BA 18/amie History

2005 Admission

## **SYLLABUS**

**FOR** 

# BA

# ISLAMIC HISTORY

2005

KERALA UNIVERSITY
TRIVANDRUM
2005

# BA DEGREE IN ISLAMIC HISTORY Scheme of Examination with effect from 2005 Admissions

Paper No	Name of Paper	Duration of Examination	Marks Maximum
Paper I	Emergence of Islamic Culture	3 Hrs	100
Paper II	Umayyads and Abbasids	3 Hrs	100
Paper III	Succession States and Islam in Europe	3 Hrs	100
Paper IV	Islam in Medieval India	3 Hrs	100
Paper V	Indian Muslims in Freedom Movement	3 Hrs	100
Paper VI	Islam in the Modern world	3 Hrs	100

#### Paper I

# **Emergence of Islamic Culture**

# Module I: Pre-prophetic Arabia

Geographical features of Jazirah al Arab – Social and Religious conditions of Asr al Jahiliyyah – the position of women – Ayyamul Arab – Sab'al Muallaqat.

# Module II: Pre-prophetic Arabian History

Arabians as Semites - History of the Arabian Prophets - South Arabian and North Arabian kingdoms - Economic and Political conditions - Makkah and its Holy Sanctuary - Ibrahim, Hajarah, Ismail and the Quraysh

### Module III: Muhammad in Makkah

Early life – Muhammad as Al-Amin – Muhammad as family man – the Revelation of Qur'an – Muhammad as the Last Prophet of Allah – the Meetings of Aqaba – the Hijra.

### Module IV: Muhammad in Madinah

The Prophet at Madinah – Covenant of Madinah as the First Citizen's chart - Ansars and Muhajirs – Campaigns of Badr, Uhud, Khandaq and Khaybar – Treaty of Hudaybiyyah – Fath Makkah – Hajjatul Wida' – Last Sermon, the First Human Rights Declaration – Transformation brought about by Islam.

## Module V: Basics of Islam

Fundamentals of Islam

Tawhid, Risalah and Akhirah

Five pillars of Islam

Shahadah, Salat, Zakat, Sawm and Hajj

Articles of faith

In Allah, Angels, Books, Prophets, Day

of Judgement and Qadr.

Basic Islamic Terms of Contemporary Relevance : Hijrah, Jihad, Ijtihad, Shariah, Da'wah, Riba, Nikah and Talaq

#### Module VI Life in Islam

Institutions of Islam : the family, Masjid, Madrasah, Waqf, Ukhuwwah and Harah.

Social and Economic Teachings of Islam – Human and Women's Right in Islam – Environment and its importance in Islam – Islamic teachings against Female Infanticide – Health and Hygiene in Islam.

## Module VII: Abubakr and Umar: The Pious Caliphs

Abubakr - Riddah Wars - Khalid's victorious March - Umar - Qadisiyyah war - the capture of Jerusalem and Egypt - Administration of Umar

#### ModuleVIII: Uthman and Ali

Uthman - His policies and measures - his family connections - Compilation of Qur'an - Popular uprisings - Ali - shifting of the capital - Jamal war - conflict between Ali and Mu'awiyah - Siffin war - Characteristic features of Khilafat

#### Map Study

- 1. Geographical features of Arabia
- South Arabian and North Arabian Kingdoms
- Arabia at the time of Prophet Muhammad
- Caliphate under Umar

#### **Books Recommended**

Haykal, M.H - Life of Muhammad

Ameer Ali - 1. Spirit of Islam

2. A short History of Saracens

Athar Husain - I. Prophet Muhammad and his Mission

2. The Glorious Caliphate

Ahmed, A.S - 1. Discovering Islam

2. Living Islam

Hitti, P.K. - History of the Arabs

### Paper II

# Umayyads and Abbasids

## Module I: Establishment of the Umayyah Dynasty

Mu'awiyah and consolidation of the empire – Transformation from Khilafat to Mulukiyat – Yazid I and battle of Karbala – Rival Khilafat of Abdullah Ibn Zubayr

## Module II Abdul Malik and Walid I

Expansion of the empire during Abdul Malik – Administrative changes and Arabicisation – Khariji insurrections during Walid I – Expansion of the empire into Central Asia, Sind and Spain.

