps in reducing the burden of the courts.

The students are required to study:

UNIT – I

General; Different methods of dispute resolution; Inquisitorial method; Adversarial method; Other methods- both formal and informal- like arbitration, conciliation, negotiation, mediation, etc; Advantages and disadvantages of above methods; Need for ADRs. International commitments; Domestic needs; Suitability of ADRs to particular types of disputes Civil Procedure Code and ADRs

UNIT -II

Arbitration: Meaning of arbitration; Attributes of arbitration; General principles of arbitration; Different kinds of arbitration; Qualities and qualifications of an arbitrator; Arbitration agreement and its drafting; Appointment of arbitrator; Principal steps in arbitration; Arbitral award; Arbitration under Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996

UNIT -III

Conciliation: Meaning; Different kinds of conciliation- facilitative, evaluative, court-annexed, voluntary and compulsory; Qualities of a conciliator; Duties of a conciliator; Role of a conciliator; Stages of conciliation; Procedure; Conciliation under statutes- Industrial Disputes Act, 1947; Family Courts Act, 1984; Hindu Marriage Act, 1955; Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996

UNIT-IV

Negotiation: Meaning; Different styles of negotiation; Different approaches to negotiation; Phases of negotiation; Qualities of a negotiator; Power to negotiate

UNIT - V

Mediation: Meaning; Qualities of mediator; Role of mediator; Essential characteristics of the mediation process – voluntary, collaborative, controlled, confidential, informal, impartial & neutral, self-responsible; Different models of mediation; Code of conduct for mediators

#### **UNIT-VI**

Provisions of Legal Services Authorities Act 1987- Lok Adalat practice in kerala

### **Scheme of Evaluation**

### 1.INTERNAL/ WRITTEN EXAMINATION - 90 MARKS

Marks for internal /written examinations shall be distributed as follows

(i) Test paper (average of two test papers)

20 marks

(ii) Role play (Report of the Role Play shall be submitted in writing)

30 marks

(iii) Survey/Field study

20 marks

(iii) Participate and report on Lok Adalat conducted by 20 marks

KELSA or Legal Aid Clinic of the Law College

Each student shall prepare a combined record on all Internal /written examinations (answer sheets of two test papers shall be attached with the record) and produce before the viva-voce board.

### 2. VIVA – VOCE EXAMINATION – 10 MARKS

Viva-voce examination shall be conducted by a panel consists of two senior teachers other than teachers in charge of the subject.

#### Prescribed Books:

Sridhar Madabhushi, *Alternative Dispute Resolution*, 2006, Lexis Nexis Butterworths, New Delhi.

Rajan R.D., *A Primer on Alternative Dispute Resolution*, 2005, Barathi Law Publications, Tirunelveli.

# Reference Books:

- 1. Sampath D.K., *Mediation*, National Law School, Bangalore.
- 2. Gold Neil, et.al., Learning Lawyers Skills, (Chapter-7)
- 3. Michael Noone, *Mediation*, (Chapters-1,2&3)

# **Tenth Semester**

### Paper – I

# TRADE IN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY (Option I)

**Outcome :-** This paper enhances the ability of law students to instill the concepts of Intellectual Property and articulate the different Intellectual Property Rights and understand the intricacies of the IP laws and also equip the students in all aspects of IP lawyering

- 1. Nature of intellectual property: International Character of Intellectual property Commercial Exploitation of Intellectual property Intellectual Property and Economic Development Patent Law: Patent Object of Patent Law Patentable Invention Patent a source of Technical information How to obtain Patent Objection to Grant of Patent Rights and Obligations of Patents Register of Patents and Patent Office Transfer of Patent Right Revocation and Surrender of Patents Infringement of Patents and Proceedings Offences and penalties.
- 2. Trade Mark: What is Trade Mark? Forms of protecting Trade Mark and Goodwill Certification of Trade Marks Property in Trade Mark and Registration Licensing of trade mark and registered users Different terms of protecting trade marks and Goodwill passing off Service marks Infringement, Threat and Tradelabel Assignment and Transmission Deceptive Similarities
- 3. Copyright: Definition of copyright Object of copyright, Nature of Copyright Subject matter of Copyright Rights conferred by copyright Assignment, Transmission and relinquishment of copyright Infringement of Copyright Remedies against infringement of Copyright Copyright Office, Copyright Board, -

