REGULATION RELATING TO BBA, LL.B INTEGRATED **DEGREE COURSE IN LAW**

1. Title

The regulation shall be called the Regulation relating to BBA, LL.B Integrated Degree Course in Law

2. Commencement

These regulations shall come into force with effect from Academic Year 2013 – 2014.

3. **Duration of the Course**

- The course shall be of a double degree integrated course comprising BBA and (a) L.L.B Degrees. The Bacherlor's Degree in Business Administration and Law shall consist of regular course of study for a minimum period of 10 Semesters in Five Years and shall consist of 18 papers in BBA and 31 papers in law.
- (b) Each semester shall consist of 90 instructional days having 5 hours per day for lectures, seminars, debates and test papers. These shall be not less than five hours per subject per week and one/two hours for seminar/debates/test papers/additional class

4. **Eligibility for Admission**

No candidate shall be admitted t the course unless he has passed the Higher Secondary Examination of the Government of Kerala or any other examination recognized as equivalent thereto by this University with not less than 45% marks for general category and 40% marks for SC and St.

5. **Attendance and Progress**

No candidate shall be permitted to register for the end semester examinations conducted by the University unless the Principal has certified that he has obtained not less than 75% of the attendance in each paper and his conduct and progress has been satisfactory.

6. **Examinations**

- There shall be a University examination at the end of each semester. Each written (a) paper carrying 100 Marks is divided into 80 Marks for written examination and 20 Marks for internal assessment.
- (b) Project – All students are to carry out a project work either individually or in a group of not more than 5 under the supervision of a Teacher. The project work may commence in the 7th semester. The report of the project shall be submitted to the College in duplicate before the completion of the 8th semester. There shall be no internal assessment for project work. A board of two examiners appointed by the University shall evaluate the report of the project work. The viva-voce based on the project report shall be conducted individually. The maximum marks for the evaluation of the project shall be 100, distributed among the following components of project evaluation.

- p j	
(1) Statement of the problem and significance	of the study - 10
(2) Objectives of the study	- 5
(3) Review of literature	- 5
(4) Methodology	- 15
(5) Analysis and interpretation	- 20
(6) Presentation of the report	- 15
(7) Findings and suggestions	- 10
(8) Bibliography	- 5
(9) Viva-voce	- 15

15

- (c) Paper V in Seventh, Eight and paper IV in Ninth and Tenth semesters shall be evaluated internally. Internal Viva shall be conducted by the board of examiners constituted by the Principal from among Senior Teachers.
- (d) Paper II in the Tenth Semester is optional paper 1/3 (one third) of the total number of the students of that semester can choose either of the two papers.
- (e) Internship Each student shall have completed a minimum of 20 weeks internship during the entire period of legal studies with NGOs, Trial and Appellate Advocates, Judiciary, Legal Regulatory Authorities, Legislative Bodies, Bank, Stock Exchanges, Law firms, Companies, Local Self Government and such other bodies.

Provided that internship in any particular year should not exceed a continuous period of more than four week and all students shall undergo internship at least once during the entire period of studies with trial and appellate advocates.

Each student shall keep an internship diary which shall be certified and evaluated by the person or authority with whom the student has interned and the same shall be submitted to the Faculty in charge for his evaluation.

Each student shall keep internship diary and the same shall be evaluated by the Guide in Internship and also a Core Faculty member.

(f) Viva-voce examination in the Tenth semester shall be conducted by the Board of Examiners constituted by the University.

7. Internal Assessment

Marks for the internal assessment in each written paper shall be distributed as follows.

- (i) Attendance 5 Marks (2.5 Marks for 75% of attendance and additional 0.5 Marks for every 5% attendance above 75%)
- (ii) Test Paper 5 Marks (Average of two test papers)
- (iii) Assignment 5 Marks
- (iv) Seminar / Debate 5 marks

The marks for internal assessment shall be awarded by the Teacher incharge of each paper, countersigned by the Principal and forwarded to the University before the commencement of the written examination. A statement containing the marks awarded to every student as internal assessment in each paper shall also be published.

