UNIVERSITY OF KERALA

COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABI FOR MASTER OF ARTS IN MUSIC (MRIDANGAM) (578) MA MUSIC (MRIDANGAM)

UNDER FACULTY OF FINE ARTS

CHOICE BASED CREDIT & SEMESTER SYSTEM (CBCSS)



Outcome Based Teaching, Learning and Evaluation (2022 Admission onwards)

UNIVERSITY OF KERALA

MA MUSIC(MRIDANGAM) DEGREE COURSE(578)

SCHEME & SYLLABUS

Programme Outcome

The scheme and Syllabus covered will lead the learner to the essence of the subject in Post Graduate Level and also help them to acquire knowledge with the upto-date demands of the field of Music. This Curriculum ensures continues training in the practical and theoretical aspects of rhythm, it also aims a strong foundation of Tala to the learners which enable them to apply in the advanced mode of learning.

After transacting various modules of the programme, the learner will be able to:-

- Identify the outcome oriented approach in the curriculum.
- Observe the theoretical as well as practical areas of Mridangam which were included in the curriculum.
- Adapt multi-cultural competence.
- Acquire disciplinary knowledge in Mridangam
- Interpret Tala and Laya.
- Apply the theoretical aspects in practical Music concerts.
- Identify the structure of the rhythmical forms.
- Demonstrate Talas and rhythmical forms.
- Differentiate Talas and apply improvisation of different GathiBhedas.
- Accompany in Music concerts and Dance forms.

MA MUSIC (MRIDANGAM) DEGREE COURSE (578)

STRUCTURE AND MARK DISTRIBUTION

Se	Paper	Title of the Paper	Distribution	Instructiona I hours / week L P		ESA	Maximum Marks		
me ster	Code		on hours per semester			Duratio n hours	CA	ESA	TOTAL
	MR 211	Theory Paper I	108	6		3 hrs	25	75	100
		Evolution of Mridangam							
	MR 212	Theory Paper II	126	7		3 hrs	25	75	100
		Exponents in Mridangam							
1	MR 213	Practical Paper I	108		6	3 hrs	25	75	100
		Variety of Korvas and							
		Taniyavarttanam							
	MR 214	Practical Paper II	108		6	3 hrs	25	75	100
		Panchajati Ta-Ti-Ki-Ta-Tom with							
		Trikalas and Taniyavartanam							
	MR 221	Theory Paper III	108	6		3 hrs	25	75	100
		Mridangam& Allied Percussion							
		instruments							
	MR 222	Theory Paper IV	126	7		3 hrs	25	75	100
		Music &Mridangam							
2	MR 223	Practical Paper III-	108		6	3 hrs	25	75	100
		Kurappus&Taniyavarttanam							
	MR 224	Practical Paper IV	126		6	3 hrs	25	75	100
		Tatthakkarams&Avarttanams							
	MR 231	Theory Paper V –Tala (A)	108	6		3 hrs	25	75	100
	MR 232	Theory Paper VI-Tala (B)	126	7		3 hrs	25	75	100
	MR 233	Practical Paper V	108		6	3 hrs	25	75	100
		Mridangam accompaniment for							
3		different musical forms							
	MR 234	Practical Paper VI	108		6	3 hrs	25	75	100
		Pallavi playing with Tatthakkaram							
	MR 241	Theory Paper VII – Pallavi	108	6		3 hrs	25	75	100
	MR 242	Theory Paper VIII – Musicology	126	7		3 hrs	25	75	100
	MR 243	Practical Paper VII –Intricate	108		6	3 hrs	25	75	100
		pallavi in various talas							
	MR244	Practical Paper VIII-	108		6	1 hrs	25	75	100
4		Concert							
	MR 245	Dissertation	20% Based on Viva & 80% on Evaluation						100
	MR 246	Comprehensive Viva	Based on 16 Papers						100
	Grand Total								
L: Lecture P: Practical CA: Continuous Assessment ESA: End Semester Assessment									

Note: Practical Exams for the I & II semesters will be held at the end of the II semester and Practical Exams for the III & IV semesters will be conducted at the end of the IV semester

KERALA UNIVERSITY

MA MUSIC (MRIDANGAM) DEGREE COURSE(578)