Registration of Copyright & Appeal - Copyright societies - Rights of Broadcasting Organisation & Performers - Copyright and International Law

- 4. Industrial Designs: Subject matter of Designs Novelty and originality, Registration of designs Registration of design and Rights thereof Infringement of copyright in a design Civil remedies against piracy and defences Suit for injunction and recovery of damages
- 5. Confidential information and Breach of confidence: Protection of confidential information Action for breach of confidence Industrial and trade secrets Remedies Application of LPR in Agriculture, Biotechnology and

Biodiversity – Conservation, challenges and legal solutions - Bio-technology and patent protection - Plant genetic resources in nature. The value of genetic diversity - Evolution of plant protection systems in international community-Farmers and breeders rights-Legislative initiatives. - Intellectual Property and Conservation of traditional knowledge.

# **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

- 1. Copy right of Trade Mark and GATT. Taxman.
- 2. P. Narayanan, Patent Law, Second Edn., Eastern Book Co.
- 3. W.R. Cornish, Intellectual Property, I Edn., Universal Book Co.
- 4. Hillary, a person of Clifford Miller, Commercial Exploitation of Intellectual Property, Universal Book Traders(1994).
- 5. Beier, F.K., R.S., Crespi, J. Straus. Biotechnology and Patent protection (1986) Oxford and IBH Pub. Co.
- 6. Vandana Shiva Ingunn Moser (Edn.) Bio-politics (1996).
- 7. Jayashree Watal, Intellectual property and WTO in the Developing countries, 2000, OUP.
- 8. Suman Sahai Ed. Bio-resources and Biotechnology, Policy Concerns for the Asian Region (1999) Gene Compaign.

# Paper I

# LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT INCLUDING PANCHAYAT ADMINISTRATION (Option II)

**Outcome :-** This paper realizes the students the necessity to strengthen decentralization and local self government in order to contribute to the local good governance in India and also to foster research in decentralization and local self government.

- 1. Meaning, Nature, Characteristics of Local Self Government Advantages and disadvantages of local self government-Constitutional provisions
- 2. Evolution of Local Self Government in India (i) Lord Ripen's Resolution (ii) Royal Commission (iii) Community development programme, National Extension Service (iv) The Balvantrai Mehta committee report (v) The Vasantrao Naik committee report
- 3. Panchayat Raj Gram Sabhas, Establishment and constitution of panchayats Constitution of Panchayats at Different Levels- Delimitation of Constituencies- State Election Commission-Preparation of Electoral Rolls-Qualifications and Disqualifications-Conduct of Elections-Disputes Regarding Election- Corrupt Practices and Electoral Offences- Provision Relating to Members and President of Panchayats- Meetings, Powers, Functions, Duties and Property of

Panchayats-Officers and Employees of Panchayats-Finance Commission and Its Powers- Functions of the Government- Finance and Taxation- Public Safety, Convenience and Health-Buildings - Registration of Private Hospitals and Paramedical Institutions-Right to Information-

- 4. Municipalities Composition Qualification and disqualification of membership Election to the Muncipalities Functions of Muncipalities
- 5. Finance Commission on Panchayat and Municipalities-Ombudsman for Local Self Government Institutions- Tribunal for Local Self Government Institutions

### **Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)**

- 1. The Kerala Panchayat Raj Act 1994
- 2. The Kerala Muncipality Act 1994
- 3. Local Government in India, Venkata Rangaiya
- 4. Local Government in Crisis, William A. Robson
- 5. Local Government in Ancient India, Radha Kumud- Mookerly
- 6. Proposal For Model Legislation for Municipal Corporation IIPA

# Paper – II <a href="#">Criminology and Penology</a> (Option I)

**Outcome:**- This paper provides the students a thorough knowledge about the scientific study of the nature, extent, management, causes, control, consequences, and prevention of criminal behavior, both on the individual and the social level and also about the principles, theories and methods of punishment in relation to crimes.