Guidelines for Internal Assessment -

- (i) Introduction The objectives of introducing internal assessment are: (i) To develop in the students the ability for critical analysis and evaluation of legal problems; (ii) to develop communication skill, both oral and written; (iii) to create an awareness of current socio-legal problems; (iv) to ensure the involvement and participation of students in academic programmes; and (v) to make evaluation of students a continuous process. In order to achieve these objectives it is imperative that internal assessment is made by teachers in a fair and objective manner and in an atmosphere of total transparency and confidence. The following guidelines are issued to secure fairness, objectivity and transparency in internal assessment.
- (ii) Attendance (a) For each subject attendance shall be taken from the first the class after admission and recorded in a register maintained by the teacher. A statement of attendance shall be prepared every month which shall be available for inspection by the students. Complaints, if any, shall be brought to the notice of the teacher and the Principal before the seventh working day of the publication of the statement.
 - (b) Students representing the College / University in Sports / Games, Arts / Cultural events or Moot Courts, Client Counseling competitions, Academic activities and

Office bearers of the College / University Union may, with the prior permission of the Principal, take part in such competitions or activities and be given attendance as directed by the Principal for such participation, subject to a maximum of 10 days in a semester.

- (iii) <u>Test Paper</u> Two test papers shall be conducted for each subject in a semester and average marks of two test papers shall be taken as internal mark for Test paper. The marks obtained by each student in the test paper shall be announced by the teacher within ten days from the date of the test paper and shall also be recorded in a register maintained by the teacher.
- (iv) <u>Assignment</u> Every student shall write one assignment for each paper, on a subject chosen in consultation with the teacher the assignment should reflect the ability of the student to identify and use materials and his/her capacity for original thinking, critical analysis and evaluation. Each student shall select the topic of assignment before the 20th working day of the semester.

The assignment shall be submitted before a date prescribed by the teacher. If the assignment submitted by a student is found to be unsatisfactory by the teacher, the student shall be given an option to revise the assignment or write an assignment on another subject chosen in consultation with the teacher.

The marks obtained by each student and the criteria adopted for evaluation of assignments shall be announced by the teacher within 10 days from the date of submission of the assignment. The marks shall also be recorded in a register maintained by the teacher.

(v) <u>Seminar / Debate</u> – Every student shall participate in one seminar or debate for each paper. A synopsis of not more than one page shall be submitted by each participant to the teacher before the seminar / debate. In the evaluation, 50% credit shall be given to the content and 50% for presentation. The topic of the seminar / debate shall be selected by the student in consultation with the teacher before the 20th working day of the semester. The marks awarded for the seminar / debate shall be announced by the teacher at the end of the seminar / debate and shall also be recorded in a register maintained by the teacher.

8. Pass minimum and classification

- (a) A candidate who secures not less than 50% marks for each paper in a semester shall be declared to have passed the examination in that semester.
- (b) A candidate who obtains pass marks (50%) in one or more papers, but fails in other papers in a semester is exempted from appearing in the papers in which he/she has obtained pass marks.
- (c) A candidate who fails in Paper V of Seventh or Eighth and Paper IV of Ninth and Tenth semester shall appear in that paper in the next academic year without obtaining readmission.
- (d) A candidate who fails in Internship, project or viva-voce has to complete the internship, project and viva-voce in the next academic year without obtaining re-admission.
- (e) There shall be no chance to improve either the internal assessment marks or written examination marks.
- (f) Classification is as shown below:-
 - Distinction 80% and above
 - First Class 60% and above, but below 80%
 - Second Class 50% and above, but below 60%
- (g) Ranking shall be done on the basis of the marks obtained by the candidate in the whole examination (Ten semesters) passed in the first chance.

(h) A candidate admitted in this course shall complete the course and shall pass all papers within a period of ten years from the date of admission.

9. Publication of Results

The results of the Tenth semester examination shall be published only after the candidate has passed the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth semester examinations.

10. Award of BBA, LL.B Degree

A candidate who successfully completes all the Ten semesters shall be eligible for the award of BBA, LL.B Degree from the faculty of Law.

11. Prohibition against lateral entry and exit

There shall be no lateral entry on the plea of graduation in any subject or exit by way of awarding a degree splitting the integrated double degree course, at any intermediary stage of integrated double degree course.

12. Applicability of Regulations

This regulation is applicable only to BBA, LL.B Integrated Degree Course in Law.