SYLLABUS

FIRST SEMESTER

MR 211 - THEORY PAPER IEVOLUTION OF MRIDANGAM

COURSE OUTCOME

- To recognize the evolution of Mridangam.
- To identify the concept and origin of Mridangam

LEARNING OUTCOME

After Transacting the Modules the learner will be able to:-

- Identify the origin, development, playing technique and construction of the percussion instrument Mridangam.
- Acquire an awareness of the period of Vedic Music.
- Identify the instruments figuring in Vedic Period.
- Familiarize the Brindaganam Chinnamelam and Periyamelam.
- Identify the Temple Instruments of Kerala.
- Recognize the Musical Stone Pillars.

Module-1. Origin of Mridangam

Module-2. Development of Mridangam through ages

Module-3. Technique of playing and construction of Mridangam

Module-4. Vedic music

Module-5. Musical instruments figuring in Vedic period (stringed, wind and percussion)

Module-6.Bindaganam: - Chinnamelam and Periyamelam

Module-7. Instruments used in Kerala temples

Module-8. Musical stone pillars of South India

Reference:

1. Mridangam An Indian Classical Percussion Drum JayanthiGopal

2. MridangaBodhini Prof. Parassala Ravi

3. South Indian Music Prof. P Sambamoorthy

MR 212 - THEORY PAPER II

EXPONENTS IN MRIDANGAM

COURSE OUTCOME

- Identify the role and contribution of musical Trinity
- Awareness of the Mridangam exponents at the period of ancient, medieval and modern.
- Familiarize the art of accompaniment.
- Acquire the knowledge of Musical Honours and Titles. LEARNING
 OUTCOME

- Awareness of the life and contribution of Tyagaraja, Dikshitar and SyamaSastri.
- Observe the life and contributions of ancient, medieval and modern period exponents of Mridangam.
- Recognize the role of percussionists in Carnatic music concert.
- Identify the Musical Honours and Titles.
- Module-1Life and contributions of musical trinity of South India Tyagaraja,
 MuthuswamiDikshitar and SyamaSastri
- 2. **Module-2**Life and contributions of great Mridangam exponents lived in ancient period NarayanaswamiAppa and MamundiaPilla

- 3. **Module-3**Medieval period Palakkad Mani Iyer, PalaniSubramanyaPillai, TanjoreVaidyanathaIyer and T S Murugabhupati
- 4. **Module-4**Modern period: Mavelikkara K Velukutty Nair, MavelikkaraKrishnankutty Nair, UmayalpuramSivaraman, Palakkad Raghu and T K Murthy.
- 5. **Module-5**Role of percussionists in Carnatic music concerts.
- 6. **Module-6**Musical Honours and titles

Reference:

1. Resounding Mridangam Erikavu N Sunil

2. South Indian Music Prof. P Sambamoorthy

3. Mridangam – The King of Percussions Dr. T V Gopalakrishnan

SECOND SEMESTER MR221 - THEORY PAPER III

MRIDANGAM &ALLIED PERCUSSION INSTRUMENTS.

COURSE OUTCOME

- Acquire the knowledge of drum class Instruments and different types of Ensembles.
- Identify Thayambaka and contributions of exponents in it.
- Recognize the instruments used in Kathakali.
- Analyze the importance of Layavinyasam and Jazz Music.

LEARNING OUTCOME

- Acquire the knowledge of drum class instruments, history, construction and playing techniques.
- Acquire awareness of Panchavadyam and Chendamelam.
- Identify Thayambakaand contributions of exponents in it.

- Observe the instruments used in Kathakali.
- Recognize the importance of Layavinyasam.
- Identify Vrindavadyam, Jugalbandhi and Jazz Music.

Module-1Classification of drum class instruments

Module-2History, construction and technique of playing of the following instruments

- (a) Ganchira
- (b) Ghatom
- (c) Tavil
- (d) Chenda
- (e) Idakka
- (f) Maddalam
- (g) Muharsankh
- (h) Tabla

Module-3Detailed knowledge of the Panchavadyam ensemble and its presentation

Module-4Chendamelam and its characteristic features

Module-5Detailed study of Tayambaka and contributions of exponents in it (PallavurAppuMarar and AliparambuSivaramaPoduval)

Module-6Instruments used in Kathakali

Module-7Significance of Layavinyasam in Carnatic music

Module-8Vrindavadyam

Module-9Knowledge of Jugalbandhi and Jazz music.