- 1. Nature and Scope of Criminology: Inter relation between Criminology, Penology and Criminal Law Criminal Law and its nature and elements Concept of Crime Intention and Motive Importance of Criminology Schools of Criminology: Pre classical School of Criminology Classical School Positive School Clinical School of Criminology Sociological School of Criminology The New Criminology -
- 2. Causation of Crime: Mc. Naughten Rule Insanity Under Indian Criminal Law Bio-Physical Factors and Criminality Freud's theory of Criminal Jurisprudence Conflict Theory of Crime Sociological Theory of Crime: Multiple factor approach to crime causation Mobility, Culture, Conflict, Family background Political ideology, religion and crime influence of media, economic

- condition Temptative Theory of Crime: Crime as a product of social disorganization Socio Cultural Pattern and Criminal Behaviour
- 3. Organised Crimes: Main characteristics of Organised crime White collar crime: Definition Contributing Factors White-Collar Crime in India Whiter Collar Crime in Professions Alcoholism, Drug Addiction and Crime: Main causes of drug addiction classification of Indian law.
- 4. Penology Theories of Punishment Essential of an ideal Penal System Penal Policy in India Capital Punishment:- *euthanasia*.
- 5. Police system Development of police organization legal functions of police women police criminal law courts Lok Adalats Legal Service Authority Act, 1987 object of criminal trial Functions of criminal courts Prison administration prison discipline prison labour Jail reform committees prison reforms problems of under trial prisoners bar against handcuffing solitary confinement custodial torture in prisons.

Prescribed Readings;

- 1. Prof. N.V. Paranjape Criminology and Penology
- 2. Ahmad Siddique Criminology and Penology.

### Or

# Women and the Law (Option II)

Outcome: This paper makes familiar with the issues commonly associated with notions of women's right to bodily integrity and autonomy, to be free from sexual violence, to hold public office, to have equal rights in family law, to work, to fare wages or equal pay, to have reproductive rights, to education etc.

- 1. Status of Women in Indian Society:- Rights of the women under the Constitution-Women Reservations in Election Local Bodies Directive Principles and Women Right to Women to Economic Development Personal Laws and Gender Justice Uniform Civil Code
- 2. Women and Criminal Law: Offences relating to Marriage Cruelty by husband or his relatives for dowry Outraging the modesty of women Police Atrocities Custodial Rape Sexual harassment Legislation on Criminal Traffic Prevention of Immoral Traffic and Women: Rehabilitative and Remedial Provisions
- 3. Law relating to Dowry Prohibition: Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 Dowry death and dowry suicide

- 4. Women and Industrial Law: Equal Remuneration for Men and Women Welfare and Safety of Women in Industrial law
- 5. Women and Special Laws: Women's Commission Family Court Act, 1984- Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986.Prescribed Readings:

Prof. N.V. Paranjape – Criminology and Penology

Ahmad Siddique — Criminology and Penology.

John Hogan - Modern Criminology

G.B.Reddy - Women and the Law

Katherine S. Williams - Criminology

Sutherland and Cressey - Principles of Criminology

Michael Doherty - Criminology

George B. Vold - Theoretical Criminology

Relevant Provisions of the Constitution (with amendments)

66	Hindu Marriage Ac,	1955
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" Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956

" Maternity Benefit Act, 1961

" Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961

" Family Court Act, 1984

" National Commission for Women Act, 1990

" Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993

" Muslim Women's (Protection of Right on

Divorce) Act, 1986

" Muslim Women's (Protection of Right on

Marriage) Act, 2019

# Paper – III

# PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

**Outcome:**- This paper provides students thorough knowledge of various aspects of Public International Law so as to equip them to solve the issues of Public International Law in academic level as well as in the field of advocacy.

1.Basic Aspects of International Law; Nature and basis of International Law, definition of International Law, Relationship between Muncipal Law and International Law, Sources of International Law - State as subject of International Law: essentials of statehood - not fully sovereign states and other entities - right

and duties of states - modes of acquisition and loss of state territory - state responsibility.