Scheme Scheme of the Course

First Semester

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
	·	of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Listening and speaking skills	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Environmental Studies	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Principles of Management	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Legal Method, Legal Language and	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Legal Writing				
5	Law of Tort including MV Accident and	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Consumer Protection Laws				
	Total				500

Second Semester

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
	•	of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Writing and Presentation skills	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Organizational Behaviour	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Business Statistics	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Law of Crimes – Paper - I – Penal	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Code				
5	Law of Contract	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Total				500

Third Semester

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Marketing Management	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Financial Accounting	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Operations Research	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Jurisprudence	3 hrs	20	80	100
5	Special Contracts	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Total				500

Fourth Semester

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Managerial Economics	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Financial Management	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Entrepreneurship Development	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Constitutional Law – I	3 hrs	20	80	100
5	Family Law – I	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Total				500

Fifth Semester

	Name of the Paper	Duration of Exam	Marks Internal	Marks Written	Total
1	Human Resource Management	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Law of Crimes –Paper - II – Criminal Procedure Code	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Family Law – II	3 hrs	20	80	100
5	Constitutional Law -II	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Total				500

Sixth Semester

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Management Accounting	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Research Methodology	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Interpretation of Statutes and	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Principles of Legislation				
4	Administrative Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
5	Law of Evidence	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Total				500

Seventh Semester

	Name of the Paper	Duration of Exam	Marks Internal	Marks Written	Total
1		_	ł		100
1	Operations Management	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Information Technology Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Property Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Principles of Taxation Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
5	Drafting Pleading and Conveyance		100		100
	Total				500

Eighth Semester

	Name of the Paper	Duration	Marks	Marks	Total
		of Exam	Internal	Written	
1	Strategic Management	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Banking Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Labour and Industrial Law - I	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Company Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
5	Professional Ethics and Professional		100		100
	Accounting System				
6	Business Environment	3 hrs	20	80	100
7	Project Work & Viva voce(Management)				100
	Total				700

Ninth Semester

Name of the Paper	Duratio		Marks	Total
	n of	Internal	Writte	
	Exam		n	

1	Private International Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Environmental Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
3	Labour and Industrial Law - II	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Alternate Dispute Resolution		100		100
	Total				400

Tenth Semester

OCITIC					
	Name of the Paper	Duratio	Marks	Marks	Total
		n of	Internal	Writte	
		Exam		n	
1	Trade in Intellectual Property	3 hrs	20	80	100
2	Criminology and Penology	3 hrs	20	80	100
	Or				
	Women and the Law				
3	Public International Law	3 hrs	20	80	100
4	Moot court exercise, Observance of		100		100
	Trial, Interviewing techniques and				
	Pre-trial preparations.				
	Internship		50		50
	Viva voce				50
	Total				500

First Semester Paper – 1

LISTENING, SPEAKING and READING SKILLS

No. of Instructional hours: 4 hours/week

AIMS

- 1. To familiarize students with English sounds and phonemic symbols.
- 2. To enhance their ability in listening, speaking and reading
- 3. To make students competent in advanced reading skills like skimming, scanning and reading for meaning and pleasure.

OBJECTIVES

On completion of the course, the students should be able to

- 1. listen to lectures, public announcements and news on TV and radio, and engage in telephonic conversation.
- 2. communicate effectively and accurately in English and use spoken language for various purposes.
- 3. identify various text types and comprehend them.
- 4. apply reading techniques like skimming and scanning to understand the main arguments and themes and distinguish supporting details.

COURSE OUTLINE

Module 1: Pronunciation

Phonemic symbols - consonants - vowels - syllables - word stress - strong and weak forms- intonation.

Module 2:Listening Skills

Difference between listening and hearing - active listening -barriers to listening - academic listening - listening for details - listening and note-taking - listening for sound contents of videos - listening to talks and descriptions - listening for meaning - listening to announcements - listening to news programmes.

Module 3: Speaking Skills

Interactive nature of communication - importance of context - formal and informal - set expressions in different situations -greeting - introducing - making requests - asking for / giving permission - giving instructions and directions - agreeing / disagreeing - seeking and giving advice - inviting and apologizing telephonic skills - conversational manners.

Module 4: Reading Skills

Intensive reading - reading for information - application of scanning and skimming - silent and loud reading - various techniques - advantages and disadvantages. Introducing students to different text types-poetry - drama - prose - fictional/nonfictional/ scientific/biographical and autobiographical - news paper and magazine articles - reviews - legal language.

COURSE MATERIAL

Modules 1 - 4

Core reading: *English for Effective Communication*. Oxford University Press, 2013

Further reading:

- 1. Marks, Jonathan. *English Pronunciation in Use*. New Delhi: CUP, 2007.
- 2. Lynch, Tony. *Study Listening*. New Delhi:CUP, 2008.
- 3. Kenneth, Anderson, Tony Lynch, Joan MacLean. *Study Speaking*. New Delhi: 1:UP, 2008.

Reference:

Jones, Daniel. English Pronouncing Dictionary 17th Edition. New Delhi: CUP, 2009.