Reference:

1. South Indian Music Vol III Prof. P Sambamoorthy

2. DakshinendianSangeetam (Mal) A K Raveendranath

3. KeralathileKshetravadyaKalakal (Mal) K V RajagopalanKidavu

4. Mridangam An Indian Classical Percussion Drum JayanthiGopal

MR 222 - THEORY PAPER IV MUSIC AND MRIDANGAM

COURSE OUTCOME

- Identify the Laya Vadyas used in Hindustani Music, Film Music and Folk Music.
- Observe the role of Mridangam in BharataNatyam and other classical dance.
- Familiarize the construction, playing technique of some instruments like- Violin, Veena, Gottuvadyam and Flute.
- Acquire playing method of Pallavi, Anupallavi, Charanamof the compositions and Manodharmasangita

LEARNING OUTCOME

- Aware of HindustaniLayaVadyas
- Observe the role of percussion instruments in Hindustani Music, Film Music and Folk arts.
- Acquire the importance of Mridangam in BharataNatyam& other Classical Forms.
- Identify the construction, playing technique for Violin, Veena, Gottuvadyam& Flute.
- Acquire playing method of Mridangam in Pallavi, Anupallavi, Charanam&ManodharmaSangita.
 - Module 1Layavadyas in Hindustani music
 - Module 2Role of percussion instrumentalists in Hindustani music
 - Module 3Role of percussion instruments in film music
 - Module 4Role of percussion instruments in folk arts
 - **Module 5**Importance of Mridangam in BharataNatyamand other classical dances

Module 6Construction and technique of playing the following instruments

- (a) Violin
- (b) Veena
- (c) Gottuvadyam
- (d) Flute

Module 7Playing method of Mridangam adopted for Pallavi, Anupallavi and Charanam in classical music compositions

Module 8Playing method of Mridangam adopted for ManodharmaSangita

Reference:

1.	An Introduction to Indian Music	B Chaitanya Deva
2.	DakshinendianSangeetam (Mal)	A K Raveendranath
3.	Mridangam -The King of Percussions	Dr. T V Gopalakrishnan
4.	Music and BharataNatyam	Dr. S Bhagyalekshmi
5.	Classical Indian Dance in Literature and the Arts	KapilaVatsyayan

THIRD SEMESTER MR 231 - THEORY PAPER V TALA (A)

COURSE OUTCOME

- Realize the importance of Tala and its varieties.
- Familiarize the Anga and its varieties.

LEARNING OUTCOME

- Observe the Tala and its role in Music.
- Aware to make different composition in Yati Patterns
- IdentifyAnga& its varieties, DasaPranas, SaptaTalas, 35
 Talas,DesadiMadhyadiTalas,ChapuTalas, 108 Talas&PanchaTalas.

• Identify TiripugazhTalas and NavasandhiTalas.

Module 1 Tala and its place in music

Module 2Ability to make different compositions in Yati patterns

Module 3Shadangas and Shodasangas

Module 4Taladasapranas

Module 5 Saptatalas, 35 tala scheme and its expansion

Module 6Desadi and Madhyaditalas – Chaputala and its varieties

Module 7Outline knowledge of 108 talas – Significance of Panchatalas

Module 8Rhythmic excellence of Tirupugazh hymns and the talas used in it

Module 9Knowledge of Navasandhitalas

Reference:

1. MridangaBodhini Prof. Parassala Ravi

2. South Indian Music Prof. V Sambamoorthy

3. SangeethaSasthraPravesika Dr. S VenkitaSubramanyaIyer

4. Splendor of South Indian MusicDr. (Fr.) P T Chelladurai

MR 232 - THEORY PAPER VI TALA (B)

COURSE OUTCOME

- Recognize different patterns and definitions.
- Realize Thaniyavarthanam in concerts.
- Aware of KathakaliTalas.
- Acquire Mallari and Kerala Talas.