- 2.Recognition: Concept of recognition theories, kinds and consequences of recognition state succession Equitable resource utilization and justification: law of sea, air and outer space common heritage of mankind.
- 3.State jurisdiction: Basis of jurisdiction sovereign immunity, diplomatic privileges and immunities.
- 4. Treaties: Making of Treaty Reservations to treaty, *Pacta sunt servanda*, modes of termination of treaty.
- 5.UNO, Principles and Purpose of UNO, Security Council, General Assembly, ECOSOC Trusteeship Council, ICJ World Trade Organization- International Labour Organization

### Prescribed Books:

J G Starke, An Introduction to International Law

P. W. Bowett, International Institutions

Reference Books:

J B Brierly - The Law of Nations

D H Harris - International Law (Cases and Materials)

Oppenheim - International law, Volume I, Peace,

S K Kapoor - International Law

Bhagirathlal Das - World Trade Organization

Malcolm N.Shaw- International Law

# Paper – IV

# MOOT COURT EXERCISE, OBSERVANCE OF TRIAL, INTERVIEWING TECHNIQUES AND PRE-TRIAL PREPARATIONS (Practical paper – IV)

**Outcome**:- This paper helps the students learn to analyse legal issues and to understand the practical side of practising law and equip the students with the tactics of framing issues from a given detailed hypothetical or imaginary fact scenario. It also enhances the talent to rehearse arguments, identify weaknesses, sharpen reflexes, and deepen knowledge of the cases.

This paper will have three components of 30 marks each, and the fourth component will be a viva-voce examination for 10 marks.

1. Moot Court (30 Marks)

Every student will do at least 3 (three) moot court in a year with 10 marks for each. Each moot court work will be on assigned problem and it will be evaluated as follows:

1.1 Written submissions: 5 marks

1.2 Oral advocacy : 5 marks

2. Observance of Trial in two cases (30 marks)

2.1 One Civil case : 15 marks2.2 One Criminal case : 15 marks

Students shall attend two trials in the course of the last two or three years of law course. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assignment.

3. Interviewing techniques and Pre-trial preparation (30 marks)

3.1 Two interviewing sessions of clients : 15 marks

3.2 Observation of the preparation of documents and court papers : 15 marks

Each student will have to observe 2 (two) interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyers' Office/Legal Aid Clinic and record the proceedings in a diary which will carry 15 marks. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filing of the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary which will carry15 marks.

4. Viva Voce examination on all the above three aspects (10 marks) Viva voce examination shall be conducted by a panel consists of two senior teachers other than teachers in charge of the subject.

**Internship** – Each student shall have completed minimum of 20 weeks internship during the entire period of legal studies under NGO, Trial and Appellate Advocates, Judiciary, Legal Regulatory authorities, Legislatures and Parliament, Other Legal Functionaries, Market Institutions, Law Firms, Companies, Local Self Government and other such bodies where law is practised either in action or in dispute resolution or in management.

Provided that internship in any year cannot be for a continuous period of more than Four weeks and all students shall at least gone through once in the entire academic period with Trial and Appellate Advocates. Internship shall be done without affecting the regular classes.

Each student shall keep internship diary and the same shall be evaluated by the Guide in Internship and also a Core Faculty member.

External Viva-voce examination in the Tenth semester shall be conducted by the Board of Examiners constituted by the University.

Moot court exercise, Observance of Trial, Interviewing techniques and Pre-trial preparations - (Practical paper – IV)	100	100
Internship	50	50
External Viva voce		50

Pattern of Question Paper for Law subjects - 2020 Admission onwards

Reg. No	•	·	
Name			
	SEMESTER LL.F	B DEGREE EXAMIN	NATION
	Paper		••••
Time: 3 h	-		Max Marks:80
		PART -A	
Answer any Six questions	s not exceeding 50 word	ls each. Each questic	on carries 2 marks
1)	C	1	
2)			
3)			
4)			
5)			
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7)			
8)			
,			(6x2 = 12 Marks)

#### PART\_R

	PAKI	- <b>D</b>	
• •	not exceeding 150 words each	. Each questions	s carries 5 marks
1)			
2)			
3)			
4)			
5)			
6)			
			(4x5 = 20  Marks)
	PART	– C	
Answer any four questions.	Each questions carries 6 mar	ks	
1)			
2)			
3)			
4)			
5)			
			(4x6 = 24  Marks)
	PART	– D	
Answer any two questions.	Each questions carries 12 ma	rks	
1)			
2)			
3)			
			(2x12 = 24 Marks)