# Module III Reforms in the Dynasty

Umar Ibn Abdul Aziz – his character and policy – Administrative reforms – Marwan II and decline of the empire

# Module IV Some aspects of Umayyah rule

Social life and Intellectual development – The Mawalis and Dhimmis – Development of Education, Science and Architecture

# Module V Establishment of Abbasiyah Dynasty

The famous banquet and Abul Abbas al Saffah – Abu Ja'far al Marsur: the real founder of Abbasiyah Dynasty – The city of Baghdad as the hub of universe.

# Module VI The splendour that was Baghdad

Al – Mahdi – Rise and fall of Barmakids – splendour of Harun al Rashid's reign - Al – Amin and Al – Ma'mun – Baitul Hikmah – Ma'mun's heterodox views – the Mu'tazila.

## Module VII Life under Abbasids

Persianisation of Abbasiyah court – Elegance and luxury – Status of women – Slavery – Social, Economic and Intellectual Life – Age of Translation – Indian, Persian and Greek influence.

### Module VIII Scientific and Literary Progress

Development in Medicine – Astronomy – Mathematics – Historiography – Sihah al Sittah – Fiqh – Four Schools of Thought – development of Education – Literature.

#### Map Study

- 1. Umayyah empire at its height
- 2. Abbasiyah empire under Harun al Rashid
- 3. The Abbasiyah empire in 1258

#### **Books Recommended**

Hitti, P.K.

Histoty of the Arabs

Ameer Ali

1. Short Histoty of the Saracens

2. Spirit of Islam

Khuda Bakhsh

Arab Civilization

P.M Holt & others

The Cambridge History of Islam

S.F. Mahmud

A Short History of Islam

#### Paper III

## Succession States and Islam in Europe

### Module 1: Umayyah Rule in Spain

Spain on the eve of Arab conquest - Tariq Ibn Ziyad and Musa Ibn Nusayr - Abd al Rahman I - Abd al Rahman III - Al Hakam II - Banu Nasr of Granada - Murabits - Muwahhids - Socio - Economic conditions - causes for the fall of Muslims in Spain.

#### Module 11 Contribution of Muslim Spain to Europe

Health ad Hygiene - Literature and Education - Arts and Architecture - Botany
and Medicine - Astronomy and Mathematics - Philosophy - Music

#### Module III Islam in Sicily

Conquest of Sicily by Aghlabis - The Fatimis in Sicily - Efflorescence of Arab - Norman Culture

#### Module IV The Ottoman Turks

Origin and growth of Ottoman power - Age of Ghazis - Muhammad II and conquest of Constantinople - Salim I and assumption of Caliphate - Sulayman the Magnificient.

## Module V Decline of the Ottoman Empire

Political and Military factors - Social and Economic factors - Administration : Sublime Porte, Yenecheri, Millat System.

## Module VI Fatimids of Egypt

Ismailism - Al Aziz and Al-Muizz - Al Hakim - Al Azhar - Scientific and Literary progress under Fatimids

## Module VII The Petty dynasties

The Saljuqs - Mamluks - Buwayhids - Safawids - Safarids - Ghaznawids - Ayyubids -

## Module VIII The Crusades

The causes – the Zangis – Salah al Din Ayyubi – The Battle of Hittin – Siege of Akka – Results of the Crusades.