Paper - 2

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Objective: To create the awareness among the students about the deteriorating condition of our environment and to make them understand the importance of managing environmental hazards.

1. **Nature of Environmental Studies:** Definition, Scope and importance - Need for public awareness.

Natural Resources: - Renewable and non-renewable resources: - Use, exploitation, changes, problems, benefits and conflicts of Forest, Water, Mineral, Food. Energy and Land resources- Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources - Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

2. Ecosystem. Biodiversity and its conservation.

Ecosystem: Concept - Structure and functions - producers, consumers and decomposers.- Energy flow - Ecological succession - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids.- Forest ecosystem - Grassland ecosystem - Desert ecosystem - Aquatic ecosystems

Biodiversity and its conservation: Introduction - Definition: generic, species and ecosystem diversity - Value of biodiversity: Consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values - At different levels - at global, National and local - Threats - Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

3. Environmental pollution

Definition - Causes, effects, prevention and control measures of:- Air. Water, Soil Marine, Noise, Thermal and Nuclear hazards - Solid waste Management:- Disaster Management: Floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. - Role of an individual, in prevention of pollution. - Pollution case studies.

4. Social Issues and the Environment

Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. - Consumerism and waste products.- Environment Protection Act.- Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation.- Public awareness

5. Human Population and the Environment

Population growth, variation among nations - Population explosion - Environment and human health - Human Rights - Value Education - Women and Child Welfare.- Role of Information technology in Environment and human health.

Books Recommended

- 1. Introduction to Environmental Economics Nick Hanley etal Oxford
- 2. Ecology and Economics Ramprasad Sengupta Oxford
- 3. Environmental Economics an Indian perspective Rabindra N Bhattaria Oxford
- 4. Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India. Mapin Publishing Pvt. Ltd.. Ahmedabad.
 - 5. Brunner R C, 1989. Hazardous Waste Incineration, McGraw-Hill inc.
- 6. Jadhav H & Bhosale. V M 1995. Environmental Protection and Laws. Himalaya Pub. House Delhi.
 - 7. Mhaskar A K, Matter Hazardous. Techno-Science Publication (TB)

- 8. Miller T G jr. Environmental Science Wadsworth Publishing Co. (TB)
- 9. Survey of the Environment. The Hindu (M)

Paper - 3

PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

Objective: The basic purpose of this course is to introduce the concepts and basic principles of management to the students.

1. **The Concept of Management:** Nature, Meaning, theories, evolution - significance of Management - Principles and Practice of management, Levels of management - Management of business and non-business organisation.

Managerial Class: Management as a profession - Management Education - Training and Development - Managerial Values - Role of Manager and Management in Economic Development.

- 2. **Management Objectives:** Importance of objectives Setting up of objectives Quantitative and qualitative objectives Harmonising objectives Management participation.
- 3. **Managerial Planning and Decision Making:** Nature and purpose of planning Theories and Techniques of planning Elements and processes of planning Types and components of planning Importance of Decision making Types of decision making Rational Techniques of Decision making.
- 4. **Organising:** Nature and purpose structural design' concept principles and processes Dimensions of structure horizontal and vertical Formal and informal dimensions Departmentalisation Delegation Decentralisation Span of management Line staff relationships.

Staffing: Nature and role - concepts and elements - selection performance appraisal - human resources development.

5. **Co-ordinating:** Principles of co-ordination - Methods of achieving co-ordination - planning and co-ordination - Decision making and co-ordination.

Directing: Nature and scope - small groups and their dynamic learning, motivation, leadership.

Controlling: nature and process - concepts of controlling - control cycles - conventional and contemporary control techniques of Human problems.

Books Recommended

Industrial Management and Administration
 Business Organisation & Management
 Business Administration & Management
 Principles of Management
 Principles of Management
 Practice of Management
 Peter Drucker

7. Principles & Practice of Management Prasad L.M.

PAPER – 4 LEGAL METHOD, LEGAL LANGUAGE AND LEGAL WRITING

- (1) Meaning and Definition of Law and its relevance in the society legal Institutions including courts, tribunals and other adjudicatory bodies- hierarchy of Courts and nature of dispute decided by different courts and tribunals in India.
- (2) Primary sources of legal materials Constitutions, Legislation, Delegated Legislation, Custom Precedent Structure and Content of Statutes, Rules and Regulations, Orders, Notifications etc.

