

# **UNIVERSITY OF KERALA**

# Syllabus for B.Sc. Aquatic Biology and Zoology (Double Main)

# **Programme-Specific Outcomes (PSO)**

PSO1	Appreciate the complexity of animal life, life processes, their molecular, cellular and physiological processes, their genetics, evolution and behaviour and their interrelationships with the environment.
PSO2	Demonstrate in-depth knowledge and understanding about the fundamental concepts, principles and processes underlying the academic field of Zoology, Aquatic Biology and Aquaculture and its different subfields.
PSO3	Design and conduct experiments to test a hypothesis and understand and interpret scientific data to reach a conclusion
PSO4	Participate in animal welfare, management and conservation programmes in an effective manner.
PSO5	Demonstrate procedural and practical knowledge and skills that creates different types of professionals in the field zoological sciences, aquatic biology, fisheries and aquaculture.
PSO6	Develop expertise and develop confidence for managing aquaculture operations and providing consultancy services to farmers.
PSO7	Acquire hands-on training in the grow-out culture activities in freshwater, brackishwater and marine environments.
PSO8	Enhanced skills and attitudes for becoming a better learner, thinker, professional and skilled person.

# First Degree Programme in Aquatic Biology and Zoology (B.Sc. Aquatic Biology and Zoology) Under Choice based Credit and Semester System (Double Main)

### **Aim and Objectives**

The Career Related First Degree Programme is a **Double Main** Course with **Aquatic Biology and Zoology** is designed to develop knowledge, expertise, skills, employment and entrepreneur attitude towards various facets of zoological science and aquatic biology with special emphasis on aquaculture. This will help the students to become efficient and inquisitive in their outlook towards zoological science, besides developing skills in aquaculture as a vocational course. The courses are designed to impart the essential basics in Aquatic Biology, Aquaculture, Zoology and in life sciences through foundation courses. The Programme consists of language courses, foundation courses, corecourses and open courses.

The various courses in the programme are aimed to develop proficiency in the theory as well as hands-on experience in practical sessions in both Aquatic Biology/Aquaculture and Zoology. A programme of this kind will surely equip students to be a scholar in various areas of zoology and a professional with scientific knowledge in aquaculture and its allied areas. This programme will cater to the ever-increasing demand of aquaculture professionals as the present world in general and the nation, in particular, is promoting aquaculture, to ensure food security and employment generation. While expanding the scope for the blue economy and blue growth, governments are encouraging aquaculture and allied sectors through various funding schemes and programmes aimed at alleviating poverty and malnourishment, so as to ensure employment generation, improve foreign exchange and economic security of the country. Moreover, students who pursue this programme and pass out successfully,will indeed have an urge to continue higher studies in Zoology, Aquatic Biology or Aquaculture and contribute significantly in its development or to explore possibilities for self-employment in the sector.

**Opportunities**: Jobs in the fields of animal husbandry, museum, zoos and fisheries departments. Specific consideration for employment in fisheries and allied departments. Opportunity for advanced study and research in the fields of Zoology, Aquatic Biology & Fisheries, Marine Biology, Fisheries, Aquaculture and self-employment and start-ups in all these fields.

### **Eligibility for Admission**

Candidates shall be admitted to the course provided he/ she has passed plus two examinations of the state or central board with biology as one of the subjects.

### Scheme, Course Structure, Syllabus and Summary of Courses

First Degree Programme in Aquatic Biology and Zoology (Double Main), consists of a total of 36 courses. They are Language courses, Foundation courses, Main 1 courses of Aquatic Biology, Main 2 courses of Zoology and Open course of Main 1. The project is compulsory for both the core courses and the students may be assigned topics for the projects and should be completed and submitted during the practical assessment at the end of VI semester. There will be one minimum credit for social service/extension activities. **The total number of courses is 36. The total credits of the entire programme is 120.** 

Category	Major Subjects	No. of	Credits	Total
		Courses		Credits
1	Languages			
	1.English	4	3	12
	2. Additional Language	2	3	6
2	Foundation Courses	2	2-3	5
3	Main 1: AQUATIC BIOLOGY	14	2-4	48
4	Main 2: ZOOLOGY	13	2-4	47
5	Open Courses (Main 1)	1	2	2
	Total Credits	36		120
	Social Service/Extension Activities			1

### **Criteria for Course codes**

Each course title is represented by a course code consisting of a two-letter subject code followed by four digits. The two-letter subject code is 'ABZ', in which 'AB' depicts Aquaculture and 'Z" depicts Zoology. The first digit indicates the first degree programme, which is always one. The second digit indicated the semester number which is 1-6, the third digit denotes the category of the course which ranges from 1-5 and the last digit indicates the serial number of the course with in a semester.

## General Structure of Number of Courses, Credits and Total Credit

The total minimum credits of the programme is 120 and the various courses and its corresponding credits are depicted in the following table, which is followed by the general structure and semester wise allocation of courses, its credits and contact hours.

Cate-	No.	Code	Study Components No. of Credit		dits	Total	
gory				Courses	т	D	creuits
1			Languages		1	I	
1	1	FN1111	English	1	3		12
	2	1111 1	Additional Language	-	3		6
2	4	1111,1	Foundation Course	2	5		5
	1	ARZ 1121	Foundation course in Zoology:	2	3		5
	1	NDE 1121	Experimental Zoology.		5		
			Instrumentation, Biostatistics &				
			Bioinformatics				
	-				-		
	2	ABZ 1221	Foundation course in Aquatic		2		
			Biology: Data Presentation & Soft Skills				
3			Main 1. AOUATIC BIOLOGY	14			48
5	1	ARZ 1131	Aquatic Biology	17	4		-10
	2	ABZ 1231	Fundamentals of Aquaculture		4		
	3	ABZ 1232	Practical Aquatic Biology I			2	
	2		(Practical of ABZ 1131&1231)			-	
	4	ABZ 1331	Fish Biology		4		
	5	ABZ 1332	Water Chemistry and Water Quality		4		
			Management				
	6	ABZ 1431	Freshwater Aquaculture		4		
	7	ABZ 1432	Ornamental Fish culture		4	2	
	8	ABZ 1443	Practical Aquatic Biology II		4		
			(Practical of ABZ 1331, 1332,				
	0		1431& 1432)				
	9	ABZ 1531	Brackish water Aquaculture &				
	10	A R7 1532	Intensive Aquaculture		1		
	10	ABZ 1552	A quaculture Business Management 2				
	12	ABZ 1631	Live Feed Culture Technology		2		
	12	ABZ 1632	Practical Aquatic Biology III 3				
	15	102 1055	(Practical of ABZ 1531, 1532.				
			1631& 1632)				
	14	ABZ 1634	Project and Farm 4				
			Internship/Experience				
4			Main 2:ZOOLOGY	13			47
	1	ABZ 1141	Animal Diversity I		4		
	2	ABZ 1241	Animal Diversity II		4		

	3	ABZ 1242	Practical Zoology I (Practical of			2	
			ABZ1121, ABZ1141 &ABZ1241)				
	4	ABZ 1341	Ecology, Habitat Destruction		4		
			&Disaster Management				
	5	ABZ 1342	Cell and Molecular Biology		4		
	6	ABZ 1441	Genetics and Biotechnology		4		
	7	ABZ 1442	Immunology and Microbiology		4		
	8	ABZ 1443	Practical Zoology II (Practical of			2	
			ABZ1342,ABZ1441 &ABZ1442)				
	9	ABZ 1541	Physiology and Biochemistry		4		
	10	ABZ 1542	Developmental Biology and		4		
			Experimental Embryology				
	11	ABZ 1641	Ethology, Evolution and		4		
			Zoogeography				
	12	ABZ 1642	Practical Zoology III (Practical of		3		
			ABZ 1341, 1541, 1542 & 1641)				
			, , ,				
	13	ABZ 1643	Project in Zoology			4	
5			<b>Open Courses (Zoology)</b>	1	2		2
	1	ABZ 1551	Vermiculture and Apiculture				
	2	ABZ 1552	Human Nutrition				
	3	ABZ 1553	Environmental Impact Assessment				
			Total Courses	36	To	tal	120
				Cr	edit		
			Social Sciences/Extension Activities				1

# **Evaluation of Examination**

Distribution of marks in theory and practicals between external and Internal assessment is 80: 20. The duration of University examination is 3 hours for all courses. Pass minimum of 40% for external and overall components.

## Summary of Semester-wise hour distribution of courses

The total credits of the entire programme is 120, and the distribution of credits, contact hours *etc* for each course in each semester is summarized below as tables. Total credits for eachsemester is 20 and contact hours is 25 per week for all the courses.

## Semester I

Code	Course Title	Hours/ week		Total credits	Total Hours
		Т	Р		
EN1111	English	5		3	90
1111.1	Additional Language	5		3	90
ABZ1121	Foundation Course in Zoology: Experimental Zoology, Instrumentation,Biostatistics & Bioinformatics	3		3	54
ABZ 1131	Aquatic Biology	4	2	4	108
ABZ 1141	Animal Diversity I	4	2	4	108
	TOTAL	21	4	17	450

### Semester II

Code	Course Title	Hours/ week		Hours/ week		Total credits	Total Hours
		Т	Р				
EN1211	English	5		3	90		
1211.1	Additional Language	5		3	90		
ABZ 1221	Foundation Course in Aquatic Biology	2		2	36		
ABZ 1231	Fundamentals of Aquaculture	4	3	4	126		
ABZ 1232	Aquatic Biology Practical I (Practical of ABZ 1131 & ABZ 1231)			2			
ABZ 1241	Animal Diversity II	4	2	4	108		
ABZ 1242	Zoology Practical I (Practical of ABZ 1121, ABZ 1141&ABZ 1241)			2			
	TOTAL	20	5	20	450		

### Semester III

Code	Course Title	Hours/ week		Hours/ week		Total credits	Total Hours
		Т	Р				
EN1311	English	5		3	90		
ABZ 1331	Fish Biology	3	2	4	90		
ABZ1332	Water Chemistry and Water Quality Management	3	2	4	90		
ABZ 1341	Ecology, Habitat Destruction & Disaster Management	4	1	4	90		
ABZ 1342	Cell and Molecular Biology	3	2	4	90		
	TOTAL	18	7	19	450		

# Semester IV

Code	Course Title	Hours/ week		Total credits	Total Hours
		Т	Р		
EN1411	English	5		3	90
ABZ 1431	Freshwater Aquaculture	3	2	4	90
ABZ 1432	Ornamental Fish culture	3	2	4	90
ABZ 1433	Aquatic Biology Practical II (of ABZ 1331, ABZ 1332, ABZ 1431,ABZ 1432)			2	
ABZ 1441	Genetics and Biotechnology	3	2	4	90
ABZ 1442	Immunology and Microbiology	3	2	4	90
ABZ 1443	Zoology Practical II (of ABZ1342,ABZ1441 & ABZ1442)			2	
	TOTAL	17	8	23	450

### Semester V

Code	Course TitleHours/Totalweekcredits		Hours/ week		Total Hours
		Т	Р		
ABZ 1531	Brackish water Aquaculture & Mariculture	4	2	4	108
ABZ 1532	Intensive Aquaculture	4	2	4	108
ABZ 1541	Physiology and Biochemistry	3	2	4	90
ABZ 1542	Developmental Biology and Experimental Embryology	3	2	4	90
ABZ 1551	Vermiculture and Apiculture	3		2	54
ABZ 1552	Human Nutrition	"		"	"
ABZ 1553	Environmental Impact Assessment	"		"	"
	TOTAL	17	8	18	450

## Semester VI

Code	Course Title	Hours/ week		Total credits	Total Hours
		Т	Р		
ABZ 1631	Aquaculture Business Management	2	1	3	108
ABZ 1632	Live Feed Culture Technology	2	1	2	
ABZ 1633	Aquatic Biology Practical III (of ABZ 1531, ABZ 1532, ABZ 1631& ABZ1632)			3	
ABZ 1634	Project in Aquatic Biology		6	4	108
ABZ 1641	Ethology, Evolution and Zoogeography	4	3	4	126
ABZ 1642	Zoology Practical III (of ABZ 1341,ABZ 1541, ABZ 1542, ABZ 1641)			3	
ABZ 1643	Project in Zoology		6	4	108
	TOTAL	8	17	23	450

Accumulated Total Minimum Credits = 120 credits

Minimum credit for Social Sciences/Extension Activities:1

Minimum Duration = 6 semesters

## Semester I

### Foundation Course in Zoology

### **ABZ 1121:** Experimental Zoology, Instrumentation, Biostatistics and Bioinformatics

### No. of Credits - 3

### **Course Outcomes**

**CO1:**To introduce the methodology and perspectives of Science in general so as to enable thestudents to systematically pursue Zoology in relation to other disciplines that come under the different branches of science.

**CO2:** To learn the fundamental characteristics of science as a human enterprise.

**CO3:** To understand how science works and to apply scientific methods independently.

### **Course Content**

### Module I

### Nature and scope of Zoology:

Branches of Zoology, Opportunities to a Zoologist, Institutes of Zoological and Scientific importance in India- Location, major achievements and present activities (academic and scientific) [Zoological Survey of India. Central Marine Fisheries Research Institute, Central Institute of Fisheries Technology, Rajiv Gandhi Centre for Biotechnology, Bioinformatics Centre and Library, Indian Institute of Science. Stem Cell Institute, National Institute of Immunology, Centre for Cellular & Molecular Biology, Centre for DNA Fingerprinting and Diagnostics, Central Drug Research-Institute].

### Module - II

### **Instrumentation (Principle Working and Application)**

Microscopes: Types of microscopes- Dissection microscope, Light microscope, Dark field microscope. Fluorescent microscope, Phase contrast microscope, Electron microscope (SEM, TEM); Microtome (Different Types), Embedding, sectioning and staining techniques of light microscopy.

Photometry: Colorimetry and Spectrophotometry, Autoradiography: Principle, mechanism, and significance; Centrifugation: Principle and applications; Chromatography: Principle and uses.

### **Module - III**

### **Biostatistics and Experimental Science**

Introduction to Biostatistics: Variable and-attribute; Population vs. Sample; Census vs. Sample survey; Arrangement of data; Frequency distribution.

Graphical presentation of data: Line diagram; Bar diagram; Pie chart; Histogram. Measures of central tendency: Arithmeticmean; Mode; Median.

Measures of dispersion: Variance; Standard deviation; Standard error of mean; Standard score. Testing of hypothesis and goodness of fit: Null hypothesis, Level of significance, Probability, Normal distribution, Error of inference, Student's t-test, Chi-square test.

### **Module IV**

4 Hrs

# 13 Hrs

14 Hrs

# 4 Hrs.

**Total hours 54** 

Overview of Information Technology: features of the modern Personal Computer and Peripherals computer networks and Internet. Introductionto Operating System. DOS/ Windows. Linux. Purchase of technology, license. guarantee. warranty.

### Module V

### 8Hrs

Definition, Nature & Scope of Bioinformatics - Contrast between Bioinformatics and Computational Biology; Key Bio-sequences in Molecular Biology - DNA, RNA and Aminoacid sequences. Popular Databases in Bioinformatics – NCBI, DDJB, PDB, OMIM; BLAST & FASTA sequence file formats, Approach of Comparative Biology based on sequence comparison - The basic idea of sequence comparison (algorithms not required) - idea of scoring matrices

### **Module VI**

### 11 Hrs

The Blast search engine - important features - Idea of Multiple sequence alignment -Proteomics: Basic ideas of Protein Structure prediction- Concept of Homology Modeling- Idea of Molecular Phylogenetics - 'advantages and computational procedure (only description of use of a package such as Phylip). Basic concepts of computer Aided. Drug .Diseovery. General description of drug discovery pipeline concept of Personalized medicine; Central Drug Research Institute.

Bioinformatics tools: (i)Molecular Visualization Software - Rasmol (Basic features only) - (ii) ORF finding (iii) gene finding, (iii) BLAST (iv) Hydrophobicity Prediction (v) Single Nucleotide Polymorphism (SNP) prediction using GENSNIP.

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### Semester I

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 1

## **ABZ 1131: Aquatic Biology**

No. of credits: 4

### **Course Outcome**

- **CO1:** Recognize scope and significance of Aquatic Biology and introduce the Limnology, Marine Biology and Oceanography.
- **CO2:** Create awareness about the properties of freshwater and seawater, the elixir of life.
- **CO3:** Understand and study different geomorphic formations of water bodies.
- **CO4:** Give an insight to aquatic flora and fauna
- **CO5:** Critically evaluate the pollution, its sources and eco-restoration of aquatic systems.