LEARNING OUTCOME

- Identify different definitions of Compositions.
- Observe advanced role of Thaniyavarthanam.

- Ability to constructMuthaipu.
- Compare and contrastKathakali& Carnatic Talas.
- Demonstrate Mallari & Kerela Talas.
- RecognizeHindustani& Carnatic Talas.

Module 1Definition of following terms

Yati, Jaati, Cholkettu, Muthayippu, Korvai, Mohra, Aksharakalam, Aksharam and Matra

Module 2Procedure of Taniyavarthanam in concerts

Module 3Formation of Muthayippu

Module 4Comparative study of the following kathakalitalas with the Carnatic talas

- (a) Chempata
- (b) Champa
- (c) Adanta
- (d) Triputa
- (e) Muriyatanta
- (f) Panchari

Module 5Detailed study of Mallari

Module 6Detailed study of Kerala Talas

Module 7A comparative study of the talas used in Hindustani and Carnatic music

Reference:

1.	MridangaBodhini	Prof. Parassala Ravi
2.	Mridangam – The King of Percussion	Dr. T V Gopalakrishnan
3.	KeraleeyaMelakala - ChendaMelam	P S Varyar
4.	DakshinendianSangeetam (Mal)	A K Raveendranath
5.	Learn to Play Tabla	Ram Avatar Vir

FOURTH SEMESTER

MR 241 - THEORY PAPER VII

PALLAVI

COURSE OUTCOME

- Identify of Pallavi and its notation, Thathakkaram, Anuloma, Pratiloma and varieties.
- Acquire recent trends and development of Music.
- Demonstrate tuning of Mridangam.
- Observe Kacheri Dharma.

LEARNING OUTCOME

After Transacting the Modules the learner will be able to:-

- DemonstrateNotation of Pallavi, Thathakkaram, Anuloma, Pratiloma and Varieties.
- Identify acknowledged Kurappu.
- Recognise recent trends and development of Music.
- Observe Tuning of Mridangam.
- Differentiate Kacheri Dharma.

Module 1Notation of a Pallavi and its Tatthakkaram

Module 2Detailed study of acknowledged Kurrappuin different talas

Module 3Rules regarding the Anuloma and Pratiloma in Pallavi

Module 4Varieties of Pallavi

Module 5Structure of Pallavi and its exposition

Module 6Recent trends and development in music with reference to concerts, music education, electrified instruments etc

Module 7Tuning of Mridangam - adjustments of tuning of Mridangam according to the Meettu and Chappu

Module 8Kacheri dharma – Rules to be followed in a classical music concert

Reference:

South Indian Music Prof. P Sambamoorthy
 DakshinendianSangeetam (Mal) A K Raveendranath
 MridangaBodhini Prof. Parasssala Ravi

MR 242 - THEORY PAPER VIII MUSICOLOGY

COURSE OUTCOME

- Acquire the features of Ragas and musical compositions.
- Realize varieties of LakshanaGrandhas.
- Demonstrate SampradayaBhajana.
- Identify Concert appreciation.

LEARNING OUTCOME

After Transacting the Modules the learner will be able to:-

- Acquire the scheme of 72 Melakartas and different Musical Forms
- Aware of Nattuvangam&Konugol.
- Observe Raga lakshanas
- Identify Lakshanagrandhas
- Demonstrate SambradayaBhajana
- Identify to appreciate Music Concert
- Gain a perspective of the scientific and objective methodology of the Research of Music

Module 1Detailed study of the scheme of 72 Melakartas

Module 2Outline knowledge of the following musical forms

Varnam, Kirtanam, Kriti, Ragamalika, Padam, Javali and Tillana

Module 3Outline knowledge of Nattuvangam, Konugol etc.

