Main Paper I

INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

I Constitutional Development in India.


III Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy (with Special Reference to concerned Articles of the Constitution).

IV Government Structure.
   (a) Union Government.
      Executive: President and Vice President, Council of Ministers – Role of Prime Minister.
   (b) State Government.
      A brief study of State Legislature, Executive and Judiciary.

V Federal Dynamics.
   Features of Indian Federalism – Co-operative Federalism, Nature of Panchayat Raj Institutions in the Background of 73rd and 74th Amendments.

VI Parties and Party System.
   National and Regional Parties – Nature of Party System – Interest Groups and Pressure Groups – Coalition Politics.

VII Electoral System.
   Election Commission of India – Composition and Powers – Significance of Election Studies and Voting Behaviour.

VIII Major Challenges in Indian Politics
   1. Casteism and Communalism
   2. Politics of Reservation
   3. Human Rights Situation in India
   4. Corruption
   5. Regionalism
   6. Terrorism
BOOKS


Baxi, Upandra and Bhikhu Parekh (eds.) Crisis and Change in Contemporary India, Delhi: Sage, 1995.

Berberoglu, Berch (ed.) Class, State and Development in India, New Delhi, Sage, 1992.

Bhambrhi C.P. Indian Politics Since Independence, Delhi, Shirpa, 1996.


Chadha, Vivek, Low Intensity Conflicts in India: An Analysis, Sage, New Delhi, 2005.


Chatterjee, State and Politics in India Delhi: OUP, 1997.


Damodaran, Vinita and Maya Unnithan (Ed.), Post Colonial India, Manohar, New Delhi, 2000.

Datta, Prabhat, Regionalisation of Indian Politics, New Delhi Sterling, 1993.


Karlekar, Hiranmay, Independent India, OUP, Delhi, 1998.


Zachariah, Benjamin, Developing India: An Intellectual and Social History, OUP, New Delhi, 2005.

ARTICLES


Ahmed, Aijaz; Globalization and the Nation-State; Seminar No. 437, Annual 1995.


Bhambri, The Indian State: Journey from Intervention to Liberalisation.


Mukherjee, Ramakrishna ‘Caste in Its Self and Caste as Class,’ EPW Vol. XXXIV, No. 27; July, 3, 1999.


Towards Co-operative Federation: Revisioning the Centre – State Relations, The Radical Humanist, Vol. 60, No. 8, Nov. 96.


Main Paper II

COMPARATIVE POLITICS

Unit I : Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics – Distinction between Comparative Politics, Comparative Government and Comparative Political System.

Unit II : Socio-political and economic features of developing and developed countries.

Unit III : Constitution and Constitutionalism - Basic Features of the Constitutions of UK, USA, Switzerland, France and China.

Unit IV : Federalism – A Comparative Study of USA, India and Switzerland (Federation, Quasi-federation and Confederation) – Comparing Unitary Systems – UK, France and China.

Unit V : Executive – Legislative Relationships (UK, France, USA).

Unit VI : Administrative Law, Rule of Law, Judicial Review (France, UK, USA).


Unit VIII : Issues in Comparative Politics – Militarism, Terrorism, Religious – Fundamentalism and Ethnicity.

READING LIST

1. S.N. Ray : Modern Comparative Politics (Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1999)
2. Roger Charleton : Comparative Governments
3. Lawrence C. Mayer : Redefining Comparative Politics (Sage, New Delhi, 1989)
5. H. Scarrow : Comparative Political Analysis: An Introduction (New York, Har)
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<td>Class and Class Conflict in Industrial Society</td>
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<td>K. John Wilson Lewis</td>
<td>Leadership in Communist China</td>
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<td>China and the Third World Champion or Challenger</td>
<td>Groom Helm. London, 1986</td>
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<td>Richard Watson</td>
<td>Promise and Performance of American Democracy</td>
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<td>Martin O. Heisler (Ed.)</td>
<td>Politics in Europe: Structures and Processes' in Some Post Industrial Democracies avid Mckay &amp; New York, 1924</td>
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<td>Peter Burnell &amp; Vicky Randall</td>
<td>Politics in the Developing World, Oxford University Press, Delhi</td>
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Main Paper III
INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

Unit I
Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics.