### **Course content**

### **Module I**

Introduction to Marine Biology, Oceanography, Estuarine Biology and Limnology. Water and water cycle. Significance and History of Marine Biology and Limnology. Human cultural relations with water. Ecosystem concepts and services of aquatic bodies. Properties of water - water as a solvent and temperature stabilizer. Physical and chemical properties of water and seawater.

## **Module II**

Introduction to Marine Environment. Zonation of marine environment - Neritic, oceanic, continental shelves, slopes, rises. Submarine canyons. Oceanic trenches. Island arcs. Mid oceanic ridges. Seamounts. Gyots. Hydrothermal vents. Polar regions. Oceanography: Ocean Currents, Waves and Tides: Types, classification and characteristics. Ocean circulation, Eddies, El-Nino. tsunami, storm surges. Upwelling and mud banks of Kerala.

### **Module III**

Estuarine Biology: Classification and Characteristics of Estuaries. Estuaries, coastal wetlands and its Zonations. Major estuaries and backwaters in India. Mangrove and Saltmarsh ecosystems and biodiversity, its conservation and management. Mangrove ecosystem services.

### **Module IV**

Geo-Morphic Forms: Distribution and Classification of Inland Waters – Water Table - Aquifer -Watershed – Polar water. Classification and characteristics of different inland water forms – Lentic, Lotic and its zonal classification. Streams, Rivers, Ponds, Lakes, Swamps/Marshes, Springs, Wetlands and Reservoirs.

## Module V

Aquatic Biology: Classification of organisms - Freshwater and Marine forms. Plankton (Phyto and Zooplankton), freshwater plants, seagrasses and weeds, nekton, neuston, periphyton and benthos. Organism classification based on zones - Littoral/riparian, limnetic and profoundal. Classification based on nutrition: Autotrophs, heterotrophs and saprotrophs.

## Module VI

### 7 Hrs

7Hrs

# 14 Hrs

## **10 Hrs**

# 12 Hrs

# **12 Hrs**

# Total Hours: 108 (T 72+ P 36)

Biological productivity and energetic: Productivity – primary and secondary productivity in aquatic ecosystems. Carbon fixation. Decomposition and decomposers. Food chain, food web and niche in aquatic bodies.

### Module VII

### 10Hrs

Man and ocean: Navigation and bio-resources. Fisheries - crafts and gears, major marine and inland fisheries of Kerala. Coral Reefs. Major threats to marine Habitat: Overexploitation, Habitat destruction, Exotic species, ocean acidification, Sea Level Rise and climate change. Coastal Zone Management (CZM) and Integrated Coastal Zone Management (ICZM). Blue economy and Blue carbon.

Marine Pollution and inland water pollution - sand mining, siltation and effluent discharge. eutrophication, eco-restoration and remediation.

### References

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### Semester I

### Main 2: Zoology Course 1

### **ABZ 1141: Animal Diversity I**

### Total Hours: 108 (T 72+ P 36)

### **Course Outcome**

No. of credits: 4

**CO1:**To learn the basics of systematics and understand the hierarchy of different categories.

**CO2:**To learn the diagnostic characters of different phyla through brief studies of examples.

**CO3:**To obtain an overview of economically important invertebrate fauna.

### **Course Contents**

### Module I

Introduction to Zoology: Taxonomy-Definition, history. new trends and importance, mention molecular taxonomy. Components of classification. Taxonomical hierarchy - taxon, category and rank, Linnaean hierarchy, nomenclature, principles of nomenclature. International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN). rules of nomenclature. requisite - uni, bi and trinomialism. Mention taxonomic aids.

### Module II

Kingdom Protista: General characters, structure, zoological importance and systematic position-of Actinophrys, Noctiluca, Paramecium and Opalina. Parasitic protozoans- Morphology, life history, pathogenicity and prophylaxis of Entamoeba histolytica and Plasmodium vivax.

### **Module III**

Kingdom Animalia: Outlines of classification - Subkingdom Mesozoans, Subkingdom Parazoa, Subkingdom Eumetazoa. Levels of organization- cellular. tissue. organ and organ system Divisions of Pseudocoelomata, Eucoelomata, Eumetazoa-Radiata, Bilateria, Acoelomata, Protostomia, Deuterostomia.

### Sub kingdom Mesozoa- General characters, eg. Rhopalura.

Subkingdom Parazoa- General characters. Mention the classes of Porifera- Calcispongia, eg.Sycon; Hydrospongia, eg. Euplectella: Desmospongia, eg. Spongilla. General topic: Canal system in sponges.

### Module IV

### Subkingdom Eumetazoa

Phylum Coelenterata: General characters (self-study). Classes- Hydrozoa eg. Obelia, Physalia; Scyphozoa, eg. Aurelia ; Anthozoa, eg. Madrepora.

# 6 Hrs

# 9 Hrs

## 4Hrs

General-topic: Polymorphism in coelenterates, Coral and Coral Reef.

### Module V

### 10 Hrs

**Phylum Platyhelminthes:** General characters (self-study). Classes- Turbellaria eg: *Planocera:*-Trematoda eg.*Fasciola*; Cestoda, eg.*Taeniasolium*.

**Phylum Nematoda:** General characters (self-study). Parasitic nematodes- eg.*Ascaris, Ancylostoma, Enterobius, Wuchereria* [Morphology, life history, pathogenicity and prophyllaxis], *Caenorhabditeselegans* (Brief account).

**Phylum Annelida:** General characters (self-study). Classes -.Polychaeta eg.*Nereis*(mention *heteronereis*), Oligochaeta eg.Earthworm. Hirudinea eg.*Leech*.

### Module VI

### 17 Hrs

**Phylum Arthropoda:** General. characters(self-study), Type- *Penaeus*. Mention the classes eg. Cockroach, *Limulus, Eupagurus, Sacculina, Apis indica,Daphnia, Drosophila*. Mosquito-mouth parts. Study of crop pests: Pest of paddy-*Leptocorisa,Spodoptera,Nilapaarvata*; Pest of coconut-*Oryctes,Rhynchophorus, Eriophyes*.

**Phylum Onychophora:** General characters, eg.*Peripatus* (Evolutionary significance). General topic: 1. Diversity of Mosquitoes and diseases transmitted by them.

### Module VII

### 18 Hrs

**Phylum Mollusca:** General characters (self-study), Classes- Monoplacophora. eg.*Neopilina*; Amphineura, eg.*Chiton*; Aplecophora, eg.*Neomenia*Gastropodaeg.*Pila*, Scaphopoda, eg.*Dentalium*; *Pelicypoda*eg.*Perna*, Cephalopoda, eg.*Sepia*, *Octopus*.

**Phylum Echinodermata:** General characters (self-study). Classes- Asteroidea. eg.*Asterias*: Ophiuroidea, eg.*Ophiothrix*; Echinoidea, eg.*Echinus*; Holothuroidea, eg.Sea cucumber, Crinoidea, eg. Sea lily. General Topic:Water vascular system.

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- 9. Majpuria: T.C. Invertebrate Zoology. Pradeep publication. Jalandar.
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- 12. Parker, T.J and Haswell, W. A. (1962). Text book of Zoology. Vol.1 Invertebrate. LBS and MacMillan,London.

- 13. Pearse, V., Pearse, J., Buchsbaum, M. and Buchsbaum. R. (1987). Living Invertebrates. Blackwell Scientific Publications, California.
- 14. Ruppert, E.E., Fox., R. and Barnes, R.D., (2004). Invertebrate 'Zoology. Thomson Books/Cole. U.S.A.
- 15. The New Encyclopedia Britannica. Macropedia.. 15th Ed. 1998. Encyclopedia Britannica Inc. Chicago.
- 16. Vijayakumaran Nair, K. Invertebrate Zoology. Academia.

### Semester II

### Foundation Course in Aquatic Biology

### ABZ 1221: Data Presentation and Soft Skills

### No. of Credits - 3

### **Course Outcome**

**CO1:** Understanding and application scientific data presentation techniques

CO2: Develop expertise to prepare visual aids for scientific data

CO3: Develop capability to use different software to prepare visual aids

CO4: Acquire different personality development skills

CO5: Effectively apply the living skills

CO6: Understand and develop skills in creativity

### **Course Content**

### Module I

Data, types of data, classification of data. Data collection - Sampling and Census method. Organization –editing, classification and tabulation of data. Presentation of data – Tables and visual aids – Graphs, charts, diagrams and cartographs. Oral and Poster presentations.

### Module II

Introduction to Software: MS Excel, MS PowerPoint, SPSS, R, Statistica.

### Module III

Personality: Skills, attitudes, body language, inter-personal skills, multiple intelligence etc.; values in life. Communication and personality. Skills in English speaking and writing.

### Module IV

Living skills: Green living; healthy living; daily and independent life skills. Smart Thinking Skills: Creativity: Various views on creativity- Habits of critical thinkers, stimulating creativity, obstructions to creativity, creativity and innovation, creativity and craft, visual thinking through mind mapping, creativity exercises.

### References

- 1. Allen, R. (2005), Boost Your Creativity: Exercises and Advice for Great Creative
- 2. Billie Krstovic 2020. Using Mindfulness to Improve Learning ; 40 Meditation Exercises for School and Home.
- 3. Caroselli, M. (2004), Quick Wits: 50 Activities for Developing Critical Thinking Skills,

### 8 Hrs

# 8 Hrs

10 Hrs

# Total hours 36

## **10 Hrs** nd Cer

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- 5. Eberstadt 2019. Guided Yoga Class for Beginners: Practice Poses, Meditation & Mindfulness. Mak, D.K., Mak, A.T., Mak, A.B. (2009), Solving Everyday Problems with the Scientific Method: Thinking like a Scientist, World Scientific.
- 6. JohanatanSlane 2019. Emotional Intelligence for Leadership: 4 Week Booster Plan to Increase Your Self-Awareness, Assertiveness and Your Ability to Manage People.
- 7. Klaus, P. (2009), The Hard Truth about Soft Skills: Soft Skills for Succeeding in a Check Laura
- 8. Oech, R.V. (1983), A Whack on the Side of the Head: How to Unlock Your Mind for on net, HarperCollins.
- 9. Reddi, B. (2012), Soft Skills and Life Skills: The Dynamics of Success. BSC Publishers and Distributors.
- 10. Rob Nairn , Choden , Heather Regan-Addis 2019. From Mindfulness to Insight: Meditations to Release Your Habitual Thinking and Activate Your Inherent Wisdom.
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- 12. Shambhala. Sherfield, R. M. (2009), Cornerstone: Developing Soft Skills. Pearson Education. Smith, J. (1997). How to be a better time manager. Kogan Page.

### Semester II

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 2

### **ABZ 1231: Fundamentals of Aquaculture**

### No. of credits:4

**Total Hours: 126 (T72 + P54)** 

### **Course Outcomes**

- **CO1:**Understand the scope /prospects of aquaculture and acquire the status of aquaculture at national and international levels
- **CO2:**Develop a comprehensive knowledge on different types of aquaculture systems with particular emphasis on its operation

CO3:Understanding of candidate species for aquaculture, its taxonomy and winsome qualities

CO4:Develop a comprehensive knowledge of major steps involved in aquaculture and its management

### **Course Content**

### Module I

Aquaculture: Basics, Definition. Prospects and importance of aquaculture for food security, employment generation and entrepreneurship. History of aquaculture. Status: Global and National scenario.

### Module II

Different Aquaculture Systems : Pen culture, cage culture, pond culture, running water culture, zero water exchange system and open sea farming

### Module III

# 8 Hrs

# 12 Hrs

Types of aquaculture operation: Extensive, semi-intensive, intensive and super intensive aquaculture in freshwater, brackish water inland saline and marine water. Merits and demerits

### Module IV

Steps involved in Aquaculture: Criteria for site selection, Pond preparation. Bio-security measures. Soil and water culture. Stocking. Water quality management, feed management, disease management, Growth Assessment. Harvesting.

### Module V

Criteria for selection of candidate species for aquaculture. Major candidate species for aquaculture freshwater, brackish-water and marine systems from finfishes, prawns/ shrimps, crabs, oysters, mussels, bivalves and seaweeds. Identification and systematics

### **Module VI**

Integrated aquaculture systems: Rice cum fish culture, polyculture, Poultry cum fish, Livestock cum fish farming. Problems and prospects. Principles of organic aquaculture. Sustainable aquaculture practices.

### References

- 1. Agarwal, S.C., 2007. A Handbook of Fish Farming. Narendra Publ. Hse., New Delhi, 133pp.
- 2. Badapanda, K.C., 2012. Aquaculture Vol. . Narendra Publishing House, Delhi, 496pp.
- 3. Bardach, J.E. J.H. Rhyther and W.O. McLarney 1972. Aquaculture: The Farming and Husbandry of Freshwater and Marine Organisms. Wiley Intersci., NY, 868pp.
- 4. Christenson, K. 2019. Aquaculture- Introduction to Aquaculture for small farmers (3<sup>rd</sup> Ed). CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, USA, 104pp.
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- 6. Pandey, B.N., S. Deshpandey and P.N. Pandey. 2007. Aquaculture. APH Publ. Corpn., New Delhi, 236 pp.
- 7. Stickney, R.R. 1994. Principles of Aquaculture. Wiley publishers.520pp
- 8. Stickney, R.R. 2005. Aquaculture: An introductory Text-3<sup>rd</sup> edition. CAB International 321pp
- 9. Stickney, R.R. 2000. Encyclopedia of Aquaculture. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Canada, 1063pp.
- 10. Tucker, C.S., Lucas, J.S., and Southgate, P.C., 2019. Aquaculture: Farming Aquatic Animals and Plants. Wiley, pp.664

### First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology)

### Semester II

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 3

### ABZ 1232: Practical Aquatic Biology I (Practical of ABZ 1131 & ABZ 1231)

### No. of credits:3

### **Course Outcomes**

**CO1:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding

CO2: To develop expertise on the identification of aquatic flora and fauna

CO3:Develop a comprehensive knowledge on different types of aquaculture systems with particular emphasis on its operation

CO3: Hands on experience on the different steps involved in aquaculture and its management

### 14 Hrs

14 Hrs

10 Hrs

## **Total Hours: 90**

### **Course Content**

### Practicals of ABZ 1131

- 1. Preparation of a herbarium of aquatic plants (any 7 freshwater and 3 marine)
- 2. Identification of phytoplankton (any 5 freshwater and 5 marine)
- 3. Identification of zooplankton (any 5 freshwater and 5 marine)
- 4. Identification of benthos (any 5 freshwater and 5 marine)
- 5. Identification of shellfishes (any 5 freshwater and 5 marine)
- 6. Identification of fin fishes (any 5 freshwater and 5 marine)
- 7. Analysis of physical properties of water
- 8. Analysis of chemical parameters of water (pH, Alkalinity, Hardness, DO & CO<sub>2</sub>)
- 9. Report of field visit to a Lake/River/Marsh/Rocky shore/sandy shore

### Practicals of ABZ 1231

- 1. Aquaculture production statistics- world and India.
- 2. Identification of candidate fin fish species for aquaculture : Indian Major Carps (IMC), Chinese carps, Cat fishes, Mullets, Milkfish, Cichlids, Exotic fishes, Important cultured marine fishes
- 3. Identification of candidate decapod crustacean species for aquaculture : Shrimps, prawns, lobsters, crabs
- 4. Identification of candidate molluscan species for aquaculture : mussels, edible and pearl oysters and common clams
- 5. Field visit to aquafarms, hatcheries and Fisheries Institutes
- 6. Components of Aquaculture farms- Dykes, sluice, motor pumps, Aerators, other equipments, check tray
- 7. Pond preparation : Soil culture and water culture
- 8. Practices on pre-stocking and post stocking management.
- 9. Growth studies in aquaculture system.

### First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology)

### Semester II

### Main 2: Zoology Course 2

### ABZ 1241: Animal Diversity II

## No. of credits: 4 Course Outcome

**CO1:**To learn the general characteristics and classification of different classes of vertebrates.

CO2:To understand the vertebrate evolutionary tree.

CO3: To understand general aspects of applied interest in relation to vertebrates

### **Course Contents**

Module I

Phylum Chordata: Chordate characters and their classification into three Sub phyla (self-study).