Module 4Lakshana of the following ragas

- (a) Mohanam
- (b) Sankarabharanam
- (c) Mayamalavagaula
- (d) Hamsadvani
- (e) Kalyani
- (f) Abhogi

Module 5Study of the following LakshanaGrandhas

- (a) NatyaSastra
- (b) Sangita Ratnakara
- (c) Chaturdandi Prakasika
- (d) Sangita Kalpadrumam

Module 6Detailed study of BhajanaSampradaya

Module 7An appreciation of a music concert, recently heard

Module 8 Research Methodology

Reference:

1. DakshinendianSangeetam (Mal) A K Raveendranath

2. SangeethaSastraPravesika Dr. S VenkitaSubramanyaIyer

3. South Indian Music Prof. P Sambamoorthy

4. LakshanaGrandhas in Music Dr. S Bhagyalekshmi

5. Research Methodology in Music AmitkumarVerma

FIRST SEMESTER MR 213 - PRACTICAL PAPER I VARIETY KORAVAS & TANIYAVARTHANAM

COURSE OUTCOME

- ConstructKorvas.
- PerformThaniyavarthanams.

LEARNING OUTCOME

After Transacting the Modules the learner will be able to:-

- Play different large Korvas of 96, 108, 112, 256 Mathras.
- PerformThaniyavarthanam in AdiTalaTisra Nada, KhandaTriputaTala Two Kala Choukam, AdiTala One kala after ThreeMathra.

Module 196 MatraKorva: 8 Nos

Module 2108 MatraKorva : 8 Nos

Module 3112 MatraKorva : 8 Nos

Module 4256 MatraKorva : 8 Nos

Module 5Taniyavarthanam in Aditala, TisraNada

Module 6Taniyavarthanam in Khantatriputatala, twokalaichoukam

Module 7AditalaAvarthanam, one kalaichoukam, after ThreeMatra

MR 214 - PRACTICAL PAPER II PANCHAJATI TA-TI-KI-TA-TOM

COURSE OUTCOME

- Apply Panchajathi Ta-Ti-Ki-Ta-Tom with different Kalas, different Karvas and New Patterns.
- Present Mora in various Talas.
- Play advanced Thaniyavarthanam in various Talas.

LEARNING OUTCOME

After Transacting the Modules the learner will be able to:-

• Apply Panchajathi Ta-Ti-Ki-Ta-Tom in various Talas.

- Vocalize Panchajathi Ta-Ti-Ki-Ta-Tom with Four Kalas in ChapuTalas.
- Present Panchajathi Ta-Ti-Ki-Ta-Tom with different Karvas and advanced
 Patterns.
- Construct Variety Mora in various Talas.
- Present Thaniyavarthanam in AdiTalaKhanda Nada, MisraChapu, KhandaChapuTalas with different Edams.
- PerformThaniyavarthanam in MisraJampaTala.

Module 1Panchajati Ta-Ti-Ki-Ta-Tom three kalasin various talas

Module 2 Vocalisation of Ta-Ti-Ki-Ta-Tom in three and other kalas in

Chaputalas in different eduppus

Module 3Panchajathi Ta-Ti-Ki-Ta-Tom with different Karvas (1 to 7)

Module 4Different Mathematical Patterns based on Panchajathi Ta-Ti-Ki-Ta-

Tom.

Module 5Formation of variety Moras in different Talas.

Module 6Aditala –KhantanadaiAvarthanam

Module 7MisrachapuAvarthanam after ThreeMatra.

Module 8KhantachapuAvarthanam after one Matra.

Module 9MisraJampaTala One Kala Avarthanam.

SECOND SEMESTER MR 223 - PRACTICAL PAPER III KURAPPUS & AVARTHANAM

COURSE OUTCOME

- Play elaborate Thani in SankirnaChapu,AdiTisra Nada, KhandaTriputa andRoopakaTalas.
- Apply Kurapus in various Talas.
- Construct variety Kurapus&Muthaipus in various Talas.
- Present Thani in AdiTala 2 Kala before 4 Mathra.
- Construct Thani in SankirnaChapu, AdiTisra Nada after 4 Mathra,
 KhandaTriputa 2 Kala after 4 Mathra and Rupaka 2 Kala Talas.
- Apply Kurapus in various Talas.

LEARNING OUTCOME

After Transacting the Modules the learner will be able to:-

- Demonstrate advanced Kurapus and Muthaipus.
- Present AdiTala2 Kala before 4 MathraThani.