Unit II
Major Actors of International System.
Nation State System, Evolution, Features, Territoriality, Sovereignty, Nationalism.
National Power, Elements of National power.
Non-State Actors, Features, Types, Impact.

Unit III
Approaches to the Study of International Politics - Idealism Vs. Realism, Game Theory, Communication Theory, Systems Theory, Dependency Theory.

Unit IV
Instruments for the Promotion of National Interest.
Foreign Policy and National Interest.
Nature of Foreign Policy, Determinants.
India's Foreign Policy: Basic Principles, Non-Alignment.
India and her Neighbours.
India and Major Powers.
India's Nuclear Policy.


Unit V
Mechanisms for Controlling Inter State Relations.
Pacific Settlement of Disputes – Meaning, Chief Methods.

Unit VI
International Organisations: World Community in Transition.
Evolution of International Organisations, United Nations Organisations, Major Organs, Specialised Agencies, Relevance, Restructuring of the UNO.
Regional Organisations: Importance, of Regional Organisations, Types of Regional Arrangements, Regional Arrangements in Europe, NATO, Regionalism in ASEAN and SAARC, UNO and Regional Organisations.
Disarmament and Arms Control: Meaning, Disarmament and UNO, Major Agreements of Disarmament – Future of Disarmament.
Unit VII : Post-Cold War International Politics.

READING LIST

<p>| 26. | Appadorai, A | Domestic Roots of India’s Foreign Policy, Delhi, OUP, 1971. |
| 27. | Appadorai, A | Select Documents on India’s Foreign Policy and Relations: 1947-72. |</p>
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<td>Nuclear India, New Delhi, Radiant</td>
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<td>India and the Non-Aligned World: Search for a New Order</td>
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<td>India-China Relations, Delhi, Radiant</td>
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<td>India’s Search for Power: Indira Gandhi’s Foreign Policy 1966-82</td>
<td>New Delhi, Sage, 1982</td>
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<td>Studies in India’s Foreign Policy</td>
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Main Paper IV

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION – THEORY AND PRACTICE


Unit III  *Chief Executive:* Administrative Functions and Role of Chief Executive as Trouble Shooter of Administration.


Unit V  Planning – Planning Commission of India and State Planning Board.


Unit IX  Public Policy and Management – Meaning and Relevance – Development Administration Theory and Practice.

Unit X  Participative Administration – District Administration – Role of District Collector – Structure and Functions of Panchayat Raj Institutions and Nagarapalika – Administrative Accountability – Lokpal and Lok Ayukta – Right to Information.
READING LIST
(Public Administration)

1. A. Avasti and S. Maheswari, Public Administration.
5. Felix Nigro, Modern Public Administration.
24. R.B. Jain, Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration.
27. Ramesh K. Arora, Comparative Public Administration.
Main Paper – V

POLITICAL THEORY AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

PART – I

Unit I  Approaches to the Study of Politics: Traditional, Behavioural, Post-Behavioural.

Unit II  Inter-disciplinary Approaches in Politics: Political Sociology, Political Economy, Geo-Politics.

Unit III  State: Elements of the State, Origin of State (Evolutionary Theory), Sovereignty, Monism and Pluralism.

Unit IV  Concepts: Liberty, Equality, Justice.

PART – II

Unit V  Classical Political Thinkers
Aristotle – Theory of State, Classification of Constitutions, Slavery, Revolutions.
Kant – Statecraft, Foreign Policy.

Unit VI  Modern Thinkers

Unit VII  Idealist Thinkers
Hegel: State, Dialectics.
T.H. Green: State, Rights, Political Obligation.

Unit VIII  Utilitarianism
Bentham: Utilitarianism.
Mill: Liberty, Individualism, Representative Government.