### 36 Hrs

### 54 Hrs

### 6 Hrs

Total Hours: 108 (T 72+ P 36)

Class Mammalia - General characters (self-study) classification of Class Mammalia - Subclass: Prototheria eg. Tachyglossus. Subclass Metatheria eg. Macropus. Subclass Eutheria - Order Insectivora-eg. Paraecinus, Order Dermoptera- eg. Galeopithecus. Order Chiroptera- eg. Pteropus. Order Primates- eg. Loris, Order Carnivora-eg. Panthera leo, Order Cetacea- eg. Delphinus, Order Perissodactyla- eg. Equus, Order Artiodactyla- eg. Camelus, Order Proboscidia - eg. Elephas. Order Sirenia - eg. Dugong, Order Hyracoidea- eg. Procavia, Order Rodentia - eg. Rattus, Order Lagomorphaeg. Oryctolagus, Order Edentata-eg. Dasypusnovemcinctus (Armadillo). Order Pholidota -eg. Manis, Order Tubilidentata- eg. Orycteropus.

20

behaviour). **Module II** 

Subphylum Vertebrata: General characters, Division 1 Agnatha -General characters, Class Cyclostomata- eg. Petromyzon, Class Ostracodermi; Division 2 Gnathostomata -General characters, Classification into Super class Pisces and Tetrapoda. Super class Pisces- General characters and classification, Class Placodermi, Class Chondrichthyes-Sub class Elasmobranchii- eg: Shark, Sub class Holocephali eg. Chimaera; Class Osteichthyes- Sub class Choanichthyes- Orderl-Crossopterygii; Latimeria, Order. 2 Dipnoi. eg.Protopterus, Subclass Actinopterygii Super order Chondrostei- eg. Acipenser. Super order Holostei - eg: Lepidosteus, Super order Teleostei - eg: Anabas, Clarias, Saccobranchus, Ophiocephalus, Echeneis.

Subphylum: Urochordata- General characters, Class Larvaceaeg: Oikopleura : Class Ascidiacea eg. Ascidia (Mention -Ascidian tadpole larva, Retrogressive metamorphosis) and Class Thaliaceaeg. Salpa. Subphylum: Cephalochordata- General characters, eg. Amphioxus (Mention feeding

General topic: Accessory respiratory organs in fishes, Dipnoians.

- 1. Alien fishes escaped from aguarium tanks and transported to water bodies during flood impact on indigenous diversity.
- 2. Edible fishes Tuna, Sardine, Mackerel, Pearl spot, Ribbon fish

### **Module III**

Super class Tetrapoda: Salient features; Class Amphibia - General characters (self-study).

Type study – Frog:

Classification- Oder Urodelaeg. Amblytoma, Order Anura eg. Rhacophorus, Bufo, Nasikabatachus ,Order Apoda eg. Ichthyophis.

General topic: Parentalcare in Amphibia.

### Module 1V

Class Reptilia - General characters (self-study). Classification - Subclass Anapsida

Order Chelonia eg. -Chelone; Subclass Parapsida- eg. Ichthyosaurus: Subclass Diapsida- Order -Rhynchocephaliaeg. Sphenodon, Order Squamata- Suborder Lacertiliaeg. Chamaeleon, Draco, Hemidactvlus, Suborder Ophidia eg. (Poisonous -snakes) Naja, Vipera, Bungaraus, Enhvdrina; (Nonpoisonous snakes) Ptyas, Lycodon, Dryophis, Typhlops and Eryxjohni Suborder Crocodilia eg. Crocodilus, Javialis, Alligator; Subclass Synapsida- eg. Cynognathus.

General topic: Identification of poisonous and nonpoisonous snakes: Venom, mode of action and its uses.

### Module V

Class Aves - General characters (self-study). Classification - Subclass Archeornithes- eg: Archeopreryx; Subclass Neornithes - Super order Paleognathae-eg. Struthio and Emu: Super order Neognathae eg. Pigeon (External features, Feathers)

General Topic: Migration in birds. Flightless birds, Flight adaptations in birds.

### **Module VI**

12Hrs

12Hrs

13 Hrs

**14 Hrs** 

General topic: Dentition in mammals. Egg laying mammals, Adaptations of aquatic mammals.

### Module VII

Comparative account of Brain and Arterial system of Pisces, amphibian, reptiles, aves and human. .

### References

1. Bhaskaran. K. K. and Biju Kumar. A. (2003). Chordate Zoology. Manjusha Publications. Calicut.

5 Hrs

- 2. Ekambaranathalyer. (2000). A Manual of Zoology. Vol. II S. Viswanathan and Co.
- 3. Jordan E. L. and P. S. Verma. (2002). Chordate Zoology, S. Chand and Co. New Delhi.
- 4. Kotpal, R.L. (2000). Modern Textbook of Zoology: Vertebrates. Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- 5. Verma, P.S. (2002). A-Manual' of Practical Zoology-Chordates. S. Chand and Co. Ltd..
- 6. William S. Beck. Karel, F., Liem and George Gaylord Simpson. (2000). Life: An introduction to biology. Harper Collins Publishers, New York.
- 7. Young J.Z. (2006). The life of Vertebrates. Oxford University Press.

### First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology)

### Semester II

Main 2: Zoology Course 3

### **ABZ 1242: Zoology Practical I**

### (Practical of Z0A 1121, ABZ 1141& ABZ 1241)

### No. of credits: 4

### **Course Outcomes**

CO1:Students learn anatomy through simple dissections and mountings on permitted species.

CO2:Students get familiarized with various organ systems by examining approved animals.

- **CO3:**Emphasize the adage that 'seeing is believing' by observing typical examples and economically important specimens.
- **CO4:**Students learn the working principle of different scientific instruments and basics of biostatistics and bioinformatics.

CO5:Students become familiar with ecologically and economically important species.

### Practical of ABZ 1121

8 Hrs

**Total Hours : 72 Hrs** 

### Methodology and Perspectives of Zoology

### Study of the following instruments

- 1. Compound microscope
- 2. Centrifuge
- 3. Colorimeter
- 4. Microtome
- 5. pH Meter

### **Biostatistics and Molecular Biology:**

1. Graphical representation of data (histograms, Frequency polygon, Pie diagram)

- 2. Calculation of Mean, median, mode and standard deviation of given data by discrete series Direct method.
- 3. Molecular Biology: Spotters (Watson & Crick model of DNA, clover leaf model of tRNA and DNA replication)

### Practical of ABZ 1141: Animal Diversity I

### 36 Hrs

### **Minor Practicals - any four.**

- 1. Nereis parapodium
- 2. Earthworm body setae
- 3. Scales of butterfly wing
- 4. Cockroach mouth parts
- 5. Honey bee mouth parts / mosquito mouth parts
- 6. Prawn appendages
- 7. Radula of Sepia

### **Major Practical - any two**

- 1. Earthworm nervous system
- 2. Cockroach nervous system
- 3. Prawn nervous system

### Taxonomy

Identification and classification of the following specimens

- 1. Protista Actinophrys, Noctiluca, Pramecium, Opalina
- 2. Phylum Porifera Euplectella, Spongilla.
- 3. Phylum Cnidaria Hydra, Obelia, Physalia, Aurelia, Adamsia
- 4. Phylum Nematoda Ascaris male and female (sexual dimorphism)
- 5. Phylum Platyhelminthes Bipalium, Fasciola, Teania solium
- 6. Phylum Annelida Earthworm, Nereis, Leech, Aphrodite, Arenicola
- 7. Phylum Onychophora -Peripatus
- 8. Phylum Arthropoda -Limulus, Eupagurus, Sacculina, Apis indica, Lepisma, Scolopendra, Palamnaeus
- 9. Phylum Mollusca Chiton, Pila, Xancus, Dentalium, Mytilus, Sepia, Octopus
- 10. Phylum Echinodermata Starfish, Brittle star, Sea urchin, Sea cucumber, Sea lily-
- 11. Larval forms: Nauplius, Tornaria, Trochophere, Pluteus

### Practical of ABZ 1241: Animal Diversity II 28Hrs

### Minor practical

Fishes –1. placoid scales of Scoloidon

2. cycloid and ctenoid scales of Anabas

### **Osteology and Dentition**

- a. Dentition (1) Carnivore (2) Herbivore
- b. Pectoral girdle and Synsacram of bird

- c. Limb bones, girdles and vertebrae of Frog.
- d. carapace and plastron of turtle.

### Taxonomy

Prochordates -Amphioxus (entire)

Pisces – Cartilaginous fishes, 2

Fishes with accessory respiratory organs, 2; Edible fishes - 2; Culture fishes-2

Amphibia -Bufo, Rhacophorus, Amblystoma, Axolotl, Ichthyophis

Reptilia - 2 poisonous and 2 non -poisonous snakes, Draco, Chamaeleon

Aves - Different feathers, Pigeon.

Mammals - Pteropus

### First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology)

### Semester III

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 4

### ABZ 1331: Fish Biology

### No. of credits:4

### **Course Outcomes**

**CO1:**Acquire an overview of taxonomy of major fishery resources and cultured aquatic organisms

**CO2:**Understand the anatomy and physiology of cultured fin and shellfishes

- CO3:Understand the reproductive biology of cultured organisms for critical evaluation and application
- **CO4**:Develop necessary understanding in fish biology for performing technical responsibilities as an entrepreneur/ consultant / administrator/ extension worker in hatchery and aquaculture sector

### **Course Content**

### Module I

Taxonomic criteria for generic and specific identification. Morphological, morphometric and meristic characteristics of finfish and shellfish. Major taxa of inland and marine fishes up to family level.

Capture fishery resources of India :Commercially important marine fishes of India-pelagic, demersal fish, shellfish and seaweed resources. Fisheries of estuarine, riverine systems, major reservoirs and natural lakes of India. Fishing crafts and gears employed in the marine and inland sectors of India

### **Module II**

Food and feeding of fish and shellfish: Digestive system, in various taxa- comparative accounts. Digestion, absorption and assimilation. Food and feeding analyses. Growth patterns in fish. Factors affecting growth, growth hormones.

Case studies : one or two finfish species, Shrimp: Penaues spp., crab: Scylla spp., Mollusca-any clam /oyster species.

### Module III

Respiration of fish and shellfish: Gaseous exchange. Respiratory pigments and metabolism. Energetics and swimming. Circulatory System of fish and shellfish: Blood and circulationcomparative account in fish and shellfish. Skeletal system in fish and shellfish

### Module IV

# 6 Hrs

## 5 Hrs

5 Hrs

10 Hrs

**Total Hours: 90 (T54 + P36)** 

Excretory system in fish and shellfish: comparative account. Comparative study of nephron in different fishes. Pathways of excretion and hormones. Osmoregulation.

Endocrine system in fish and shellfish: Neurosecretions of shellfish responsible for moulting and Biological clocks. Fish behaviour and hormonal regulation. Colour change and its reproduction. regulation. Nervous system and sensory organs

### Module V

Reproductive system: Sexual dimorphism, Reproductive cycle, Modes of reproduction. Endocrine and neuroendocrine control of reproduction in cultured finfishes and shellfishes. Hormones in reproduction. Pheromones. Testes- Spermatogenesis, spermiation and hydration. Ovaries -Oogenesis, vitellogenesis and ovulation. Maturity stages in male and females. Fecundity, Gonado-Somatic Index (GSI), Ova diameter frequency. Age and growth determination by direct and indirect methods.

### **Module VI**

Fertilization and development in fin fishes: Spawning migration, courtship and mating, Development of eggs and embryogenesis. Hatching. Larval stages, larval Nutrition. Parental care. Case studies

### **Module VII**

Reproductive biology of cultured shrimps, freshwater prawns, mud crabs, oysters, mussels and clams. Breeding/spawning migration, courtship and mating.Sex ratio Fertilisation, embryogenesis, parental care, spawning, larval stages and development, Ecdysis (moulting) and metamorphosis. Case studies: shrimps, freshwater prawns, crabs, oyster and clams

### Module VIII

Induced Breeding of commercially important fin and shellfishes. Induced breeding techniques. Role of natural and synthetic hormones. Artificial insemination in crustaceans and molluscs. Cryopreservation technique: Principles and Advantages. Cryopreservation of eggs and gametes.

### References

- 1. Biswas, S.P. 1993. Manual of Methods in Fish Biology. South Asian Publ. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 157 pp.
- 2. Biswas, K.P. 2011. Marine Prawns & Shrimps. Daya Publishing House, Delhi, 329pp.
- 3. Bone, Q and R.H. Moore. 2008 (Third Ed.). Biology of fishes. Taylor & Francis Group, New York.
- 4. Burton Derek and Burton Margaret, 2018. Essentials of fish biology: Diversity. Structure and Function. Oxford University Press
- 5. Datta Munshi, J.S., J. Ohja, & T.K. Ghosh 2003. Advances in Fish Research. Vol. 3. Narendra Publ. Hse., India, 306 pp.
- 6. Evans, D.H. 1998. The Physiology of Fishes. 2nd ed. CRC Press, NY, 519 pp.
- 7. Helfman, G.S., Collette, B.B., Facey, D.E. and Bowen, B.W. 2009. The Diversity of Fishes. Biology, Evolution and Ecology. John Wiley & Sons Ltd, Oxford.
- 8. Hoar, W.S. 1993. General and Comparative Physiology. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 851 pp.
- 9. ICAR 2011. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR, New Delhi, 1116 pp.
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- 11. Jayaram, K.C. 1999. The Freshwater Fishes of the Indian Region. Narendra Publ. Co., New Delhi, 551 pp.

# 6 Hrs

### 8 Hrs

6 Hrs

- 12. Jhingran, V.G. 1983. Fish and Fisheries of India. Hindustan Publ. Corpn. (India), Delhi, 666 pp.
- 13. Joseph S. Nelson et al., 2016. Fishes of the World. 4th ed. John Wiley & sons, Inc.
- 14. Kasturi Samantaray, 2015. Physiology of finfish and shellfish. New India Publishing Agency, New Delhi
- 15. Khanna, S.S. & H.R. Singh 2006. A Textbook of Fish Biology and Fisheries. Narendra Publ. Hse., India, 524 pp.
- 16. Misra, K.S. An Aid to the Identification of the Common Commercial Fishes of India and Pakistan. Narendra Publ. Hse., India, 320 pp.
- 17. New M.B. & W.C. Valenti 2000. Freshwater Prawn Culture: The Farming of Macrobrachium
- 18. rosenbergii. Blackwell Sci. Ltd. Oxford, UK, 443 pp.
- 19. Paul J.B. Hart and John D. Reynolds., 2004. Handbook of Fish Biology and Fisheries. Volume 2. Blackwell Publishing.
- 20. Pillai, N.G.K. 2011. *Marine Fisheries & Mariculture in India*. Narendra Publishing House, Delhi, 352pp.
- 21. Pillay, T.V.R. & M.N. Kutty 2005. Aquaculture: Principles and Practices. Blackwell Publ. Ltd., Oxford, UK, 624 pp.
- 22. Prosser CL. 1950. *Comparative Animal Physiology*. WB Saunders. Publishing House, Delhi, 352pp
- 23. Srivastava, C.B.L. 2008. Fish Biology. Narendra Publ. Hse., India, 329 pp.
- 24. Thomas PC, Rath SC & Mohapatra KD. 2003. Breeding and Seed Production of Finfish and Shellfish. Daya Publ. House.

### Semester III

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 5

### ABZ 1332 : Water Chemistry and Water Quality Management

### No. of credits: 4

### Total Hours: 90 (T 54+ P 36)

### **Course Outcomes**

**CO1:**Understand the importance of soil and water chemistry in aquaculture.

**CO2:**Hands on experience on equipments and techniques involved in the analyses of different parameters of water and soil

CO3:Acquirepractical knowledge on water quality monitoring and its management

### **Course Content**

### Module I

Importance of soil and water chemistry in aquaculture. Optimum levels. Fundamentals of Analytical chemistry: Principles, Applications and Types. Classical methods of analytical chemistry: Volumetry and Gravimetry. Solutions: Standard solutions, titration, indicators, dilute solutions etc.

### Module II

Chemical properties of pure water, fresh water and sea water. Composition of waters: surface water, ground water and sea water. Factors affecting natural waters. Acid, base, salts: Hydrogen ions, modern concept of pH and buffer. Dissolved gasses

### **Module III**

# 10 Hrs

8 Hrs

Water Analysis: collection and preservation of water samples. Measurement of temperature. transparency, turbidity, determination of pH, electrical conductivity, salinity, chlorinity, total solids (Total Dissolved Solids, Total Suspended Solids), dissolved oxygen, free carbon dioxide, total alkalinity, total hardness, Calcium, Magnesium, Inorganic Nitrogen (Ammonium and Nitrate) and Phosphorus.

### Module IV

### 12 Hrs

Soil: physical and chemical properties- Depth, colour, texture, pore size, bulk density, water holding capacity, Soil colloids, Soil fertility, soil conductivity, soil redox potential. Types of soil.