- (3) Secondary sources of legal materials Text books, Digest, Encyclopedia, Commentaries, Law Journal, Law Commission Reports, Law Reports, Research and Other reference materials, Constituent Assembly Debates and Legislative Assembly Debates.
- (4) Pleadings in civil cases Plaint, Written Statement, Affidavit, Interlocutory Applications Judgement, Decree and Order Pleadings in Criminal case Bail Applications Private complaint, Criminal Miscellaneous Applications Appeal, Review and Revision in Civil and Criminal Cases Different types of legal documents viz. Agreement, Sale Deed, Gift Deed, Lease Deed, Mortgage Deed, Exchange deed, Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note, Partnership Deed, Power of Attorney (students need not be asked to do actual drafting) Memorandum and Articles of Association, Bye Laws etc.
- (5) Using law library-students should be trained in using law library understanding citations footnotes and legal abbreviations language of law and legal writing preparation of head notes, abstract, synopsis using of legal terms and expressions in sentences, writing of case comments and articles on legal issues.
- (6) Legal writing drafting representations and petitions writing articles on current topics relating to law.
- (7) Legal Maxims (Latin Maxims)
 - 1. *Actio personalis moritur cum persona* (A personal action dies with the person)
 - 2. Actus non facit reum, nisi mens sit rea (The Act itself does not constitute guilt unless done with a guilty mind)
 - 3. Audi alteram partem (Hear the other side) No man shall be condemned unheard.
 - 4. De minimis non curat lex (Law does not deal with trifles).
 - 5. *Ex nudo pacto non oritur actio* (No cause of action arises from a bare promise).
 - 6. ex turpi causa non oritur actio (An action does not arise from a base cause).
 - 7. Falsus in uno falsus in omnibus (False in one particular is false in general).
 - 8. Fiat justitia ruat coelum (Justice shall be done even if the heavens fall down).
 - 9. Generalia specialibus non derogant (General things do not derogate from special things)
 - 10. Ignorantia juris non excusat (Ignorance of law is not an excuse)
 - 11. Lex injustita non est lex (An unjust law is not a law)
 - 12. *Nemo dat guod non habet* (No one can convey a better title than what he himself has)
 - 13. Nemo debet bis vexari pro una et eadem causa (No one shall be vexed twice for the same cause)
 - 14. Nemo debet esse judex in propria sua causa (No man can be a judge in his own cause)
 - 15. Novus actus interveniens (A new intervening act)
 - 16. *Quit facit per alium facit per se* (He who does an act through another does it himself)
 - 17. Res ipsa loquitur (The things speaks for itself)

- 18. Respondeat superior (Let the Principal be held responsible)
- 19. *Ubi jus ibi remedium* (Where there is a right, there is a remedy) There is no wrong without a remedy.
- 20. *Volenti non fit injuria* (He who consents suffers no injury)
- 21. Nulla poena sine lege (No punishment without legal authority).

Books for Reference and Study

- (1) Glanville Williams, Learning the Law
- (2) Arthur.T.Vonderbilt, studying Law, New York University Press, Washington
- (3) H.C.Jain, "Using Law Library" (1904) 24 JILI 575
- (4) R.S.Atiyah, Law and Modern Society, Oxford University Press
- (5) James.A.Holland and Juline.S.Webb, Learning Legal Rules- Universal Book Traders, Chapter 426
- (6) Glanville Williams, Language and Law (1961) L.Q.R 71, 179, 293, 384
- (7) Ervin.H.Pollock Fundamental of Legal Research, Foundation Press, INC. Newyork

PAPER - 5

LAW OF TORT INCLUDING MOTOR VEHICLES ACCIDENT AND CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS

- Definition Distinction between tort and crime Tort and contract foundations of tortuous liability – Essential conditions of liability in tort – damnum sine injuria – injuria sine damnum – Principles of insurance in tort – defences – capacity of parties.
- Master and Servant vicarious liability -distinction between servant and independent contractor

 course of employment common employment servant with two masters liability of the state.
- Joint tortfeasors Remedies judicial and extra judicial remedies kinds of damages Remoteness of damages – Novus actus intervenious – Foreign torts – Effect of death of parties in tort – Strict liability – Rule in Rylands v. Fletcher -
- 4. Assault Battery False imprisonment Nervous shock Defamation slander libel Innuendo Defences Justification fair comment privileges Tresspass to land trespass to goods Deceit Rule in Derry v. Peak Negligence Res ipsa loquitor contributory negligence The last opportunity rule Nuisance
- 5. Liability under Motor Vehicles Act 1988 Compensation in Motor Vehicle Accidents nature and extent of insurer's liability claims tribunal award of compensation.
- 6. Concept of consumer protection Consumer protection under the Consumer Protection Act 1986 Definitions consumer goods services- Defect Deficiency Unfair Trade Practice Restrictive Trade Practices Commercial Service Consumer Safety Public Utility Service-Liability of Doctors and Hospitals and Other Professionals, Engineers, Lawyers etc Consumer disputes redressal agencies composition and jurisdiction Remedies Role of consumer protection councils.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