Unit IX  Marxian Thought

Unit X  Modern Indian Political Thought
Gandhiji: Moral Ideas, Ahimsa / Non-Violence, Gramaswaraj, Sathyagraha.
M.N. Roy: Radical Humanism.
Sree Narayana Guru: Sanathana Dharma, Humanist Secular Society.
READING LIST

2. N.P. Barry, "An Introduction to Modern Political Theory"
3. C.B. Macpherson, Life and Times of Liberal Democracy
5. D.D. Raphael, Problems of Political Philosophy
6. S.P. Varma, Modern Political Theory (Vikas, New Delhi, 1976)
7. W. Ebenstein, Great Political Thinkers
8. A. Giddens, Capitalism and Modern Social Theory
10. L. Straluss and J. Cropsey, eds., A History of Political Philosophy
11. S. Wolln, Politics and Vision (Boston, 1960)
12. V.R. Mehta, Ideology, Modernization and Politics in India
14. T. Pantham and K.L. Deutsch, eds., Political Thought in Modern India
15. Bhikhu Parekh, Gandhi's Political Philosophy
16. Randhir Singh, Rationalism, Romanticism and Political Theory, PPH, New Delhi, 1967
17. N. Winthrop, Liberal Democratic Theory and Its Critics
18. A.D. Smith, Theories and Nationalism
19. W.T. Bluhm, Theories of the Political System (London, 1971)
20. I. Berlin, Four Essays on Liberty
21. M.J. Sandel, Liberalism and Its Critics
27. Bertrand Russell, History of Western Philosophy (London, 1955)
28. Dante Germino, Modern Western Political Thought: Machiavelli to Marx (Chicago, 1972)
29. Carew Hunt, The Theory and Practice of Communism
30. M. Judd Hare, Political Thought: From Plato to the Present (McGraw – Hill Book Company, New York, 1964)
Group A: Elective Paper: I

INTRODUCTION TO PUBLIC POLICY ANALYSIS

Unit I Meaning, Nature and Scope of Public Policy.

Unit II Determinants of Public Policy – Culture, Development, Coercion, Ideology, Environment.

Unit III Major Stages in Policy Process.
- Policy Formulation
- Policy Implementation
- Policy Evaluation

Unit IV Public Policy and Bureaucracy.

Unit V Public Policy and Civil Society.
- Influence on Media – Political Parties – Interest Groups – N.G.Os etc.

Unit VI Identifying Specific Policies in India.
- Agricultural Policy
- Welfare Policy
- Education Policy
- Foreign Policy

Unit VII Public Policy Experience in Kerala.
- Decentralization Policies
9. Ishwar Dayal et. al. : Dynamics of Formulating Policy in Govt. of India, Concept Publishing House, Delhi, 1976
12. S.N. Ray : Modern Comparative Politics Prentice Hall, Delhi, 1999
Group A: Elective Paper - II

Decentralization and Participatory Democracy

Total 6 Units

Exp. Hours: 200/year

UNIT - 1

Decentralized Democracy

(i) Decentralization - Conceptual Definition – Meaning.

(ii) Dimension of Decentralization -
    Functional Decentralization
    Administrative Decentralization
    Financial Decentralization
    Political Decentralization

(iii) Approaches of Decentralization -
     Liberal Democratic - Socialist - Gandhian

(iv) Participatory Democracy - Concept. (35 hrs.)

UNIT - 2

Decentralized Democracy in India

(i) Origin and Evolution -

(ii) British - Indian - rural local self govt. under the crown - Lord Ripon's Resolution -
    Decentralization commission 1907 - Local Bodies Under Diarchy and Provincial Autonomy.

    Poverty Alleviation Programmes - 64th and 65th Constitution Amendments (1989) -

(45 hrs.)
UNIT - 3

New Initiatives in Decentralization

(i) 73rd and 74th Amendments - Salient Features.
(ii) Powers and Function of PRIs Under New Legislations.
(iv) Scheduled Area Act 1996.
(v) Advantages and Limitations of New Legislation. (30 hrs.)

UNIT - 4

Decentralization and Development

(i) Concept of Development - Liberal Capitalist, Socialist, Gandhian, Mixed Economy Conceptions.
(ii) Developmental Issues - poverty, Inequality, Regional Disparity, Rural Class Structure, Gender and Dalit issues. (30 hrs.)

UNIT - 5

Decentralized Planning

(i) Centralized Vs. Decentralized Planning.
(ii) Participatory Planning.
(iii) Kerala Experience of Decentralization.
(iv) Grama Sabha - Significance - Transparency - Citizen's character - Rural Empowerment.
(v) Kudumbasree and Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs).
(vi) Women Empowerment and Capability Building.
(vii) Social Audit. (40 hrs.)