### Module V

12 Hrs

Soil and water quality management. Optimum conditions of water and soil for aquaculture. Adjusting alkalinity, pH, Dissolved oxygen, metals (Iron), ammonia, nitrite and nitrate toxicity. Soil and water amendments: lime manures, fertilizers, micronutrients, zeolites, alum, gypsum.

### References

- 1. Arakeri, H.R., (1967). Soil Management in India. Asia Publishing House.
- 2. Chattopadhyay, G.N., (1990). Chemical Analysis of Fish Pond Soil and Water. Agro Botanical.
- 3. Chattopadhyay, G.N., (1998). Chemical analysis of Fish Pond Soil. Daya Publishing House.
- 4. Claude, E.B., (1995). Bottom Soil, Sediment and Pond Aquaculture. Chapman and Hall, New York
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- 8. Troeh, F.R., (1993). Soils and Soil Fertility. Oxford University Press.

# First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology)

## Semester III

## Main 2 : Zoology Course 4

## ABZ 1341: Ecology, Habitat Destruction & Disaster Management

### No. of credits:4

### **Total Hours: 90 (T72 + P18)**

### **Course Outcomes**

CO1:Demonstration of basic knowledge on ecosystem, food chain, food web and energy flow.

CO2: Acquire general awareness on pollution and their impacts.

**CO3:**Imparts basic knowledge on ecosystems and their functioning.

**CO4:**Learn about various types of anthropogenic pressures on ecosystem, related degradation and management measures.

CO5:Awareness of toxicants, their impacts on human health and environment and remedial measures.

CO6:Create awareness about disasters, prevention and mitigation measures.

**Course Content** 

Ecology

### Module I

Components of ecosystem: Environmental factors - abiotic factors, light, temperature, soil, air; biotic factors- autotrophs, phagotrophs and saprotrophs; ecosystem interaction and relationship between biotic and abiotic factors, the cybernetic nature and the stability of the system. Pond as an ecosystem (self-study)

### **Module II**

Biogeochemical cycles: Basic types of biogeochemical cycles - gaseous cycle-carbon and nitrogen cycles, mention sedimentary cycles (P and S), recycling pathways and recycle index.

Limiting Factors- basic concepts- Leibig's law of minimum, Shelford's law of tolerance, combined concept of limiting factors, Light and temperature as limiting factors.

### Module III

Habitat Ecology: Biosphere classification- lithosphere, hydrosphere and atmosphere physical features, fauna and their adaptations of aquatic, terrestrial and marine habitats (self-study).

Population ecology: Properties of population- density, natality, mortality, age distribution, biotic potential, environmental resistance and carrying capacity, population growth forms, J and S shaped curves, emigration, immigration and migration, population fluctuation. Community ecology: Definition and characters, species diversity; stratification; dominance; ecotone and edge effect; ecological indicators; community periodicity, succession.

### Module IV

Anthropogenic impact on ecosystem: Ionizing radiation and radioisotopes, ionizing radiation and human health, radiation accidents and other exposures, disposal of radioactive wastes, pesticides like DDT, endosulfan, furadan, insect repellants, e-wastes. Monitoring of pollutants - physical, chemical and biological.

### Module V

Wild life conservation and management: Significance, causes of extinction, concepts of threatened species, red data book, IUCN, WWF, CITES, Green Environment and Green peace; protected areas, biosphere reserves, national parks and sanctuaries in India, forests in India, desertification, deforestation, carbon trading; importance of mangroves in coastal ecosystems-conservation and management.

### Module VI

Environmental biotechnology: Biotechnological methods of pollution detection, biotechnological methods in pollution management, bioremediation, biotechnology and biodegradation, genetically engineered microbes in bio-treatment of waste, eco-friendly bioproducts for environmental health, bio-piracy, bio-pesticides and bio-fertilizers, organic farming and its merits. Green chemistry designing a Green synthesis, basic principles of Green chemistry.

### Module VII

### **Environment Movements**

Environment and health - Environment and development: Environmental Movements (Chipko, Narmada BachaoAndolan). environmental movements in Kerala (MadhavGadgil/KasturiRangan Reports. Ramsar sites Wetland Reclamations and localized anti-reclamation movements) Kerala state Biodiversity Board, Biodiversity Register.

### Habitat Destruction and Disaster Management

### Module VIII

### **Disruption in Ecosystem**

Natural-flood, Draught, Earth quaque, Cyclone, Tsunamis, Volcanic eruption. Anthropogenic influence on erosion, climate change and pollution. Mining activities. Monoclonal plantations,

### 5 Hrs

12 Hrs

# 6 Hrs

8 Hrs

# 7Hrs

## 8Hrs

genetically modified plants and their impact in ecosystem. Impact of Developmental projects such as construction of dams, Hydroelectric projects Thermal power station.

### **Module IX**

### 10 Hrs

Disaster Management – Meaning and Definition: Definitions of Disaster, Hazard, Risks. Vulnerability, and Resilience and their relationship: Classification of disasters- Human induced and Natural; Cause of Disasters; Impact of disasters. Factors affecting Vulnerability – Economic, Political, Environmental and Social Counselling.

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- 18. Cuny, F. 1983. Development and Disasters, Oxford University Press. Manila.
- 19. Sharma, H.S.: Rathambhore Sanctuary Dilemma of Eco-development, Concept.

### Semester III

Main 2: Zoology Course 5

ABZ 1342: Cell and Molecular Biology

### No. of credits:4

Total. Hours: 90 (T54 + P36)

### **Course Outcomes**

**CO1:**Acquire sufficient knowledge on the fundamental structure, function and biochemistry of the cell.

**CO3:**Understand the principles of molecular biology and gene manipulation.

**CO3:**Learn ultra-structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells and understand the fundamental differences between.

**CO4:** Learn the structure, replication and modification of the genetic material of eukaryotes.

**CO5:** Understands the mechanism of gene expression and gene regulation and get an awareness of bacterial recombination.

CO6: Acquire scientific knowledge on cancer and ageing.

### **Course Content**

Cell Biology	34 Hrs
Module I	14Hrs

**History, development and scope of cell biology**, discovery of cells; cell theory and its modern version (self-study). Cell and its components:basic types of cells- prokaryotic and eukaryotic, nature and comparison. Ultra-structural organization and functions:

**Plasma membrane**- ultra structure- fluid mosaic model , functions of plasma membrane, transmembrane transport. Cell communication- cell signaling and signal transduction, basic elements involved.

**Mitochondria**- structure, functions, mention oxidative phosphorylation and electron transport chain. Endoplasmic reticulun - morphology, types, functions and formation. Golgi bodies- morphology, types, functions (role in secretion) and formation. Lysosomes morphology, mention major groups of enzymes, classification, polymorphism and functions. Microbodies - morphology, major enzymes, peroxisomes and glyoxisomes functions. Ribosomes - different types, subunits, functions. Proteosomes - structure, ubiquitin - tagged protein degradation. Centrioles and basal bodies- structure and functions. Cytoskeleton- microtubules, microfilaments and intermediate filaments- examples and functions.

Interphase nucleus - gross structure and functions; nuclear envelope- pores and pore complexes; nuclear lamina, formation of nucleoplasm- nature and importance. Nucleolus - structure, nucleolar cycle, nucleolar organizer and functions. Chromatin - euchromatin and heterochromatin,

nucleosomes, unit fibre, solenoid fibre, and higher order of organization, condensation and coiling. Chromosome - structure of a typical metaphase chromosome; giant chromosomes- polytene chromosomes, lamp brush chromosomes; endomitosis.

### Module II

**Cell Division:** cell cycle- Gl, S, G2, and M phases (mention G0, and D0 stages and their significances); amitosis (brief account only). Mitosis Meiosis: description of all stages, synaptonemal complex, significance

### Module III

**Biology of cancer**: characteristics of cancer cells, dedifferentiation of cancer cells, theories of cancer, carcinogenesis, oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes, carcinoma, sarcoma, lymphoma. Treatment and targeted drug delivery.

### Module IV

Aging process and problems of elderly: cellular and other changes, apoptosis, causes of aging, mention free radicals and superoxide dismutase (SOD), theories of aging. Hypertension and stroke, Balancing problems and fall in elderly, Urinary incontinence, Senile dementia, Osteoporosis, Senile cataract, Benign prostate hypertrophy (males), Reduced sleep and sleep disturbances, Interstitial long disease and decreased long capacity, Wax deposition and hearing problems, constipation, Hyperacidity and gastric ulcer.

### Module V6 Hrs

### **Molecular Biology**

**Introduction**: History, development and scope.

**Nature of genetic material**: search for the genetic material, Griffith's experiment, transformation, contributions of Avery, Mac Leod and Mc Carty, Conrat& Stern's experiment with TMV, Hershey & Chase's experiment, and transduction. Composition and structure of nucleic acids - Watson - Crick model of DNA, clover leaf model of tRNA, different types of DNA and RNA; DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes -Semi-conservative method, Meselson & Stahl experiment, replication machinery and mechanism; modification and repair of DNA.

### ModuleVI

**Gene Expression**: contributions of Garrod, one gene - one enzyme hypothesis, one gene one polypeptide hypothesis, central dogma of Molecular Biology, central dogma reverse, co-linearity of genes and gene products.

**Genetic code** - deciphering / cracking the GC, characteristics of GC, codon assignment and wobble hypothesis.

Mention contributions of Nirenberg and his associates, Khorana and his associates. Transcription of RNAs - RNA polymerases, transcription factors, mechanism of transcription, post-transcriptional modifications of mRNA, rRNA and tRNA, reverse transcription, translation - machinery and mechanism; post translational modification of proteins; role of chaperones in protein normal folding and protection

### Module VII

**Gene regulation**: in prokaryotes (inducible and repressive systems); operon concept - Lac operon and Trp operon

### **Module VIII**

Bacterial Recombination: transformation, conjugation and transduction (general and specialized transduction)

References

# 6 Hrs

4 Hrs

4 Hrs

# 8Hrs

6 Hrs

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### **Semester IV**

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 6

### **ABZ 1431: Freshwater Aquaculture**

No. of credits:4

### **Course Outcomes**

- **CO1:** Knowledge in biology of freshwater culturable species so as to choose them for aquaculture according to the quality of natural resources available at the farm.
- **CO2:**Familiarize with the standard practices followed in the establishment of a scientifically managed freshwater farm
- **CO3:**Develop deep understanding on the seed production and grow-out techniques involved in the culture of major species farmed in the country
- **CO4:** Appreciate the need for integrating aquaculture with animal husbandry and agriculture activities to maximize utilization of resources and recycling of materials

### **Course Contents**

**Module I** 

7 Hrs

Total Hours: 90 (T 54+ P 36)

Biology of major cultured species: Indian major carps (catla, rohu and mrigal), Chinese carps (silver carp and grass carp), common carp, Tilapia (GIFT), cat fishes, air breathing fishes, freshwater prawn

Module II

Freshwater aquaculture resources: Ponds, tanks, lakes, reservoirs etc. – properties of the ecosystem, type of suitable aquaculture practices, nature of ownership, levels of farm management.

### Module III

Preparation for fish farming: Site selection, pond construction, clearance of aquatic weeds, management of weed fishes and predatory fishes, aquatic insects, selection of species for culture.

### Module IV

Seed production of major cultured fishes and shell fishes: Carps, Tilapia, Cat fishes, Air breathing fishes and freshwater prawns- hatchery requirements, brood stock management, spawning and larval rearing, nursery rearing, larval nutrition, health management, cost of seed production, packing and transportation.

### Module V

Grow out culture: Major carps and Exotic carps (composite fish culture, poly culture, mixed farming), Tilapia, Cat fishes, Air breathing fishes and freshwater prawns – pond preparation, acclimatization and stocking, feed management, health management

### Module VI

Integrated aquaculture: culture of fish along with paddy, cattle, goat, duck, chicken, pig and agriculture/horticulture crops. Sewage fed aquaculture: characteristics of sewage, utilization of agro/industrial waste in aquaculture, case study of West Bengal.

### Practicals

- 1. Identification of cultivable carps
- 2. Identification of cultivable air breathing fishes, freshwater prawn
- 3. Identification of weed and predatory fishes
- 4. Identification of aquatic insects
- 5. Identification of aquatic weeds
- 6. Calculation and application for weed eradication strategies
- 7. Calculation of pond fertilization
- 8. Calculation of stocking density of different group of fishes and feed management
- 9. Water quality monitoring and management
- 10. Disease diagnosis and treatment
- 11. Visit to freshwater farms and hatcheries

### References

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### 6 Hrs

8 Hrs

### 9 Hrs

**12 Hrs** 

### 36 hours

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### Semester IV

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 7

### **ABZ 1432: Ornamental Fish Culture**

### No. of credits: 4

### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO 1: Acquire fundamental information on ornamental fish industry
- **CO 2:** Familiarity on diversity of ornamental fish and other species for maintaining in aquarium
- CO 3: Understand comprehensive awareness on accessories used in aquarium industry
- CO 4: Proficiency in culture and breeding of fresh and marine ornamental varieties at commercial level
- CO 5: Hands on experience in setting upand maintain fresh and marine aquariums as hobby and at commercial level

### **Course Content**

Module I

Diversity of ornamental fish- fresh and marine. Major hotspots of ornamental fish- global and Indian perspective. Ornamental fish trade- global and Indian perspective. Preferred species in trade. Indigenous ornamental fish species. Ornamental invertebrates.

### Module II

Introduction to aquarium keeping and hobby, global and national scenario. Principles of setting up and maintenance of aquaria: Construction of fresh and marine aquarium. Aquarium accessoriesaerators, filters, skimmers, chillers, lighting, decorates, etc. Ornamental plants. Latest trends in aquarium designs. Types of aquaria-Biotope aquarium, Vivarium, insectarium, terrarium, paludarium, oceanarium, dolphinarium. Reef aquarium. Nano aquariums.

### **Module III**

Sex determination in ornamental fish. Breeding and seed production of common ornamental fishes: Construction of breeding tanks. Commercial farming technologies for indigenous ornamental fishesculture, propagation and trade.

### **Module IV**

Packing, transportation and marketing of ornamental species. Anesthetics used in the trade. Problems in ornamental fish export. Feeding and nutrition of ornamental fishes. Larval feeding. Live feed culture- Artemia, Infusoria, Brachionus culture.

### Module V

Water quality parameters and management. Preparation of artificial sea water. Disinfection/Treatment of water.

### Module VI

# 14 Hrs

Total Hours: 90 (T 54+ P 36)

# 8 Hrs

### 9 Hrs

### 9 Hrs

# 8 Hrs

Common diseases and parasites of freshwater and marine ornamental fish treatment. Health management of aquarium fishes. Prophylaxis and quarantine.