#### Map Study

- The Eastern Sultanate in the 10<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> centuries
- The Ottoman empire under Salim I
- 3. Egypt and Ifrikiya under the Fatimis
- Spain under Abd al Rahman III

#### **Books Recommended**

Hitti, P.K. History of the Arabs Shaw, Stanford J. History of Ottoman Empire and modern Turkey (Vol. I) Lane Poole, Stanley Moors in Spain Glubb, John Begot 1. Empire of Arabs 2. Course of the Empire Aziz Ahmed History of Islamic Society Concise History of Muslim World (Vol. 3) Rafi Ahmed Fidai Fisher, S.N. The Middle East – A History Price, Philip M History of Turkey Ameer Ali 1. Spirit of Islam 2. A short History of Saracens Spuler, Bertold

The Muslim World (Part II and III)

### Paper IV

## Islam in Medieval India

# Module I Advent of Islam in India

Indo - Arab links through Trade - Survey of Socio - Political and Religious conditions of India - Muhammad Ibn Qasim - The Ghaznawis and Ghuris

#### The Delhi Sultanate Module II

Balban – Alauddin Khilji – Muhammad Ibn Tughluq and Firuz Shah Tughluq – causes for decline.

## Module III Some Aspects of Sultanates

Administration and society - Bhakti movement and Sufi orders - Education and Historiography - Amir Khusrau and Ziauddin Burani

# Module IV The Mughal Empire

Babar - Shersha Sur - Akbar - Shah Jahan - Aurangzib - The down fall

# Module V Petty dynasties

Bahmini Kingdom and Mahmud Ghawan - Hyderabad : Nizamul Mulk and Nizam Ali - Bengal : Siraj al Dawlah and Mir Qasim - Oudh : Sadat Khan and Shuja al Dawlah

# Module VI Administration and Society

Mansabdari System - Cultural Symbiosis between Hinduism and Islam - Indo Saracenic Architecture

# Module VII Cultural Development

Education - Historiography: Babar, Abdul Fazal and Khafikhan - Calligraphy, Miniature Painting, Literature

# Module VIII Islam in Kerala

Origin and spread - Mappilas of Malabar - Mappilas against Potuguese imperialism - Zamorins and Kunjali Marakkars - Ali Rajas of Kannur - Socio cultural change among Mappilas.

## Map Study

- North India on the eve of the Turkish Invasion 1.
- The Delhi Sultanate under Alauddin Khilji
- The extent of Delhi Sultanate under Muhammad Ibn Tughluq 2. 3.
- Mughal empire under Akbar 4.
- Mughal empire at its zenith 5.

## **Books Recommended**

Medieval India under Muslim Rule Jaffar, S.M.

A new History of Medieval India Banarji, A.C

History of Medieval India Ishwari Prasad

Medieval India from Sultanate to the Mughals Satish Candra

Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan Ashraf, K.M

Freedom Movement Tarachand

Mappila Muslims of Kerala Ibrahim Kunju, A.P

Mappila Musiims of Kerala Miller, R.E

Muhammad Ali, K.T -The Development of Education among the

Mappilas of Malabar

Islam in Kerala Shah, S.M

Seyd Muhammad, P.A-Kerala Muslim Charithram (Mal)

Muhammad Kunji, P.K -Muslimkalum Kerala Samskaravum (Mal)

Bahavuddin, K.M. Kerala Muslimkal Porattathinte Charithram (Mal)

#### Paper V

## Indian Muslims in Freedom Movement

#### Module I: The Early Phase

Muslim Opposition to British Ascendancy – War of Plassey, 1757- Banaras conspiracy- the Fara'idi Movement – the Wahhabi Movement of Sayyid Ahmad Barelawi- The Revolt of 1857.

#### Module II Aligarh Movement

Sir. Sayyid Ahmed Khan – His educational contributions- Political ideas - Social and Religious views – Reconciliation of British – Muslim Relations.

#### Module III Political Involvement

All India Muslim League – Aims and objectives – Demand for Separate Electorate – Partition of Bengal – Hindu – Muslim Unity – Lucknow Pact – Khilafat – Non co-operation Movements – Ali Brothers – Allama Muhammad Iqbal – Muhammad Ali Jinnah – Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan.

#### Module IV Roots of Seperatism

Nehru Report and fourteen points of Jinnah – Presidential Address of Iqbal – Pakistan Project of Chaudhari Rahmat Ali – Provincial elections of 1936 – Congress – League rivalry – Deoband Ulamas and Two Nations Theory – Mawlana Mahmud Hasan and Mawlana Abul Kalam Azad.