UNIT - 6

Election to the Local Self Govts.

(i) State Election Commission - 'Constitution & Powers.
(ii) Reservation of seats for Women and SC/ST.
(iii) The Institution of Ombudsman. (20 hrs.)
READING LIST

2. George Mathew - Panchayati Raj from - Legislation to Movement, (Concept)
7. Meenakshi Sundaram - Decentralization in Developing Countries.
**Group B: Elective Paper III**

**STATE AND SOCIETY IN KERALA**

2. Social Reform Movements and Its Philosophy.
   (Sree Narayana Guru, Ayyankali, Chattambi Swamigal)

**READING LIST**

10. Das D. Jayadev

11. E.M.S Namboodiripad
   State and Society of Kerala

12. Vic., Victor M

13. A. Balakrishnan Nair

14. G. Gopa Kumar
   Congress Party and State Politics, Delhi, 1984.

15. G. Gopa Kumar
   Regional Parties and State Politics, Delhi, 1986.

16. Suresh Kumar, R.K

17. Radhakrishna Kurup, G

18. Abraham, V
   Caste, Class and Agrarian Relations in Kerala, Reliance, New Delhi, 2005.

19. Prabhash, J

20. Somarajan C.N
   Pressure Groups and Democratic Politics.

21. Jaya Prakash
   Role of Opposition in Kerala Legislature.

22. Filippo Osella and Carolena Osella

23. Raman Pillai, K

24. Ramakrishnan Nair
   Social Structure and Political Development in Kerala, Trivandrum, 1976.

25. Abraham Mathew
   Role of Panchayaths in Welfare Administration (Delhi: Kalpaaz, 2006)
Group B: Elective Paper: IV

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

CHAPTERS

I. Social Science Research: Significance and Social Relevance.


IV. Components of Research Design

V. Methods of Data Collection: Primary Sources of Data and Secondary Sources of Data. Questionnaire, Interview and Observation.


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<td>Scientific Methods in Social Science Research</td>
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Group B: Elective Paper V

HUMAN RIGHTS

Unit I  Human Rights: Conceptualisation, Origin and Growth.
Unit II Approaches to Human Rights: Liberal, Democratic and Marxist Traditions.
Unit IV Human Rights Under the Indian Constitution - Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy, Right to Education and Right to Information.
Unit V Human Rights Instrumentalities: Judiciary and National and State Human Rights Commissions.
Unit VI Police and Human Rights.
Unit VII Bureaucracy and Human Rights.
Unit VIII Women, Children and Human Rights – Women Empowerment and Capability Building
Unit IX Dalits and Human Rights.
Unit X Human Rights Movements in India.

READING LIST

BOOKS

23. Kothari, Search of Human Governance (Delhi : Ajanta Books).


ARTICLES


Syllabus for B.A (Subsidiary) Political Science

UNIT I POLITICAL SCIENCE
1. Definition – Nature – Scope
2. Relationship with Sociology – History – Economics – Psychology

UNIT II MAJOR APPROACHES TO THE STUDY OF POLITICAL SCIENCE
1. Traditional – Behavioural – Post-Behavioural Approaches

UNIT III STATE
1. Elements of State – Civil Society

UNIT IV POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES
Liberalism – Democracy – Marxism – Gandhism

UNIT V POLITICAL SYSTEM
1. Political System – Characteristics – Functions
2. Legislature – Executive – Judiciary – Their Role and Functions
   *(To be taught by drawing examples from USA, UK, France and India)*

UNIT VI POLITICAL DYNAMICS
2. Theories of Representation – Territorial – Functional – Minority Representations
3. Interest Groups and Pressure Groups – Meaning – Role – Importance

Unit VII INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM
1. Indian Constitution – Salient Features
2. Judiciary in India – Structure and Functions

UNIT VIII ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESS
1. Public Administration – Meaning and Importance
2. E-Governance
3. Panchayat Raj Institutions – Structure and Functions

UNIT IX GLOBAL POLITICS
1. U.N.O. Structure – Functions
2. Globalisation and Its Impact on Third World