### References

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### Semester IV

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 8

### **ABZ 1433: Aquatic Biology Practical II**

### (Practical of ABZ 1331, ABZ 1332, ABZ 1431& ABZ 1432)

### No. of credits: 2 Total Hours: 144

### **Course Outcomes**

- **CO1:**Knowledge in identification of culturable aquatic organisms, its basic biology and physiology with special emphasis on reproductive biology
- **CO2:** Hands on experience on equipments and techniques involved in the analyses of different parameters of water and soil
- **CO3:** Familiarize with the standard practices followed in the establishment of a scientifically managed freshwater farm
- **CO3:** Develop expertise on the commercial seed production and grow-out techniques involved in the culture of major freshwater species farmed in the country
- **CO 4:** Proficiency in culture and breeding of fresh and marine ornamental varieties at commercial level
- **CO 5:** Hands on experience in setting up and maintain fresh and marine aquariums as hobby and at commercial level

### **Course Content**

### Practical of ABZ 1331

- 1. Visit to fish landing centers to study commercially important fishes and catch composition.
- 2. Collection and identification of commercially important inland and marine fishes.
- 3. Morphometric and meristic studies of candidate species of fin and shellfish species
- 4. Dissection and display of various body systems of fish and shellfish
- 5. Reproductive systems in fish and shell fish maturity stages, fecundity and ova-diameter studies and GSI
- 6. Visit to fish breeding centres and hatcheries

### Practical of ABZ 1332

- 1. Demonstration of laboratory glass wares and equipments used in water and soil analysis.
- 2. In situ water Analysis using equipments: Temperature, salinity, pH, DO using equipments
- 3. Water analysis: measurement of Temperature, Salinity, pH, Oxygen Concentration, Transparency.
- 4. Determination of Nitrite, Nitrate, Ammonia, TOC, alkalinity, Phosphate, Silicate, Chlorophyll

### 36 Hrs

- 5. Soil analysis: Analysis of soil texture, soil pH, conductivity, soil available nitrogen, available phosphorus, and organic carbon.
- 6. Water quality monitoring devices and kits-operation
- 7. Adjustment of water quality parameters to optimum levels

### Practical of ABZ 1431

### **36Hrs**

**36Hrs** 

- 1. Identification of cultivable carps
- 2. Identification of cultivable air breathing fishes, freshwater prawn
- 3. Identification of weed and predatory fishes
- 4. Identification of aquatic insects
- 5. Identification of aquatic weeds
- 6. Calculation and application for weed eradication strategies
- 7. Calculation of pond fertilization
- 8. Calculation of stocking density of different group of fishes and feed management
- 9. Water quality monitoring and management
- 10. Disease diagnosis and treatment
- 11. Visit to freshwater farms and hatcheries

### Practical of ABZ 1432

- 1. Identification of commercially important live bearers
- 2. Identification of commercially important egg layers
- 3. Identification of commercially important marine ornamental species
- 4. Identification of common aquatic plants
- 5. Fabrication and setting up of aquarium
- 6. Preparation of ornamental fish feed
- 7. Preparation of live feed
- 8. Breeding setup for live bearers
- 9. Breeding setup for egg layers
- 10. Diseases, prophylaxis and quarantine
- 11. Visit to ornamental fish farms

### Semester IV

### Main 2: Zoology Course 6

### ABZ 1441: Genetics and Biotechnology

### **Total Hours: 90 (T54 + P36)**

### **Course Outcomes**

**CO1:** Structure of gene is to be learned.

- **CO2:** Students get educated on the underlying genetic mechanism operating in human and state of the art of bio-techniques
- CO3: Students develop a proper understanding on the relation between heredity and variation.
- **CO4:** Learn the mechanism of crossing over and inheritance patterns in human.
- **CO5:** Students become aware of different genetic syndromes and the possible ways to reduce its occurrence.
- **CO6:** Students understand the principles and techniques involved in DNA technology and get an overview of modern techniques like PCR, Hybridoma technology, gene therapy and human cloning

### **Course Content**

### Genetics

### Module I

**Introduction:** Mendel and his experiments, relevance of Mendel's principles in modern genetics (self-study); genetic terminology-gene, allele, genotype, phenotype, genome; wild type and mutant type, test cross, back cross and reciprocal cross.

Interaction of genes: Allelic, incomplete dominance, lethal and co-dominance, non-allelic, complementary gene action; Co-epistasis, dominant (feather coat) and recessive (coat colour), polygenic action (skin colour), pleiotropism(one example). Multiple alleles- ABO Blood group system, Rh group and its inheritance.

### Module II

Linkage, crossing over and recombination: Linked genes, linkage groups, chromosome theory of linkage, factors affecting linkage, crossing over and recombination, mechanism, kinds and factors affecting crossing over and its significance. Chromosome mapping (brief account only);

Sex Linkage: Characteristics of sex-linked inheritance, sex linked inheritance of human (colour blindness and haemophilia), incompletely sex-linked genes, holandric genes, sex limited genes and sex influenced genes.

### Module III

**Sex Determination**: Environmental factors on sex determination, mention genic balance theory, chromosome theory of sex determination, chromosomal mechanism of sex determination, (XX-XY, XX-XO, ZZ-ZW), sex determination in human, role of Y chromosome, Barr bodies, dosage compensation and Lyon hypothesis. Chromosome mosaicism; Mention inter sex, gynandromorph and hermaphrodite.

### Module IV

**Mutation**: Types of mutations - somatic, germinal, spontaneous, induced, autosomal and allosomal, euploidy and aneuploidy. Gene mutation, molecular basis of mutation, induced mutation- chemical, ionizing and non-ionizing radiations

**6Hrs** 

# 7Hrs

## 6Hrs

4Hrs

# 30 Hrs

# No. of credits: 4

### Module V

Cytoplasmic inheritance: Mitochondrial DNA, kappa particles in paramecium, maternal effects in Drosophila.

### **Module VI**

Human Genetics: Karyotyping, normal chromosome compliment, pedigree analysis, chromosomal anomalies in man, autosomal (eg. Down syndrome, Edwards syndrome), allosomal (eg. Klinefelter's syndrome, Turner's syndrome) Biochemical genetics: Human biochemical genetics, biochemical pathway of phenyl alanine - tyrosine metabolism in normal human. Disorders. Phenylketonuria, Alkaptonuria, Tyrosinosis and Albinism.

### Module VII

Biotechnology Introduction-Scope of biotechnology, emerging branches of biotechnology. Genetic engineering and recombinant DNA technology, techniques in gene cloning, restriction endonucleases, ligases, major steps in cutting and joining of DNA, tools used in recombinant DNA technology, vectors, plasmids, probes, linkers, host cells, transformation and detection of recombinant molecules.

### Module VIII

Genomic library, construction of genomic library and cDNA library, Polymerase Chain Reactionbasic steps and applications of PCR, DNA sequencing (Sanger method, Automated sequencing), patenting DNA sequences.

### **Module IX**

Blotting Techniques: Southern, Northern and Western blotting, DNA fingerprinting.

### Module X

Human Genome Project, hybridoma technology and monoclonal antibodies; gene transfer techniques (chemical treatment, electroporation, lipofection, microinjection, retro viral vector method, embryonic stern cell method and shot gun method); transgenic microbes, plants and animals.

### **Module XI**

Gene therapy: somatic gene therapy and germ line gene therapy; gene doping and its implications; DNA vaccines; Human cloning -therapeutic and reproductive cloning.

### **Module XII**

Practical applications of biotechnology-in medicine, agriculture, industry, pollution control, forensics and judiciary. Potential hazards of biotechnology. Bio-ethics - problems and solutions. Biotechnology in future.

### References

### Genetics

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- 2. Daniel J Fairbanks and W. Ralph Brooks. (1999) Genetics principles and analysis. Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Massachusetts.
- 3. Peter Snustad, D. and Michael, J. (2000). Principles of Genetics. John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York
- 4. Robert J. Brooker. (1999) Genetics-analysis and principles. Addison-Wesley, Menlo Park, California
- 5. Snustad and Simon (2003) Principles of genetics. 3e. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
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### **Biotechnology**

# 4Hrs

4Hrs

## **3Hrs**

4Hrs

## 4Hrs

4Hrs

5Hrs

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- 2. Brown, T. A. (1995). Gene cloning. Chapman and Hall, London
- 3. Daniel J. Fairbanks. (1999). Genetics. Ralph Brooks, Cole Publishing Company
- 4. George M Malasinski and David Freifelder (1988) Essentials of Molecular Biology. Jones and Bartlett Publishers, London.
- 5. Gerald Karp (1996). Cell and Molecular Biology Concepts and Experiments. JohnWiley& sons, Inc. N.Y.
- 6. Kingsman, S. M. and A.J.Kingsman. (1988). Genetic Engineering. Blackwell Scientific Publications, London
- 7. MaxLevitan. (1988). Text Book of Human Genetics. Oxford university Press, N.Y.
- 8. Old, R. W. and Primrose, S.B. (1994). Principles of Gene Manipulation. Blackwell Scientific Publications London
- 9. Peter J Russell (1998) Genetics. The Benjamin cummines publishing co., Inc. Menlo Park, California.
- 10. Taylor. D. J., Green, N. P. 0. and Stout, G. W. (2008). Biological science. 3rd edition. Cambridge University press.
- 11. William H Elliott and Daphne C Elliott. (1997). Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Oxford University Press, N. Y.

### **Semester IV**

### Main 2: Zoology Course 7

### **ABZ 1442: Immunology and Microbiology**

### No. of credits:4

### **Course Outcome**

CO1: Understand the scope, importance, principles and mechanisms of clinical immunology.

CO2: Acquire knowledge on immunodeficiency diseases and malfunctioning and disorders of the immune system

**CO3:** Transplantation and mechanism of Graft retention and rejection are learned.

**CO4:** Develop a broad understanding of the positive as well as negative aspects of microbes and the economic importance (applied aspects) of microbes in industry is studied.

### **Course Content**

Introduction,	history,	develo	pment a	and s	cope.

### **Module II**

Module I

**Immunity**: definition, classification of immunity. Innate (non-specific) - species, racial and individual IM with examples, acquired (specific) - active IM (natural and artificial) with examples, passive IM (natural and artificial) examples.

### **Module III**

**Immune system:** organs and tissues of the immune system. Primary (central) - thymus, bone marrow, bursa of Fabricius, secondary (peripheral)- spleen, lymph nodes, MALT etc. Cells lymphocytes - T cells and B cells - formation, development and maturation; plasma cells and null cells - natural killer

## **Total Hours: 90 (T54 + P36)**

# 7Hrs

# 2Hrs

cells, lymphokine - activated killer cells; phagocytes / macrophages; antigen presenting cells macrophages, B-lymphocytes, dendrite cells, Langerhans cells; follicular dentrite cells, neutrophils, eosinophils, basophils, mast cells. Mitogens - mention only

# Module IV

Antigens (immunogens) (Ag): definition, complete antigens, haptens, antigenic determinants or epitopes; antibodies (Immoglobulins)- definition, general structure of Ig, Ig determinants, physicochemical properties of Ig, classes of Ig- G, M, A, D, E; mention abnormal Igs; antigen - antibody reactions- mechanism (mention zone phenomenon), precipitation reactions, agglutination reactions, complement fixation, neutralization, opsonisation (brief accounts only) Complement system: definition, general features, major histocompatibility complex (MHC) (brief account only). Immune response- definition, types of immune responses- humoral immune response (antigen mediated immunity - AMI) and cellular immune response (cell mediated immunity - CMI) in detail, induction of CMI, mention cytokines, define immunological memory, immunological tolerance and immune suppression

### Module V

Hyper sensitivity / allergy: definitions, classification- types I, II and III (Brief accounts only); immune-deficiency diseases (ID)- definition, primary IDs, disorders of immune mechanism (humoral, cellular and combined IDs), disorders of complements, disorders of phagocytosis, mention one example each, secondary IDs - mention example, an account of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS); Auto immunity-definition, mechanism, mention AI diseases; transplantation immunity-definition, classification of transplants, graft versus host reactions; graft rejection, mechanism of graft rejection, factors affecting graft survival; Immunisation and vaccinationdefinitions, vaccines; types of immunization- active immunization- killed and live attenuated vaccines, microbial extracts, vaccine conjugates, toxoids, recombined vaccines, DNA vaccines; passive immunization- pooled nonnal human Igs, specific Igs (hyper antisera); combined immunization

### Microbiology

### **Module VI**

Introduction: history, development and scope Importance of microbes in various ways beneficial, harmful, ecological and others. Classification of microbes/ particles: broad classification- virusesdifferent groups, examples; mention viroids and prions, Mycoplasmas, Rickettsiae and Chlamydiae; Bacteria: 1. Archaea - significance of extreme life forms(Methanoarchaea, extreme halophiles and thermophiles); Eubacteria (=Bacteria) Major groups of Eubacteria: Bergey's system of classification; modern methods classification of Eubacteria (outline only with familiar examples)- Nonphotosynthetic proteobacteria:- (Fennentative Rods and Vibrios) ex. Vibrio, Pasteurella (oxidative rods and cocci) eg. Pseudomonas, Azotobacter, Rhizobium; Chemo-lithotrophic bacteria:- eg. nitrifying, sulphur and iron bacteria; Firmicutes (eg. Staphylococcus) and Actinobacteria (Coryneform bacteria); Phototrophic bacteria (Cyanobacteria); Algae-( details not expected) Protista- different groups-examples: Plasmodium, Giardia; Fungi- Mention different groups - example Candida. Structure of a bacteriophage and a typical bacterium

### **Module VII**

Applied microbiology: various fields: emphasis on environmental, agricultural, medical, biotechnological, industrial and strategic fields

### **Module VIII**

Symbiotic and Pathogenic Microbes: microbes with other microbes, microbes with plants, microbes with animals; microbe - human host interactions, normal human microbiota of various organsmention any 3 examples, pathogenic microbes - mention any 3 examples, microbial toxins - mention any 2 examples. Microbial diseases in man (of skin, respiratory system etc.)- viral- chicken pox,

# 22Hrs

10Hrs

10Hrs

### 8Hrs

### 4Hrs

measles, cold, herpes, hepatitis, poliomyelitis; bacterial - diphtheria, pneumonia, leprosy, ornithosis; fungal - aspergillosis, candidiasis and others - malaria

### References

- 1. Ananthanarayanan, R. & Panikar, J.: TB of Microbiology. Orient Longman
- 2. Chakraborty, P. A.: A TB of Microbiology. New Central Book Agency, Kolkotta
- 3. Chapel, H. et al.: Essentials of Clinical immunology. 5th ed. Ane Books, India.
- 4. Gandhi. Microbiology and Immunology notes and cases Blackwell Publishing.
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- 6. Heritage, J. et. al. Introductory Microbiology. Cambridge University Press.
- 7. Hyda, R. M.: NMS Immunology. B. I. Waverly
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- 13. Nagoaba, B. S. & Vedpathak, D. V.: TB of Immunology. '03. Paras Pub., Hyderabad
- 14. Pelczar, M. J., Reid, R. D. and Chan, E. C. S.: Microbiology, TMH.
- 15. Perry, J. J., Stanley, J. T. & Lory, S.: Microbial Life. 2002. Sinaeur Associates.
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- 17. Rajeshwar Reddy, K. 713 of Immunology. 2007. AITBS Publishers, India
- 18. Rao, A. S. Introduction to Microbiology, Prentice Hall of India.
- 19. Roitt, I. M.: Essential Immunology. Blackwell Scientific
- 20. Schiegel, H. G. General Microbiology, Cambridge University Press.
- 21. Shetty & Nandini: Immunology. Wiley Eastern
- 22. Talwar, G. P.: A Handbook of Practical Immunology. Vikas, New Delhi
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- 24. Tortora, G. et. al.: Microbiology- An Introduction. 2003. Addison Wesley
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### Semester IV

### Main 2: Zoology Course 8

### **ABZ 1433: Zoology Practical II**

### (Practical of ABZ 1342, ABZ 1441 & ABZ 1442)

# Cell and Molecular Biology, Genetics and Biotechnology, Immunology and Microbiology

### No. of credits:4

### **Course Outcomes**

**CO1:**To familiarize the basics in cell biology and to prepare and observe chromosomal arrangements during cell division

CO2:To study chromosomal aberrations in man

CO3:To gain broad knowledge on conventional biotechnological- procedures

CO4:To perform routine blood analysis.

CO5:To expertise the student to carry out routine hematological and microbiological techniques

### **Course Content**

### Practical of ABZ1342

### Cell Biology [Any six]

- 1. Staining of prokaryotic cells: (a) *Lactobacillus* from curd (I) Nitrogen fixing bacteria (*Rhizobium*) from root nodules of legumes
- 2. Staining of eukaryotic cells: buccal epithelial cells (observe Barr body)
- 3. Study of cell organelles
- 4. Mitosis: stages in onion (Allitum cepa) root meristem (squash preparation)
- 5. Calculation of mitotic index and metaphase index in root meristem of Allium cepa
- 6. Meiosis: stages in testis of grass hopper (demonstration. only).
- 7. Giant chromosomes in Diptera: (Drosophila/Chironomus larvae) salivary gland cells (Demonstration only)
- 8. Localisation of mitochordia in Yeast cells using Janus green

### Practical of ABZ1441

### Genetics [Any five]

- 1. Study of monohybrid cross using coloured beads.
- 2. Study of normal chromosome compliment and karyotypc of human.
- 3. Study of genetic syndromes and abnormal karyotypes of human (Klinefelter's syndrome. Turner's syndrome. Down syndrome and Edward syndrome
- 4. Recording the dermatoglyphic patterns (Human finger prints) significance, comment.
- 5. Study of Barr body and its significance (in stained buccal epithelial cells
- 6. Construction of Pedigree chart.

### 36 Hrs

**Total Hours: 108 Hours** 

44

7. Identification of male and female Drosophila.

### **Biotechnology and Bioinformatics (Any two)**

- 1. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
- 2. Southern Blotting and Northern Blotting
- 3. Gene cloning

(Schematic arrangement in orderly sequence, the steps involved in the above three methods and make comments) C D display or visit to any Research Institute.

36 Hrs

4. Sequence comparison using software (BLAST/FASTA)

### Practical of ABZ1442

### Immunology and Microbiology (Any Two)

- 1) Effect of anticoagulant in human blood.
- 2) Total leucocyte count (Demonstration)
- 3) Human blood groups and Rh Factors.
- 4) Identification of bacterial types (Permanent slides)

(Coccus, Vibrio, Bacillus Spirulla) any two.