1. Salmond, Law of Torts

- 2. Winfield, Law of Torts
- 3. Prof.P.S.Achutan Pillai, Law of Torts
- 4. Consumer Protection Act, 1986
- 5. Gurjeet Singh, The Law of Consumer Protection in India (New Delhi, Deep and Deep Publications 1996)
- 6. Avtar Singh, The Law of Consumer Protection (2nd Ed.)
- 7. Halsbury's Laws of England (IV Ed. Reissue Vol.45 pp 555-725)
- 8. R.K. Bangia, A Handbook of Consumer Protection Laws and Procedure
- 9. P.K. Sarkar, The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 R.K. Bangia, Law of Torts

Second Semester

Paper – 1

MODERN ENGLISH GRAMMAR AND USAGE

No. of Instructional hours: 4 hours/week

AIMS:

- 1. To help students have a good understanding of modern English grammar.
- 2. To enable them produce grammatically and idiomatically correct language.
- 3. To help them improve their verbal communication skills.
- 4. To help them minimise mother tongue influence.

OBJECTIVES: On completion of the course, the students should be able to

- 1. have an appreciable understanding of English grammar.
- 2. produce grammatically and idiomatically correct spoken and written discourse.
- 3. spot language errors and correct them.

COURSE OUTLINE

Module 1:

- Modern English grammar what and why and how of grammar grammar of spoken and written language
- Sentence as a self-contained unit various types of sentence simple compound complex -declaratives interrogatives imperatives exclamatives.
- Basic sentence patterns in English constituents of sentences subject verb object complement-adverbials.
- Clauses main and subordinate clauses noun clauses relative clauses adverbial clauses finite and non-finite clauses - analysis and conversion of sentences - Active to Passive and vice versa - Direct to Indirect and vice versa - Degrees of Comparison, one form to the other.
- Phrases various types of phrases noun, verb, adjectival and prepositional phrases.
- Words parts of speech nouns pronouns adjectives verbs adverbs prepositions conjunctions determinatives.

Module 2:

- Nouns different types count and uncount collective mass case number gender.
- Pronoun different types personal, reflexive infinite-emphatic reciprocal.
- Adjectives predicative attributive pre- and post-modification of nouns.
- Verbs tense-aspect voice -mood- Concord types of verbs transitive intransitive-finite non-finite.
- Helping verbs and modal auxiliaries function and use.

Module 3:

- Adverbs different types various functions modifying and connective.
- Prepositions different types syntactic occurrences prepositional phrases adverbial function.
- Conjunctions subordinating and coordinating Determinatives articles possessives quantifiers

Module 4:

- Remedial grammar error spotting errors in terms of specific grammatical concepts like constituents of sentences parts of speech concord collocation sequences of tense errors due to mother tongue influence .
- Written Composition precis writing outline story expansion of proverb short essay.

COURSE MATERIAL

Modules 1-4

Core Reading: *Concise English Grammar* by Prof. V. K. Moothathu. Oxford University Press, 2012.

Further Reading:

- 1. Leech, Geoffrey et al. *English Grammar for Today*: A New Introduction. 2nd Edition. Palgrave, 2008.
- 2. Carter, Ronald and Michael McCarthy. *Cambridge Grammar of English*.CUP, 2006.
- 3. Greenbaum, Sidney. *Oxford English Grammar*. Indian Edition. Oxford University Press, 2005.
- 4. Sinclair, John ed. *Collins Cobuild English Grammar*. Harper Collins publishers, 2000.
- 5. Driscoll, Liz. Common Mistakes at Intermediate and How to Avoid Them.CUP, 2008.
- 6. Tayfoor, Susanne. Common Mistakes at Upper-intermediate and How to Avoid Them.CUP, 2008.
- 7. Powell, Debra. Common Mistakes at Advanced and How to Avoid Them.CUP, 2008.
- 8. Burt, Angela. *Quick Solutions to Common Errors in English*. Macmillan India Limited, 2008.
- 9. Turton. ABC of Common Grammatical Errors. Macmillan India Limited, 2008.
- **10**. Leech, Geoffrey, Jan Svartvik. *A Communicative Grammar of English*. Third Edition. New Delhi: Pearson Education, 2009.