Module 1SankirnaChaputalaAvarthanam

Module 2AditalaTisranada after 4 MatrasAvarthanam

Module 3Misra Kurappu

Module 4TisraKurappu

Module 5KhantaKurappu

Module 6SankirnaKurappu

in different talas

Module 7Application of different Kurapus&Muthaipu Patterns in various Talas

Module 8Avarthanam – KhantaTriputa 2 kalai after 4 Matra

Module 9Avarthanam in Rupakatala – 2 kalai

Module 10Aditala2kalaichoukambefore 4 matrasAvarthanam

MR 224 -

PRACTICAL PAPER IV TATTHAKARAMS AND AVARTHANAM

COURSE OUTCOME

• Learn more details about Tathakaram and application.

- Presentation of Tathakaram in different Edam and Gathis.
- Play advanceThaniyavarthanam in various Talas in various Edam.
- Calculate variety Mora.

LEARNING OUTCOME

After Transacting the Modules the learner will be able to:-

- Demonstrate tathakarams with 4 kalas, after One MathraEdan and GathiBhedas.
- Play Thaniyavarthanam in Chaturasra Ata Tala, KhandaEkaTala,
 MisraChapuTala before 4 Mathra.
- Construct variety Moras.
 - Module 1MisraChapuTatthakaram with minimum 4 kalam
 - Module 2KhnataChapuTatthakaram with minimum 4 kalam
 - Module 3SankirnaChapuTatthakaram with minimum 4 kalam
 - Module 4Vocalization of 4 kalamTatthakaram in different talas after one Matra
 - Module 5Tatthakaram of 35 talasin different gatis
 - Module 6Tattakaram of 35 talas after one Matra with Trikalam
 - **Module 7**Chaturasra Ata talaAvarthanam
 - **Module 8**KhnataEkatalaAvarthanam
 - Module 9MisraChaputala before 4 Matras
 - Module 10 Variety Matras of Mora

THIRD SEMESTER MR 233 - PRACTICAL PAPER V

MRIDANGAM ACCOMPANIMENT FOR DIFFERENT MUSICAL FORMS

COURSE OUTCOME

- Acquire knowledge of Mallari, Tirupugazh.
- Learn more details of PancharatnaKirtanas.
- Aware of the playing method different musical forms.

LEARNING OUTCOME

After Transacting the Modules the learner will be able to:-

- Articulate and play Mallari and Tiruppugazh.
- Acquire knowledge of playing PancharatnaKirtanas.
- Earn playing method for different musical forms like AdiTala& Ata TalaVarnas.
- Play method for different musical forms like Pallavi, Anupallavi, Charana,
 Manodharmasvaram, Pada, Javali, Tillana and semi classical songs.
- Recite PallaviTatthakkarams with TrikalaTisram.

Module 1Mallari vocalization showing angas and playing in Mridangam

Module 2Tiruppugazh vocalization showing angas and playing in Mridangam

Module 3Playing method for Pancharatnakirtanas

Module 4Playing method of Pallavi, Anupallavi and Charana of different

Module 5 musical forms in Carnatic music

Module 6Playing method for manodharmasvaram, Pada, Javali, Tillana and semi classical songs

Module 7Playing method for Aditala and Ata talaVarnams

Module 8Vocalization of Pallavi. Tatthakkarams with TrikalaTisram

MR 234 - PRACTICAL PAPER VI

PALLAVI PLAYING WITH TATTHAKARAM

COURSE OUTCOME

- Identify the exposition of Pallavi.
- Demonstrate and play Pallavis for various Talas in Samam with TrikalaTisram.

LEARNING OUTCOME

- Demonstrate practical application of Pallavis in ChaturasraTriputa,
 TisraTriputa, KhandaTriputa, MisraTriputa, MisraJampa, Chaturasra Ata one
 Kala and two Kala Talas with Tatthakkaram, Trikalaand Tisram
- Present Thaniyavarthanam to Pallavis.