### First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology)

## Semester V

### Main 1 : Aquatic Biology Course 9

### ABZ 1531: Brackish water Aquaculture & Mariculture

### No. of credits:4

### **Course Outcomes**

- **CO1:** Knowledge in biology of culturable marine and brackishwater species so as to choose them for aquaculture according to the quality of natural resources available at the farm.
- CO2: Familiarize with the standard practices followed in the establishment of a scientifically managed aquafarm
- **CO3:** Develop deep understanding on the seed production and grow-out techniques involved in the culture of major marine and brackishwater species farmed in the country
- **CO4:** Appreciate the need for integrating aquaculture with animal husbandry and agriculture activities to maximize utilization of resources and recycling of materials

### **Course Contents**

### Module I

Biology of major cultured species: Shrimps (*Penaeus monodon, Fenneropenaeus indicus* and *Litopenaeusvannamei*); Milk fish, Mullets, Seabass, Groupers, Pompano, Cobia, Pearlspot, crabs, lobsters, molluscs, sea cucumbers and seaweeds

### Module II

Methods of culture-traditional, extensive, semi intensive and intensive systems.

### **Module III**

## 8 Hrs

**Total Hours: 108 (T72 + P36)** 

# 8 Hrs

Pond culture- site selection, design and construction, bunds, sluice gates, water supply, pond preparation, water quality maintenance and aeration, Feed Management, Disease Diagnosis and treatment. Cages- types, designs, materials used, constraints. Pens- designs and uses. Methods of molluscan culture – ropes, rafts, etc.

### Module IV

Seed production and grow out culture of shrimps: Hatchery production of shrimp seeds – site selection, design, construction, water source and management of quality, live feed management, testing for diseases, packing and transportation, marketing. Grow out culture - acclimatization and stocking, feeding and nutrition, water quality management in the ponds, health management, harvesting and marketing. Intensive culture systems; economics of hatchery and farm operations; rules and regulations

### Module V

### 12Hrs

10Hrs

**10 Hrs** 

Seed production and culture of fin fishes. Wild seed collection - mullets, milkfish, pearlspot, etc; Hatchery production of seeds – seabass, milkfish, pearlspot, pompano, cobia, groupers, etc. Grow out culture – Culture in ponds, cages and pens. Intensive culture techniques.

### Module VI

Seed production and culture of Crabs, Lobsters and Molluscs. Wild seed collection techniques for crabs, lobsters and molluscs. Hatchery seed production technology for crabs, lobsters and molluscs. Grow out culture techniques for crabs (grow out and fattening), lobsters (fattening and grow out), molluscan culture techniques (mussels, oysters and clams). Pearl production.

### Module VII

### 12Hrs

Mariculture—Species used in Mariculture, culture operation procedures. Seed production and grow out culture of sea weed. Seaweed culture – biology of common cultured species, production potential, culture methods, water quality requirements, harvesting and utilization. Biofloc culture; recirculatory aquaculture systems; Integrated multi-trophic aquaculture; concepts of biosecurity.

### References

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- 2. Biswas, K.P. 2011. Marine Prawns & Shrimps. Daya Publishing House, Delhi, 329pp.
- 3. Bensam, P. and P. Vasudeva. 1993. *Hand Book on Aquafarming: Seafishes Oceanic Cage culture*. Manual. MPEDA, Cochin, Kerala.
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- 9. McVey, J.P. 1993. CRC Handbook of Mariculture. Vol. 1: Crustacean Aquaculture. CRC Press, Boca Raton, 526 pp.
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- 11. Philipose, KK, L. Jayasree, S.R. Krupesha and D. Damodaran eds. 2012. Handbook on Opensea Cage Culture. Central Marine Fisheries Research Institute, Karwar, 143pp.
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- 13. Pillay, T.V.R. & M.N. Kutty 2005. Aquaculture: Principles and Practices. Blackwell Publ. Ltd., Oxford, UK, 624 pp.
- 14. Purdom& Colin. 2009. Genetics & Fish Breeding. Chapmann& Hall Ltd., London 277pp.
- 15. Radhakrishnan, E.V. 2011. Handbook of Prawns. CMFRI, Cochin. 125pp.
- 16. Rao, G Syda and Imelda, Joseph and Philippose, K K and Mojjada, Suresh Kumar. 2013. Cage Aquaculture in India. Central Marine Fisheries Research Institute, Kochi.
- 17. Shagufta. 2012. Fisheries Aquaculture & Biotechnology. APH Publishing Corporation. New Delhi, 259pp.
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### Semester V

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 10

### **ABZ 1532: Intensive Aquaculture**

### **Total Hours: 108 (T72 + P36)**

### **Course Outcomes**

No. of credits:3

CO 1: Fundamental information on intensive farming techniques

**CO 2:** Familiarity on the properties of soil chemistry

**CO 3:** Comprehensive awareness on feed management for intensive aquaculture

**CO 4:** Proficiency in designing of instrumentation for intensive systems

CO 5: Detailed knowledge on online water quality monitoring system

**CO 6:** Basic information on effluent treatment protocols

### **Course Content**

### **Module I**

Design of Intensive Aquaculture Systems: water flow rate and component ratio in intensive systems. Recirculating Aquaculture Systems (RAS). Water inlet -outlet ratio for RAS, size of biofilter in RAS. Intensive Aquaculture Systems- Cage, Aquaponics, Biofloc, RAS, Pond.

### Module II

Stocking density. Feed Management in Intensive Aquaculture: Effective feeding practices-timing, ratio, quality. Partial feeds, feeding chart. Disease management. Growth Assessment

### Module III

Ways to improve effective production- system component inclusion/improvement, strategic plansmultiple species/size stocking, monosex/sex reversal, ploidy induction, higher stocking density, crop rotation. Record keeping.

### **Module IV**

# 14Hrs

### 14Hrs

# **12 Hrs**

Waste management in Intensive Aquaculture Systems: Treatment of solid/liquid waste. Site characteristics for discharge regulations. Effluent treatment scheme of Aquaculture Authority of India.

### Module V

### 11 Hrs

Harvesting. Value addition of products- processed products, by-products, Ready to eat/cook products. Marketing strategies- online marketing, group of fish farmers, sale of fresh & live fish.

### **Module VI**

### 11Hrs

Automation in Intensive Aquaculture Systems- Automatic Feeder- demand feeder. Online water quality monitoring and maintenance. Uninterrupted power supply/generator- solar, battery.

### Practicals

### 36 hours

- 1. Designing and fabrication of RAS
- 2. Designing and fabrication of Aquaponics
- 3. Monitor the performance of RAS
- 4. Monitor the performance of Aquaponics
- 5. Monitor the performance of Biofloc technology
- 6. Value addition of fish- processing- pickles, ready to cook/eat
- 7. Setting up of a demand/automatic feeder
- 8. Visit to commercial level RAS unit
- 9. Visit to commercial level Biofloc system
- 10. Visit to commercial level aquaponics

### References

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- 3. Datta, S., (2019). Water & Soil Management Tips for Sustainable & Intensive Aquaculture: A Field Guide Book. Independently Published. 70 pp.
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- 5. Desai, S., (2015). Technology Option for Intensive and Aquaculture. Random publications.
- 6. Felix, S. &Menaga, M. (2019). Biofloc Technology: SOP's for Floc & Sludge Quality- A Practical Manual.
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- 11. Shepherd, C.J. &Bromage, N.R., (1992). Intensive Fish Farming. Wiley, 420 pp.

## Semester V

### Main 2: Zoology Course 9

### **ABZ 1541: Physiology and Biochemistry**

### No. of credits: 4

### **Course Outcome**

**CO1:** Develop a clear understanding of the correlation and coordination between the structure and function of different organs and organ systems of the body.

**CO2:** Study on the physiology help students understand the physiology of different organ systems of the body.

**CO3:** Learn the correlation between diseases and the abnormal structure or improper functions of organs.

**CO4:** Understand the possible causes of abnormal physiology and the resultant diseases.

**CO5:** Understand the structure and functions of bio-molecules and their role in metabolism.

### **Course Content**

Physiology **Module I** 

Nutritional Physiology: Structure of digestive system (self-study). General introduction, types of nutrition, mechanical and chemical changes of food in the alimentary canal, balanced diet, nutritional disorders - PEM, vitamin deficiency, deficiency of iron, iodine and calcium, lifestyle diseases, role of fibres, nervous and hormonal control of digestion

### **Module II**

Circulatory Physiology: Structure of Heart. (self-study). Blood- Composition and functions of blood plasma and formed elements, blood groups, mechanism of blood clotting, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways, disorders of blood clotting, anticoagulants, heartbeat, conducting system and pace maker, pulse and blood pressure, clinical significance, control of cardiac activity, common cardio vascular diseases - arteriosclerosis, atherosclerosis, Myocardial infarction, electrocardiogram, angiogram, angioplasty. Lymph and lymphatic system (brief account)

### **Module III**

Respiratory Physiology: Structure of lungs (self-study). Gas exchange, respiratory pigmentsstructure of haemoglobin, transport of O2- Oxyhaemoglobin curve, Bohr effect, transport of CO2 carbonic acid, carbamino haemoglobin, bicarbonate and chloride shift, regulation of respiration neural and chemical; respiratory disturbances - apnoea, dyspnoea, hypoxia, hypo and hyper capnia, asphyxia, carbon monoxide poisoning, bronchitis, asthma. Physiological effects of smoking.

### **Module IV**

Renal Physiology: Structure of Kidney. (self-study). Nephron - structure, urine formation, countercurrent multiplier system, role of kidney in osmoregulation, composition of urine, abnormal constituents of urine, regulation of kidney functions, renal disorders - nephritis, haematurea, renal calculi, acidosis and alkalosis - Dialysis and kidney transplantation.

### **ModuleV**

Muscle Physiology: Brief account of types of muscles, fast and slow twitch muscles, red and white muscles. Ultra-structure of striated muscle fibre, muscle proteins, simple muscle twitch, summation, tetanus, tonus, All or None law, fatigue, oxygen debt, rigor mortis. Physiological and biochemical events in muscle contraction.

# **Total Hours: 90 (T54 + P36)**

## 4Hrs

**30 Hrs** 

4Hrs

4Hrs

## **3Hrs**

### **Module VI**

Nerve Physiology: Structure of Brain. (self-study). Neurons - structure, types of neuron. Synapse and types of synapse, nerve impulse propagation, synaptic transmission. Reflex action, refractory period, neuro transmitters, electro encephalogram. Nerve disorders - epilepsy, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease.

### Module VII

Sensory Physiology: Structure of eye and ear (self-study). Physiology of vision, visual elements and pigments, photo chemistry of vision. Eye defects - myopia, hyperopia, presbyopia, astigmatism, cataract. Structure of ear and mechanism of hearing, hearing impairments -deafness, labyrinthine disease. Olfactory, gustatory and tactile sense organs

### **Module VIII**

**Reproductive physiology:** Male and female reproductive organs (self-study). Reproductive cycles, puberty, adolescence, pregnancy, parturition, lactation and birth control.

## Module IX

Endocrinology: Endocrine glands in man, hormones and disorders, feed-back mechanism, mechanism of hormonal activity.

### **Biochemistry**

Module X

**Biomolecules:**Micromolecules, macromolecules, water. buffer systems and importance; Carbohydrates-structure, classification- monosaccharides (trioses, tetroses, pentoses, hexoses, aldoses, ketoses), disaccharides and polysaccharides (homo and hetero polysaccharides); biological functions of carbohydrates.

Lipids- classification- simple lipids, (neutral fats and waxes), conjugated lipids (phospho lipids, sphingo lipids, glyco lipids, lecithins, cephalins, cerebrosides, gangliosides), derived lipids (fatty acids, steroids, prostaglandins), biological functions of lipids.

Proteins - classification of proteins, amino acids- basic structure, structure of proteinprimary, secondary tertiary and quaternary structures, haemoglobin as atypical protein, biological functions of proteins.

### Module XI

Metabolism:Carbohydrate metabolism- glycogenesis, glycogenolysis, hexose monophosphate shunt, metabolic pathway of glucose- glycolysis, Kreb's cycle, electron transport series, chemiosmotic theory, energetic; hormonal control of carbohydrate metabolism.

Lipid metabolism- hydrolysis of lipid, beta oxidation, mention alpha and omega oxidation of fatty acids, hormonal control of lipid metabolism, hormonal control of lipid metabolism.

Protein metabolism- deamination, transamination, Ornithire cycle, hormonal control of protein metabolism.

### **Module XII**

Enzymes: Chemical nature, mechanism of enzyme action, factors affecting enzyme activity, kinetics of enzyme action, Michaelis - Menten equation, iso enzymes, co-enzyme, co-factors, enzyme activation and inhibition.

### References

### Physiology

1. Best and Taylor. (1990). Physiological basis of Medical Practice. Wilkins Co.

### 12Hrs

4 Hrs

### **3Hrs**

**3Hrs** 

24 Hrs

8Hrs

# 3 Hrs

- 2. Eckert, R. and D. Randell. (1987). Animal Physiology, CBS Publishers and Distributors N. Delhi.
- 3. Ganong, W.F. (2003), Review of Medical Physiology, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. Guyton, A.C. (1981). Text book of Medical Physiology, W.B. Saunders Co.
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- 11. Sebastian, M.M. Animal Physiology. Dona Publications, Changanacherry.
- 12. St. John ambulance associations' text books (a) First aid to the injured (b) A preliminary course of first aid to the injured.
- 13. Subramanyan, S. and Madhavankutty, K. (1977). The text book of physiology, Orient Longman Ltd., New Delhi.
- 14. Vander, A.J., Sherman, J.H. and Luciano D.S. (1998), Human Physiology, MacGraw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- 15. Withers P.C. (1992). Comparative animal physiology. Saunders College Publishing

### **Biochemistry**

- 1. Chattergi and Shinde, Text book of Medical Biochemistry.
- 2. Conn, E.E., Stumpf, P.K., Bruening, G & Doi R.H. (1999). Outlines of Biochemistry, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- 3. Jain, J.L et.al. (2005). Fundamentals of Biochemistry. S. Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Kapalan, L.A., Pesce, A.J. and Kazmierczak, S.E. (2003). Clinical Chemistry, Mosby London.
- 5. Keith Wilson and John Walker. (2000). Biochemistry and Molecular Biology 6th Edition, Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Mary K. Campbell (2000). Biochemistry. Harcourt Brace College Publishers.
- 7. Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayers, P.A. and Rodwell. (2000) Harper's Biochemistry, Prentice Hall International, Inc.
- 8. Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M. (2000). Principles of Biochemistry, Macmillan Worth Publishers.
- 9. Talwar G.P., Srivastava L.M. (2003). Biochemistry and Human Biology, Prentice hall of India, New Delhi.
- 10. Thomas M. Devlin (2000). Biochemistry. John Wiley & Sons Inc. Publications
- 11. William, H. Elliott and Daphne C. Elliot. (1997). Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Oxford University Press, N.Y.

## Semester V

## Main 2: Zoology Course 10

### **ABZ 1542:** Developmental Biology and Experimental Embryology

### No. of credits:4

### **Course Outcome**

**CO1:**Students get a brief idea about the history of developmental biology.

**CO2:**Provide the students a bird's eye view of sophisticated embryological techniques

**CO3:**Study the various stages involved in the development of organisms.

CO4: Study the initial developmental procedures involved in Amphioxus, Frog and chick

**CO5:** information on state- of- the art experimental procedures in embryology.

CO6: Understanding of different control mechanisms of development including gene action are studied.

### **Course Content**

### **Developmental Biology**

### Module I

Introduction, Historical perspective (brief account), theories- Preformation, Epigenesis, Recapitulation and Germplasm. Subdivisions of Developmental biology. Spermatogenesis and oogenesis, structure of Graafian follicle, typical egg and sperm. Polarity of egg, egg envelops; classification of eggs based on different criteria.

### Module II

Fertilization: Agglutination, sperm penetration, activation of egg, amphimixis; physiological and biochemical changes during and after fertilization. Parthenogenesis- introduction, natural and artificial parthenogenesis, arrhenotoky and thelvtoky, obligatory and facultative, significance of parthenogenesis.

### **Module III**

Cleavage: types of cleavage - holoblastic and meroblastic; patterns of cleavage - radial, bilateral, spiral, rotational; cell lineage in Planocera (brief account only). Morula formation in microlecithal, mesolecithal, macrolecithal eggs; blastulation - introduction, different types of blastula - stereo blastula, coeloblastula, discoblastula, periblastula, blastocyst. Presumptive organ forming areas and fate maps, eg. amphioxus, frog, construction of fate maps.

### **Module IV**

Gastrulation: introduction, brief account of morphogenetic movements - epiboly and emboly (invagination, involution, infiltration, ingression, delamination, convergence, divergence) concept of germ layers, derivatives of germ layers.