Direction to Teachers: The items in the modules should be taught at application level with only necessary details of concepts. The emphasis should be on how grammar works rather than on what it is. The aim is the correct usage based on Standard English and not conceptual excellence.

Paper 2

ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Objective: The objective of this course is to familiarise students the basic concepts of Organisational Behaviour.

- 1. **Introduction to Organisational Behaviour** Definition Key elements Nature and Scope need for studying Organisational Behaviour Contributing disciplines to OB Modes of OB Challenges and opportunities for OB
- 2. **Individual perspective**: Foundation of Individual behaviour Biographical characteristics Ability Fundamentals of learning Value attitude and Job satisfaction personality Fundamentals of perception.
- 3. **Groups** Definition Types Development Group norms Group cohesiveness Group decision making Conflict Individual conflict Interpersonal conflict Group conflict.-Conflict Resolution Introduction to transactional analysis.
- 4. **Motivation** Maslow 's need Hierarchy theory, Herzberg's two factor theory Vrooms's expectancy theory Theory X Theory Y- Financial and non Financial incentives
- 5. **Organisational Development (OD)**: Meaning, Characteristics, Objectives, Modes of OD, interventions Organisational Effectiveness (OE): meaning approaches, factors Organisational climate Quality of work life (QWL): Definition . Evolution and development of the concept of QWL, constituents of QWL,,QWL in Indian context

Books Recommended

Organisational Behaviour
 Organisational Behaviour
 Stephen P. Robbins
 S.S. Khanka

3. Organisational Behaviour Jit. S. chandan

4. Organisational Behaviour K Aswathappa

5. OB human behaviour at work John. W Newstrom, Keith Davis

Paper 3

BUSINESS STATISTICS

Objective: To acquaint students with the techniques of statistical measures and analysis and their use in business.

- 1. **Introduction:** Meaning, Scope and Limitation of Statistics: Relationship with other Sciences.
- 2. **Statistical Data:** Type of Data- Collection and Editing of data; Diagrammatic and Graphical Representation of data statistical unit and errors; concepts of probability and sampling.
- 3. **Measures of Central Tendency:** Meaning and uses of Mean, Median, Mode, Geometric Mean, Harmonic Mean, Merits, Demerits, Computations.

4. **Measures of Variation:** Meaning, Objects of Measuring Range inter Quartile- Range, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation and Quartile Deviations; Skew ness; Moments Kurtosis - Computation.

5. Probability:- Fundamentals of permutation and combination -

Random Variables; Probability Distribution – Expectation – Binomial Poisson and Normal Distribution - Random experiments and their outcomes - events - sure events - impossible events - mutually exclusive events- equally likely events - independent and dependent events - Definition of probability of an event - Laws of probability - addition and multiplication laws, conditional probability - Bayes' Theorem

Books Recommended

1. Statistics and their applications to Commerce Boddington to Commerce

Statistics (Theory & Practice)
 Fundamentals of Statistics
 Statistical Methods
 Fundamentals of Statistics
 Fundamentals of Statistics
 Statistics for Business & Management

PAPER - 4 LAW OF CRIMES - PAPER - I - PENAL CODE

- Concept and Nature of Crime definitions General principles of Criminal Liability –
 Constituent Elements of Crime Intention Dishonestly Fradulently Maliciously etc. –
 Exceptions to Mens rea in Statutory Offences General Defences and Exceptions.
- 2. Inchoate Offences Attempt Distinction between preparation and attempt group liability common object aiding and abetting unlawful assembly rioting Principal and Accessories.
- 3. Joint and Constructive Liability Accessories after Jurisdiction personal Territorial extra-territorial Extradition as an exception to Jurisdiction Punishment.
- 4. Offences affecting the State Armed Forces Public Peace Public Administration Offences by Public Servants and by Others Administration of Justice Elections Public Economy Public Nuisance Offences against Religion.
- 5. Offences against Human Body Causing Death Culpable Homicide Murder Culpable Homicide not amounting to murder Rash and negligent act causing death Dowry death Attempts Suicide Abetment Hurt Grievous hurt Criminal force and Assault Offences affecting liberty Kidnapping abduction etc Sexual Offences Rape Custodial Rape Homosexuality Prostitution Suppression Regulation and abolition of Abortion M.T.P.Act.
- 6. Offences against property Theft Extortion Robbery Dacoity Criminal misappropriation Criminal breach of trust cheating forgery fraudulent deeds mischief trespass house breaking arson etc. Offences against public safety and health Terrorist activities disturbances of public order adulteration of food and drink offences against environment.
- 7. Offences by or relating to public servants illegal gratification corruption Offences relating to marriage mock marriages adultery bigamy offences relating dowry Offences relating to reputation defamation libel and slander Property Dispossession without consent fraudulent deeds fraudulent transfers mischief use of false tokens for fraudulent purpose.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