Module 1ChaturasrajaatiTriputa 2 kalaSamam : 4 Nos

Module 2TisrajaatiTriputa 2 kalaSamam : 4 Nos

Module 3KhantajaatiTriputa 2 kalaSamam : 4 Nos

Module 4MisrajaatiTriputa 2 kalaSamam : 2Nos

Module 5MisrajaatiJhampa 1 kalaSamam : 1 No

Module 6Chaturasra Ata 1 kalaSamam : 1 No

Module 7Chaturasra Ata 2 kalaSamam : 1 No

FOURTH SEMESTER MR 243 - PRACTICAL PAPER VII INTRICATE PALLAVI IN VARIOUS TALAS

COURSE OUTCOME

- To acquire knowledge of Pallavis for atheetham and anagatham Edam.
- To dentify the features of Nada Pallavis
- To perform and render Pallavi with talas and cholkettu to understand the Koravas.

LEARNING OUTCOME

- Present Pallavi in ChaturasraTriputa two Kala and Four Kala, KhandaTriputa with Anagatha Edam.
- Play AdiTalaTisra Nada Pallavis in Samam and Anagatha Edam.

Module 1ChaturasrajaatiTriputatala 2 kalai after 4 Matras4 NosModule 2ChaturasrajaatiTriputatala 2kalai before 4 Matras2 NosModule 3ChaturasrajaatiTriputatala 2kalai before 6 Matras2 NosModule 4AditalaTisraNadaSamam2 NosModule 5AditalaTisraNadaafter 4 Matra2 Nos

Module 6KhantaTriputatala2 kalaafter 4 Matra : 2 Nos

Module 7Aditala 4 Kala after ½ itam : 1 No

MR 244

PRACTICAL PAPER VIII CONCERT

COURSE OUTCOME

- To identify all types of musical forms and get training to accompany with vocal music- male voice & female voice.
- To accompany instrumental concerts.
- To acquire the procedure of Thaniyavarthanam in a concert.

LEARNING OUTCOME

After Transacting the Modules the learner will be able to:-

- Identify playing methods with different musical forms.
- To accompany on Mridangamwith vocal music –male and female voice.
- Perform with instrumental concert likeVeena and Violin...etc.
- Realize the procedure of Thaniyavarthanam in a concert.

Module 1

Students have to accompany on Mridangam to a Vocal concert / Instrumental concert of Violin or Veena with the duration of one hour

Following instructions may be followed

- 1. Students have to be trained to play to vocal music in different methods to be followed while accompanying male voice and female voice
- 2. They have to acquire the nuances of accompanying instrumental concerts such as Violin and Veena
- 3. Taniyavarthanamhas to be played according to the duration of a concert
- 4. How to adjust with the Upapakkavadyas like Ganjira, Ghatom, Morsing etc. while accompanying compositions as well as playing Taniyavarthanam

MR 245

DISSERTATION

COURSE OUTCOME

•Prepare a Project

LEARNING OUTCOME

After preparing the Project, the learner will able to

- Plan and engage in an independent and critical investigation and evaluation of a chosen topic relevant to Music.
- Systematically identify relevant theory and concepts, relate these to appropriate Methodologies and evidences, apply appropriate techniques and draw appropriate conclusions.
- Communicate research concepts and contexts clearly and effectively both in writing and orally.

Module 1

Students are required to prepare a Project on a music related topic.

Specifications for the Project format:

➤ The Project should have minimum 40 pages and a maximum of 60 pages.

- ➤ The Project needs to be prepared using a standard text processing Software.
- ➤ Uniformity in font sizes, fonts, spacing and margins has to be ensured.
- ➤ A4 is the recommended page size.
- ➤ Beginning with the first page of the text in the project, all pages should be numbered consecutively and consistently in Arabic numerals.
- ➤ The general text of the project should be in the font Times New Roman with text size 12 points and 1.5 spacing.
- > The Project should be printed single sided.

Guidelines for structuring the Project:

The following sequence for the project organization should be followed:

1. Preliminaries

- a. Title page
- b. Certificate of the Supervising Teacher
- c. Declaration of Student
- d. Acknowledgement
- e. Table of Contents
- f. List of Figures, Tables, and Illustrations (if applicable)

2. Text of the Project:

- a) Introduction (including Hypothesis, Aim of the study, Objectives, Methodology and Chapterization)
- b) The body of the project
- c) Conclusion
- 3. Bibliography
- 4. Appendices

COMPREHENSIVE VIVA BASED ON ALL PAPERS- UG & PG