### **Module V**

Cell differentiation: totipotency, pleuripotency and unipotency of embryonic cells. Determination and differentiation in embryonic development. Gene action, Drosophila as a model organism (brief account only), Homeotic genes and Hox genes. 14Hrs

### **ModuleVI**

Development: Amphioxus - cleavage, blastulation, gastrulation, neurogenesis, notogenesis, mesoderm and coelom formation. Frog -cleavage, blastulation, gastrulation, organogeny development of brain, eye, heart; metamorphosis - ecological, morphological and physiological

# **6Hrs**

44Hrs

7 Hrs

# 7 Hrs

# 5 Hrs

### **3Hrs**

**Total Hours: 90 (T54 + P36)** 

changes and hormonal control. **Chick** - cleavage, blastulation, gastrulation, study of 24 Hrs chick embryo; development of extra- embryonic membranes in chick. **Human** - implantation, pregnancy, parturition. Placentation in mammals - different types of placenta, functions.

### **Module VII**

**3Hrs** 

**Teratology:** definition, causes, infections, drugs and chemicals, metabolic imbalance, ionizing radiation, malnutrition, autohnmunization.

### **Experimental Embryology**

### **Module VIII**

10Hrs

10Hrs

Spemann's constriction experiments, organizers and embryonic induction, transplantation experiments involving optic cup, nuclear transplantation experiments in amphibians. *In vitro* fertilization and embryo transfer experiments in farm animals, In vitro fertilization and embryo transfer experiments in human and test tube babies; cloning experiments in animals (mammals); prenatal diagnosis and sex determination methods - amniocentesis chorionic villus sampling, ultra sound scanning. Embryonic and adult stem cell research and stem cell therapy.

### References

- 1. Agarwal, V.K. and Usha Guptha, S (1998). Chand's simplified course in zoology,
- 2. Chordate embryology and histology. S. Chand & Co Ltd.
- 3. Balinsky. B.I. (2004). An Introduction to Embryology. W.B. Saunders & Co.
- 4. Begley, D.J., Firth, J.A. and Houtt, J.R.S. (1980). Human Reproduction and Developmental Biology, MacMillan Press Ltd.
- 5. Berry, A.K. (2008). An Introduction to Embryology. Emkay Publications.
- 6. Gibbs. (2006). Practical Guide to Developmental Biology. Oxford University Press.
- 7. Gilbert. S.F. (2000). Developmental Biology. Sinauer Associates, Inc. Publishers.
- 8. Goel, S.C. (1984). Principles of animal developmental biology. Himalaya Publ.House, Bombay.
- 9. Huettner, A.F. (1959). Comparative Vertebrate Embryology. MacMillan.
- 10. JainP.C.(2007). Elements of Developmental Biology, 6th Edn. Rastogi Publications.
- 11. Mc Even. (1970). Vertebrate Embryology. Oxford-IBH
- 12. Nelson. (1960). Comparative Embryology of Vertebrates. MacMillan.
- 13. Rough. (1960). Frog- Reproduction and development. Oxford University Press.
- 14. Venna, P.S. and V.K. Agarwal (2007). Chordate Embryology. S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- 15. Vijayakumaran Nair, K. and P.V. George (2002). A manual of Developmental Biology. Academica, Trivandrum.
- 16. Werner. A. Muller. (2008). Developmental Biology. Springer.
- 17. Wolpert, L. (1998). Principles of Development. Oxford University Press, N. Y.

# Semester V

# **Open Course 1**

# **ABZ 1551: Vermiculture and Apiculture**

# **Course Outcomes**

No. of credits:2

CO 1: To promote self-employment and self-reliance among educated youth

CO 2: To learn the basic procedure and methodology of vermiculture

**CO 3:**To learn the scope and methodology of apiculture.

## **Course Contents**

## Vermiculture

Module I

Introduction: Definition and scope of vermiculture. Nature and species of earthworrms: habit categories - epigeic, endogeic and anecic, indigenous and exotic species (Eudrillus eugeniae/Eisenia foetidae/Perionyx excavatus/ Lampito mouritii). Identification of the above four species based on morphological characters.

## **Module II**

Methodology of vermicomposting: step by step methodology -containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental pre-requisites, feeding, harvesting and storage of vermicompost. Advantages of composting, precautions to be taken to prevent attack by pests and pathogens:

# **Module III**

Vermicompost profile and applied aspects: physical, chemical and biological parameters of vermicast, vermin .enrichment, economic uses of vermiculture (biofertilizer, waste disposal, vermiwash, poultry feed, vermi-remediation etc.

# Apiculture

# **Module IV**

Introduction and Scope: Definition and significance of the study. Caste system and Social behavior; common. species of honeybees used, organization of bee colony, social life and adaptations of honeybees.

# Module V

Bee keeping methods and equipments: indigenous methods, extraction appliances, extraction of honey from the comb and processing, management and maintenance of an apiary, bee pastures

# **Module VI**

Diseases and economics: diseases (bacterial, fungal, protoABZn, acarine, brood diseases, preventive and curative measures. Use of honey, bees wax, bee venom, nutrient profile of honey, marketing strategies.

### References

- 1. Cherian & Ramachandran Bee keeping in-South Indian Govt. Press, Madras.
- 2. Gupta, K.C. Romance of bee keeping. Khadi Paristhan, Calicut.
- 3. Mary Appelhof. Worms eat my Garbage.

## **Total Hours: 54**

# **10Hrs**

### 8 Hrs

**30 Hrs** 

8 Hrs

# **12 Hrs**

### **10 Hrs**

# 24Hrs

54

- 4. Mishra R.C. Perspectives in Indian Apiculture
- 5. Sathe, T.V. Vermiculture and Organic farming.

### First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology)

### Semester V

### **Open Course 2**

### **ABZ 1552: Human Nutrition**

No. of credits:2

# **Total Hours: 54**

**Course Outcome:** 

**CO 1:** To make aware the students about the importance of nutrition in maintaining health

**CO 2:**To cultivate proper feeding habits

**CO 3:**To learn the proper and scientific value of different food items.

### **Course Contents**

### Module 1

Introduction and scope. Carbohydrates, Proteins and Lipids - Carbohydrates : Functions, classification, food sources. storage in body, biomedical importance. Brief outline of metabolism :glycogenesis & glycogenolysis (in brief), glycolysis, citric acid cycle. Clinical significance.

Proteins - Functions, classification, food sources, composition, essential & non-essential amino acids, protein deficiency. biomedical importance. Metabolism: Transformation, Decarboxylation, Ammonia formation & transport, Urea cycle. Clinical significance

Fats & oils: Function of fats. classification, food sources, composition. saturated and unsaturated fatty acids. biomedical importance, essential fatty acids. Brief out line of metabolism : Beta oxidation of fatty acids. Ketosis. Cholesterol. Clinical significance.

### Module 11

Vitamins and minerals - sources and functions, deficiency status. Minerals - macro & micronutrients functions, sources. Bioavailability and deficiency of Calcium, Iron, Iodine, Sodium& Potassium (very brief account). Water - as a nutrient, function, sources, requirement, water balance & effect of deficiency.

### Module 111

Calorific values of food - Basal metabolic rate, energy requirements of man, women infants and children.

### Module IV

Nutritional value of foods- cereals, fruits, milk, egg, meat, fish. Balanced diet. Nutrition inpregnancy -Physiological stages of pregnancy, nutritional requirements, food selection, complication of pregnancy.

Nutrition during lactation - Physiology of lactation, nutritional requirements. Nutrition during infancy -growth & development. nutritional requirements, breast feeding, infant formula. introduction of supplementary foods. 'Nutrition during early childhood (Toddler/Preschool)- Growth & nutrient need, nutrition related problems, feeding patterns. Nutrition of school children- Nutritional requirement. importance of snacks. school lunch. Nutrition during adolescence - Growth &nutrient:tieeds, food. choices, eating habits, factors influencing nutritional need. Geriatric nutrition: Factors affecting- foodintake and nutrient-Use, nutrient needs. nutrition related problems.

Nutritional value of foods-cereals, fruits, milk, egg; meat.-fish. Balanced diet, Malnutrition.

### 5 Hrs

# 15 Hrs

15 Hrs

### Module V

### 4 Hrs

Interrelationship between nutrition &health : - Visible symptoms of good health; Use of food in body -Digestion, Absorption. transport& utilization; Role of fibres in human nutrition; Effect of cooking & heat processing on the nutritive value of foods; Processed supplementary foods; Food sanitation in hygiene.

### References

- 1. Gopalan.C, BS. Ramasastri& SC balasubramanian: 1971, Nutritive value of Indian foods. National Institute of Nutrition.Hyderabad.
- 2. Gopalan.D& K. Vijaya raghavan 1971. Nutrition atlas of India, ICMR, New Delhi.
- 3. Ghosh. S 1981, The feeding care of infants and young children, UNICEF, New Delhi.
- 4. Mudambi.SR ,1995. Fudementals of food and nutrition. New age international, New Delhi.
- 5. Swaminathan.K 1989. Handbook of food and nutrition: Bappeo, Bangalore.
- 6. Swaminathan.M, 1974. Essentials of food and nutrition. Vol I & II, Ganesh and Co. Madras.

# First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology) Semester V

## **Open Course 3**

### **ABZ 1553: Environmental Impact Assessment**

### No. of credits:2

### **Course Outcomes**

CO 1: Understanding environment and micro-environment and its concepts and principles

CO 2: Enable to plan organize and execute Environmental Impact Assessment studies

CO 3: Develop capability to sample and data analyses using statistical tools and preparation of EIA reports

### **Course Contents**

### **Module I**

Ecosystem and Environment: Biosphere and Hydrosphere, Environment and micro-environment. Ecosystem Concept, Homoeostasis Food chain, web and niche. Population and Community Aquatic Ecosystems. Biodiversity, Ecosystem Services, Man and Environment, Pollution and sustainable development. Climate change.

### **Module II**

EIA Approaches: History and significance of EIA/EIS, terminologies, Impact, EIA and WCED and UNCED, Principles of EIA, Life cycle of EIA.

### Module III

EIA Procedure and Methods: EI Statements, Scoping, ToR, Cost of EIA, EIA Auditing, Regional Environment Plans. EIA Methodologies - Optimization, Cost benefit and effectiveness analysis, Ecological evaluation, Judgment.

### Module IV

Public Participation and mediation. National organizations -MoEF, NABET, NGT. |EIA notifications and regulations in India. EIA Case Studies, models

### Module V

# 10 Hrs

### 14 Hrs

# **Total Hours: 54**

# 12 Hrs

14 Hrs

56

# Module IV

# economic issues in aquaculture development.

# **Module II**

**Module III** 

Economic evaluation of different aquaculture systems. Factors affecting economics of aquaculture. Importance of Aquaculture nutrition, Disease diagnosis and Water quality management. Socio-

# 12 Hrs

# 10Hrs

# **Total Hours: 54 (T36 + P18)**

Ed.), (The Natural and Built Environment Series), Spon Press (Taylor & Francis Group), London, 492pp.

# First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology)

Ecosystem modeling, Role of Remote sensing in ecomodelling, merits and demerits, Prospects

Environmental Assessment: Towards an Integrated Approach. UNEP, 147pp.

Substance and Integration. Cambridge University Press, UK, 332pp.

practices. CRC Press (Taylor & Francis Group), Boca Raton., 262pp.

problems. Wiley-Interscience Publication, New Jersey, 562pp.

(2 Ed.), BS Publications, Hyderabad, 428pp.

Abaza, H., R. Bisset and B. Sadler, 2004. Environmental Impact Assessment and Strategic

Anjanevulu, Y. And V. Manickam, 2007. Environmental Impact Assessment Methodologies

Anon, 2005. Handbook of Environmental Chemistry (Vol.5; Part F. Vol.2), Springer-Verlag.

Craik, N., 2008. The International Law of Environmental Impact Assessment: Process,

Eccleston, C.H., 2011. Environmental Impact Assessment: A guide to best professional

Lawrence, D.P., 2003. Environmental Impact Assessment: Practical solutions to recurrent

Morris, P. And R. Therivel (Eds.), 2001. Methods of Environmental Impact Assessment (2

# Semester VI

# Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 11

# **ABZ 1631: Aquaculture Business Management**

## No. of credits:4

References

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Berlin, 273pp.

# **Course outcomes**

- CO1:Acquire Knowledge and experience in economics pertain to various facets in aquaculture business
- CO2: Familiarize with the Loans and insurance and preparation of bankable projects for different aquaculture ventures.

**CO3:** Understanding on the laws and policies in Fisheries and Aquaculture sector

CO4: Appreciate the principles, concepts and practices of fisheries extension systems

# **Course Content**

# Module I

Essential Concepts in Economics: Law of demand and supply, Law of diminishing returns. Stages of production, cost concepts. Aquaculture economics. Contribution of fisheries sector to National GDP.

### Loans and insurance in aquaculture sector: Schemes of State and Central Governments, Loans from Commercial Banks and Agricultural Banks. Preparation of bankable projects. Scope of insurance in

aquaculture sector.

### 12 Hrs

Fisheries and Aquaculture policies. Agencies guiding aquaculture development; International Agencies: FAO - CCRF, NACA, World Fish Centre, etc. National Agencies: MPEDA, CAA, NFDB, etc. Research institutions. State level agencies: FFDA, KVK, ADAK, Matsyfed etc.

### Module V

### 5Hrs

Cooperatives and Marketing in Aquaculture. Role of cooperatives in fisheries sector. Significance of aquaculture cooperatives. Case study of Matsyafed. Marketing channels and market structure for fish and fishery products. Live fish marketing. Value addition. Constraints in Fish marketing in India.

### Module VI

### 8Hrs

Fisheries and Aquaculture Extension: Principles, concepts and practices of fisheries extension systems and approaches. Information and Communication Technology (ICT) in extension

### References

- 1. Badapanda, K.C. 2012. Fishery Economics & Administration. Narendra Publishing House, Delhi, 427pp.
- 2. Bjorndal, T., & Munro, G., 2012. The Economics and Management of World Fisheries. OUP Oxford. 288 pp.
- 3. Chaston I. 1983. Marketing in Fisheries and Aquaculture. Fishing News Books.
- 4. Cunninghams, M., R. Dunn & D. Whilmarsh. 1985. Fishery Economics an introduction. Mansell publishing Ltd. London.
- 5. Dunne EB. 1990. Fisheries Economics An Introduction. Mansell Publ.
- 6. Engle C.R., (2020). Aquaculture Business: A Practical Guide to Economics and Marketing.5m Publishing. 343 pp.
- 7. Engle, C.R., &Quagrainie, K., (2009). Aquaculture Marketing Handbook. Blackwell Publishing. 288 pp.
- 8. Engle, C.R., (2011). Aquaculture Economics and Financing: Management and Analysis. Wiley-Blackwell. 272 pp.
- Engle, C.R., Quagrainie, K.K., & Dey, M.M., (2016). Seafood and Aquaculture marketing Handbook (2<sup>nd</sup> Ed). Wiley-Blackwell, 416 pp.
- 10. FAO, 2011. FAO Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries. Rome, 91 pp.
- 11. Grafton QR, Kirkley J, Kompas T & Squire D. 2006. *Economics for Fisheries Management*. Ashgate Publ. Co.
- 12. Ian C. 1984. Marketing in Fisheries and Aquaculture. Fishing News Books.
- 13. Munro GR & Scott A. 1984. The Economics of Fisheries Management. University of British Columbia.
- 14. Palanisamy K, Paramasivam P & Renganathan CR. 2002. *Agricultural Production Economics, Analytical Methods and Applications*. Associated Publ. Co.
- 15. Quagrainie, K.K., (2013). The Market for Aquaculture products: Market Efficiency and Global Competitiveness. Routledge Publisher. 112 pp.
- 16. Rao, P.S. 1983 Fishery Economics and Management in India. Pioneer Publ. & Distributors.
- 17. Sathiadas, R. 2012. Marine Fishery Marketing in India. CMFRI, Cochin, 276pp.
- Upadhay, A.D., Roy, A.J., & Pandey P.K., (2019). Fisheries and Aquaculture Economics. New India Publishing Agency. 366 pp.

Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 12

# ABZ 1632: Live Feed Culture Technology

First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology) Semester VI

# No. of credits:2

# **Course Outcomes**

**CO 1:** Understand the importance of live feeds in mass production of fish seeds

CO 2: Understand the important live feeds used in aquaculture industry and its management

CO 3: Learn the methodology for isolation and mass culture of live feeds

# **Course Contents**

# Module I

Algal culture techniques: Physical and chemical conditions required. Collection, identification and isolation of microalgae. Preparation of various culture media. Preparation and maintenance of stock microalgal culture. Out-door and indoor culture techniques

### **Module II**

Algae in larval nutrition and their replacements: Quantification of Algal biomass. Harvesting and preservation cultured algae. Bio-enrichment of fish food organisms. Formulation and preparation of artificial feeds for larval rearing. Microencapsulated diets. Cost of algal culture.

## Module III

Rotifer Culture- Morphology, biology and life history. Strains. General Culture conditions for freshwater and marine rotifers. Culture techniques. Enrichment.

## Module IV

Utilization of Artemia in Aquaculture-Biology and Ecology of Artemia. Cyst Production. Biology of cvst. Hatching of cvst- decapsulation, harvesting. Nutritional quality of nauplii - enrichment for nutrients and disease control. On growing techniques for Artemia

## **Module VI**

Culture of cladocerans, Oligochaetes, Nematodes and Trochophore larvae- Daphnia and Moinanutrition and mass production, uses.

## References

- 1. Anderson RA (Ed.) (2005). Algal culturing techniques". Academic Press. 596p.
- 2. Anuraj A, J Raymond Jani Angel, Venkatesh R Thakur, , T Sivaramakrishnan, A K O Ratheesh, Arun Jyothi Baruah, Kirubasankar R and Dam Roy S (2015). Live food organisms in aquaculture. CIARI, Port Blair, p 23.
- 3. Josianne G. Støttrup and Lesley A. McEvoy. (Eds). (2003). Live Feeds in Marine Aquaculture. Blackwell Science. 337p.
- 4. Lavens P and Sorgeloos P (Eds.) (1996). Manual on the production and uses of live food for aquaculture. FAO Fisheries Technical Paper No. 361. Rome, FAO. 1996. 295 p.
- 5. Perumal, S., Thirunavukkarasu, A.R. & Pachiappan, P. (Eds). 2015. Advances in marine Brackishwater Aquaculture, Springer, New Delhi.
- Slocombe, S.P. & Benemann, J.R. (Eds)., 2017. Microalgal production for Biomass 6. Production and High value products. CRC Press.

# Total Hours: 54 (T36+18P)

## 10 Hrs

### 6 Hrs

### 6 Hrs

4 Hrs

### Semester VI

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 13

### **ABZ 1633: Practical Aquatic Biology III**

### (Practical of ABZ 1531, ABZ 1532, ABZ 1631& ABZ 1632)

### No. of credits:3

### **Total Hours: 108**

### **Course outcomes**

- **CO1:**Knowledge in identification of cultivable brackish water and marine organisms, its basic biology and physiology with special emphasis on reproductive biology and commercial seed production
- **CO2:**Develop a comprehensive knowledge on brackish water and marine aquaculture systems to monitor and maintain the health and growth performance of different cultured species
- **CO3:**Develop practical management skills in an various intensive farming systems for better production and farmer extension services
- **CO4:**Develop skills to understand the extension and business management for betterment of the services to farmers
- CO5: Knowledge in live feed culture and maintenance and identification of live feeds used in aquaculture

### **Course Content**

### Practical of ABZ 1531

- 1. Identification of cultivable brackishwater/marine finfishes
- 2. Identification of cultivable brackishwater/marine shrimps and crabs
- 3. Identification of cultivable bivalves
- 4. Identification of seaweeds
- 5. Monitoring of growth performance of a marine species
- 6. Calculation of pond fertilization
- 7. Water quality monitoring in brackish/marine systems
- 8. Visit to shrimp farms (Chemmeenkettu)
- 9. Visit to brackishwater fish and shrimp hatcheries (Hatchery Experience)
- 10. Visit to brackishwater fish and shrimp farm(Farm Experience)
- 11. Visit to marine cages

### Practical of ABZ 1532

- 11. Designing and fabrication of RAS
- 12. Designing and fabrication of Aquaponics
- 13. Monitor the performance of RAS
- 14. Monitor the performance of Aquaponics
- 15. Monitor the performance of Biofloc technology
- 16. Value addition of fish- processing- pickles, ready to cook/eat

# 36 hours

### 36 hours

- 17. Setting up of a demand/automatic feeder
- 18. Visit to commercial level RAS unit
- 19. Visit to commercial level Biofloc system
- 20. Visit to commercial level aquaponics
- 21. Hatchery Experience and Farm Experience

### Practicals of ABZ 1631

- 1. Evaluation of economics of different aquaculture systems
- 2. Discussion/debate on socio economic issues in aquaculture
- 3. Monitoring of State/Central subsidy schemes on aquaculture
- 4. Visit to Matsyafed, KVK for aquaculture training
- 5. Visit to farms running on subsidy scheme facilitated systems
- 6. Visit to marketing of fish through different modes- live, chain and online
- 7. This hours can also be utilised for Farm Experience/Internship and project work

### Practicals of ABZ 1632

- 1. Identification of Algal Live feeds
- 2. Identification of Artemia, Rotifer, cladocerans, etc.
- 3. Sketch the components of Live feed culture systems
- 4. Familiarise with components of Live feed culture systems

# First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology) Semester VI

### Main 1: Aquatic Biology Course 14

### ABZ 1634: Project in Aquatic Biology and Farm Experience

### No. of credits:4

### **Course Outcome**

CO1: Develop an aptitude for research in Aquaculture

- CO2: Inculcate proficiency to identify appropriate research topic, its execution and presentation
- CO3: Equip students to become an expert in aquaculture activities through hands on experience
- **CO4:**Mould the student to become either as an administrator, manager, consultant or as an entrepreneur in aquaculture

### Specifications

Topics pertain to aquatic biology with emphasis on aquaculture related topics can be selected for the project. Project is to be done by group not exceeding 10 students. Every student should submit typed (A4 paper, 12 Font, 1.5 Space), spirally bind project report duly attested by the supervising teacher and the Head of the Department on the day of practical examination before a board of two Examiners for ESE. The viva-voce based on the .project is conducted individually. Project topic once chosen, shall not be repeated by any later batches of students. List of projects submitted year wise is to be

### 18 hours

18 hours

maintained in a register and submitted before the examiners if requested. Supervising teachers are not supposed to guide topics involving biological samples and measurements on humans, unless there is clearance from the University Level Ethical Committee.

The project report may contain the following sections:

- 1. Preliminary (Title page, declaration, certificate of the supervising teacher, content etc.);
- 2. Introduction with objectives and relevant Review of Literature
- 3. Materials and Methods
- 4. Result
- 5. Discussion
- 6. Conclusion / Summary
- 7. References

### Study tour/Farm Experience/Internship

Hands on work experience in aquaculture firms either, hatcheries or any aquaculture grow-out is mandatory. The semester vacation after fourth/fifth semesters is utilized for this purpose to gain practical job experience in aquaculture activities. The sixth semester syllabus and work hours is planned in such a way that students will get ample hours to utilize the same for farm internship. Scientifically prepared farm experience report along with certificate from concern farm/hatchery authorities and with relevant photographs of candidate must be submitted by each student for ESE on the day of the examination-of project evaluation.

# First Degree Programme Double Main (Aquatic Biology and Zoology) Semester VI

### Main 2 : Zoology Course 11

### ABZ 1641: Ethology, Evolution and Zoogeography

### No. of credits:4

### **Total Hours: 108 (T72 + P36)**

12 Hrs

### **Course Outcomes**

**CO1:**To enhance the student's concept on organic evolution and appreciate the different modes of energy efficient communication systems existing in the animal world.

**CO 2:**To study the physiological basis of behavior.

**CO 3:**Study the different types of communication system among animals.

CO 4.To get a concept on organic evolution.

**CO5:**To get knowledge on the distribution of animals in the biosphere.

### **Course Content**

# Ethology 30 Hrs

### Module I

History and scope of ethology: Motivation- models of motivation (Lorenz's psycho-hydraulicmodel and Deutsch's model): learning- types of learning (imprinting, habituation, conditioned reflex. unconditioned reflex, latent learning); neural mechanisms in behaviour role of hypothalamus and other brain centers. hormones and behavior; sociobiology- social groups - merits and demerits. properties of organized societies, social groups in mammals, social stress.

### Perception of Senses and Communication Systems in Animals

### Module II : Sounds as communication system in the Animal world **6Hrs**

Vibrations of Insect Wings, Stridulation in Insects, Sound production in Cicada, Ultrasonic sounds of animals. Communication by Infrasonic sounds, Echo location, Evasion of insects to ultrasonic sounds, Sounds of Deep-sea animals, sounds for maintenance of territory, sounds and courtship behaviour.

### Module III : Light as a device for Animal Communication 4Hrs

Light of Visible spectrum, Colour vision, Black and white vision, UV vision, Infra-red vision Phosphorescence, Fluorescence, Bio luminesce-in Insects, Mollusca, Deep Sea fish, Energy efficiency of Bioluminescent organs. Physiologyof Bioluminescence, Bioelectricity.

### **Module IV: Transmission of Information through Chemicals**

Pheromones, Signalling pheromones in rodents and population control, Scent markings of Carnivores, Civet, Musk, Musth in elephants, Urine markings of dogs, Jacobsons organ. Insect pheromones Aggression pheromones, Trail pheromones, Sex attractants, Bombykol, Gypsilure, Pheromones for pest management, Pheromones for colony maintenance in honeybees, Dufours gland secretion, Allomones, Kairomones.

### **Evolution**

### Module V

Theories of organic evolution: Lamarck's theory. it's criticism (Weisman's germplasm theory) Darwin's theory of natural selection (mention the contributions of Wallace). Mutation theory (selfstudy)

### Module VI

Geological timescale, fossils, fossilization, paleontological evidences of evolution, fossil dating and significance of fossils.

### Module VII

Modern concept of organic evolution: (Neo Darwinism) - genetic basis of evolution- gene pool, gene frequency, mutation, role of mutation in evolution, neutral mutation (Kimura). genetic drift. genetic equilibrium; factors affecting geneticequilibrium and Hardy -Weinberg law.

Natural selection: types of selection (brief account of the observation in Bistonbetularia). isolation and isolating mechanisms: speciation - sympatric speciation and allopatric speciation. Hybridizationadaptive radiation with special reference to Darwin's finches.

### **Module VIII**

Evolution above species level: Adaptive radiation, Micro-evolution, Macroevolution, Mega evolution, Co-evolution.

### **Module IX**

Evolution of human: Organic and cultural, examples of trends in human evolution, fossil men brief accounts of Parapithecus, Propliopithecus, Dryopithecus, Ramapithecus, Australopithecus, Neanderthal. Cromagnon and Modern human.

### Zoogeography

Module X

Animal Distribution: Geographic distribution of animals-cosmopolitan distribution, discontinuous distribution, bipolar distribution and isolated distribution, factors affecting animal distribution, barriers to animal distribution- physical and biological barriers.

# 7 Hrs

4 Hrs

### 8Hrs

32 Hrs

4 Hrs

# 5Hrs

# 12Hrs

## 10Hrs

### **Module XI**

### 6Hrs

Zoogeographical Realms: (Brief account of each realm mention the areas included, physical features and fauna) Palaearctic- region; Australian region, Ethiopian region, Nearctic region, Oriental region and Neotropical region. Biogeographial Classification of India. Western -Ghats, Eastern Ghats and Himalayas. Insular Fauna: Brief account of oceanic islands and continental islands (with one example each)

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### Perception of Senses and Communication system in Animals.

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### **Semester VI**

### Main 2: Zoology Course 12

### **ABZ 1642: Zoology Practical III**

### (Practical of ABZ 1341, ABZ 1541, ABZ 1542 & ABZ 1641)

### Ecology, Physiology and Biochemistry, Developmental Biology, Ethology, Evolution andZoogeography

### No. of credits:3

### **Total Hours: 144 Hours**

36 Hrs

### **Course Outcomes**

CO1:To familiarize the experiments and observations in ecology

**CO2:**Demonstrate basic principle in physiology and biochemistry

**CO3:**To learn clinical procedures for blood & urine analysis

**CO4:**To make the student skillful in simple biochemical laboratory procedures.

### **Course Content**

### Practical of ABZ 1341

### **Ecology** (1-4 Compulsory)

- 1. Estimation of dissolved oxygen of water sample.
- 2. Estimation of CO2 in water sample.
- 3. Primary productivity using dark and light bottle
- 4. Turbidity using Secchi disc
- 5. Estimation of hardness of three different water samples.
- 6. Extraction of soil organisms- Berlese funnel, Baerman's funnel [Any one]
- 7. Construction of food web.
- 8. Study of ecological adaptations any three

### Practical of ABZ 1541

**Physiology and Biological Chemistry Practicals** [1-9 Compulsory]

- 1) Kymograph apparatus and explanation of simple muscle twitch.[Demonstration]
- 2) Measurement of oxygen consumption of cockroach using. Fen's respirometer.[Experiment set up]
- 3) Study of tonicity of blood cells
- 4) Paper chromatographic separation of amino acids
- 5) Estimation of haemoglobin of blood using. Haemoglobinometer.
- 6) Effect of temperature / pH on salivary amylase activity
- 7) Detection of abnormal constituents (glucose and albumin) in urine[two test each].
- 8) Detection of excretory products ammonia (Nessler's test). urea (Ammonia generation/ Biuret test) and uric acid (Phosphotungstic acid test)
- 9) Preparation of blood smear and study of blood cells of human.
- 10) Isolation of casein from milk 12-13.[Any one]
- 11) Effect of temperature on the opercular activity of fish.

### Practical of ABZ 1542

### Developmental Biology and Experimental Embryology [Any six]

- 1. Study of different types of eggs-Amphioxus, frog, chick, human based on models/charts {Any three]
- 2. Study of blastula- Amphioxus, frog- slide / model [Any one]
- 3. Study of gastrula Amphioxus/frog-yolk plug stage slide / model. [Any one]
- 4. Mounting, sketch and label of 24Hrs/48Hrs chick blastoderm.[Any one]
- 5. Study of placenta(model/specimen) any two types.
- 6. Stained preparation of grass hopper sperm (demonstration)
- 7. Mount few eggs of Culex from the egg raft and record the life cycle of Mosquito
- 8. Mount the egg of yellow crazy ant (an alien invasive ant) *Anoplolepis* and describe the type of egg.

### Practical of ABZ 1641

### (This hour is also utilised for project preparation and finalisation)

### Ethology

- 1. Pheromones for pest management
- 2. 11(a) Mango fruit fly trap (Dacus dorsalis) by Methyl eugenol
- 3. 11(b) Melon fly trap (*Bactroceracucurbitae*) by cue lure trap

### **Environment Movements**

1.Photo of Rachel Carlson, Sunderlal Bahuguna, Medha Patkar. (Photo of Eminent persons, Identify and comment on their contributions)

### Evolution

1. Photo of Darwin and Lamark - Identify the scientists and mention the contribution.

### Zoogeography

1. Study different zoogeographical realms with fauna.

## 36 Hrs

### Semester VI

### Main 2: Zoology Course 13

### ABZ 1643: Project in Zoology and Field Study

### No. of credits:4

### **Course Outcomes**

CO1: Develop an aptitude for research in Zoology

CO2: Inculcate proficiency to identify appropriate research topic, its execution and presentation

### Specifications

Topics of biological interest can be selected for the project. Project is to be done by group not exceeding 10 students. Every student should submit typed (A4 paper, 12 Font, 1.5 Space), spirally bind project report duly attested by the supervising teacher and the Head of the Department on the day of practical examination before a board of two Examiners for ESE. The viva-voce based on the .project is conducted individually. Project topic once chosen,shall not be repeated by any later batches of students. List of projects submitted year wise is to be maintained in a register and submitted before the examiners if requested. Supervising teachers are not supposed to guide topics involving biological samples and measurements on humans, unless there is clearance from the University Level Ethical Committee.

The project report may contain the following sections:

- 1. Preliminary (Title page, declaration, certificate of the supervising teacher, content etc.);
- 2. Introduction with relevant literature review and objective
- 3. Materials and Methods
- 4. Result
- 5. Discussion
- 6. Conclusion / Summary
- 7. References

### Field Study and Study tour

A total of eighteen hours (I hour/week) has to be allotted to field study in the fifth semester. Study tour of minimum 4 days is compulsory. Students are directed to visit one research institute and one wild life sanctuary / museum / zoo, preferably within the state of Kerala. Scientifically prepared hand written study tour report along with photographs of candidate at the places of visit must be submittedby each student for ESE on the day of the examination-of project evaluation. Study tour can be conducted separately during the period of three years (such as one day visit to an ecologically important habitat or in a Research Institution) or continuously for four to six days.