## Module V Towards Freedom

Lahore session of League and Demand for Pakistan – Hindu Mahasabha and Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh – Cripps Mission – Quit India Movement – Cabinet Mission plan – Direct Action – Mount Batten Plan – Partition of India – Analysis of causes

## Module VI Role of Kerala Muslims

Mappila peasants against British imperialism – The Great revolt of 1921:

Nature, causes, course and effects – Nationalist Muslims under Muhammad Abdul

Rahman – E. Moidu Mawlawi – Vakkom Khader – Role of Muslim League in post independent politics.

## Module VII Haydar Ali and Tipu Sultan

Against British imperialism - The Mysore Wars - Anti British Alliances of Tipu Sultan - Tipus' Martydom.

## Module VIII Reformist Trends in Kerala

The Islahi movement - Vakkom Mawlawi - The Kerala Muslim Aikya Sangham - Madrasah movement.

#### **Map Study**

- 1. Major centres of 1857 Revolt
- 2. Revolt of 1921 : Important Places
- 3. Chaudhari Rahmat Ali's map of Pakistan
- The state of Mysore under Tipu Sultan

### **Books Recommended**

Ram Gopal - Indian Muslims : A Political History

Col. Graham - Life and Works of Sir Sayyid Ahmad

Aziz, K.K - Britain and Muslim India

Mujeeb, M - Indian Muslims

Shakir, Moin - Khilafat to partition

Chopra, P.N. - Indian Muslims in freedom struggle

Ibrahim Kunju, A.P - Mappila Muslims of Kerala

Gangadharan, M - Mappila Rebellion

Abdul Samad, M - Islam in Kerala

Azad, Abul Kalam - India Wins Freedom

Rajendra Prasad, Dr - India Divided

### Paper VI

## Islam in the Modern World

## Module I Turkey: The Era of Reforms

The Tanzimat - Constitutional Movement under Abdul Hamid II - the Young Turk Revolution and counter revolution

## Module II Turkey and Fist World War

Causes for joining central powers - Treaty of Severes and Lausanne - Mustafa Kemal and Turkish Republic - Kemalism - Post Kemalist Turkey.

## Module III Turkish Nationalism

Pan Islamism - Pan Turkism - Balkan v/ars - Zia Gokalp and Jamaluddin Afghani

### Module IV Egypt

Napoleon's invasion of Egypt - Muhammad Ali and Khedive Ismail -Construction of Suez Canal - British occupation of Egypt - Egyptian nationalism -Arabi Pasha's revolt - Sa'd Zaghlul - Military coup of 1952 and formation of Republic - Nationalism of Suez Canal - Egypt - Israel war - Camp David Accord.

## Module V Palestine

Zionism - First World War and Balfour declaration - Palestine under mandate -British policy in Palestine - Establishment of Israel - Arab - Israeli conflict.

## Module VI Iran

Establishment Pahlavi dynasty – Muhammad Riza Shah Pahlavi – Dr. Muhammad Musaddiq - Islamic Revolution under Ayatullah Qumayni - Post Revolutionary Iran - Relations with Iraq.

# Module VII The Arab World

Arab World after World War I - Fertile Crescent under Mandate - Formation of Syria and Lebanon - Emergence of Saudi Arabia - Independence of Iraq and Trans Jordan.

# Module VIII Arab Nationalism

Abdul Rahman al Kawakibi – Arab Revolt –Arab League -- PLO – Hamas

## Map Study

- Turkey under Abdul Hamid II 1.
- Fertile Crescent under Mandate System 2.
- Israel between 1948 and 1973 3.

## **Books** Recommended

The Middle East Today Peretz, Don

A short History of the Middle East Kirk, G.E

The Middle East A History Fisher, S.N

History of Ottoman Empire and Modern Turkey Shaw, Stanford J

(Vol. 2)

Cambridge History of Islam Holt, P.M

Emergence of Turkey Lewis, Bernard

Smith, W.C Islam in Modern History

Haledah Edib Hanam -Conflict of East and West Turkey

Davison, Roderik. H. -Modern Turkey

Roy, Atul Chandra International Relations since 1919