- 1. Outlines of Criminal Law, Kenny
- 2. Indian Penal Code, Ratanlal
- 3. Criminal Law Text and Materials 1990, Clarkaon and Keaty
- 4. Penal Law of India, Dr.Sir Hari Singh Gour
- 5. Some Aspects of Criminal Law, K.K.Dutta
- 6. A Text Book on the Indian Penal Code, D.D.Gaur
- 7. Law of Crimes, D.A.Desai
- 8. Criminal Law Cases and Materials, Ratanlal & Dhiraj Lal
- 9. Criminal Law, B.M.Gandhi
- 10. Criminal Law, P.S. Achuthan Pillai
- 11. Principles of Criminal Law, Andrew Ashwarth 1995
- 12. Text Book of Criminal Law, Glanwille Williams
- 13. Law of England, Halsbury, Vol II pp,16-536

PAPER – 5

LAW OF CONTRACT

- 1. General features of Contracts classification Historical Development, of the law of contracts.
- 2. Formation of contracts with special reference to the different aspects of offer and acceptance Consideration Privity of contracts Charitable subscriptions Consideration and discharge of contracts Doctrine of accord and satisfaction.
- 3. Capacity of parties Minority Indian and English Law Mental incapacity. Drunkenness Other in capacities like political status and corporate personality.
- 4. Factors invalidating contracts like, mistake, coercion, undue influence, fraud, misrepresentation and unlawful object, immoral agreements and those opposed to public policy, consequences of illegality.
- 5. Void, voidable and contingent agreements Legal proceedings and uncertain agreements Wagering agreements contingent contracts.
- 6. Performance of contracts privity of contracts and its limitations Assignment of liabilities and benefits Time and place of performance Reciprocal promises Appropriation of payments Contracts which need not be performed.
- 7. Breach and impossibility Meaning of Breach Anticipatory breach strict performance Impossibility of performance and doctrine of frustration Effect of frustration discharge of contract by operation of law.
- 8. Damages Nature and meaning of Rule in Hadley's case penally and liquidated damages.
- Quasi contracts Nature and basis of Quasi contracts, Insurance of Quasi Contracts Quantum merit.
- 10. Specific Relief General Principles Parties in relation to specific performance Specific performance of part Rescission, rectification and cancellation Preventive relief by way of injunction.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

- 1. Guest A.G. Anson's Law of Contract, (Clarendon Press, Oxford).
- 2. Pollock and Mulla, Indian Contract Act.
- 3. M.Krishnana Nair. The Law of Contracts. (Orient Longman, Ltd)
- 4. Subba Rao, Law of Contracts
- 5. Dr. Avtar Singh. Law of Contracts
- 6. V.D. Kulshreshta. Indian Contract Act.
- 7. Halsbury's Law of England (IV Edn. Reissue) Vol. 31 p. 611-690, Vol.32p.l-45
- 8. Leake M.S. Principles of the Law of Contract

Third Semester PAPER – 1

MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Objective: -The aim of this course is to develop an understanding of the underlying concepts, strategies and issues involved in the marketing of products and services.

- 1. **Definition of marketing management** scope of marketing, marketing concepts and tools core marketing concepts, marketing environment -macro and micro environmental factors. Marketing Mix role of marketing in modern management. Marketing information system. Marketing intelligence system.
- 2. **Analyzing consumer markets and Buyer behaviour** determinants of consumer buying behaviour. Buying Decision process buying roles. Stages of **the** Buying decision process Analysing business markets and business buying behaviour-buying behaviour models (simple models) buying motives. Market segmentation- need and requirements of effective segmentation-basis for segmentation. Selecting Target markets. Positioning the market offering- How to differentiate differentiation tools developing and communication a positing strategy.
- 3. **Product Planning:** Meaning of product Types of product-product line **and** product mix'decisions New product Development product life cycle concept Branding and Packaging.

Price Planning: Meaning - Break-even Analysis - importance and Relationship to other marketing variables - Price and Non-price Competition - Pricing objectives- factors affecting pricing Decisions - pricing strategies.

4. Distribution **Planning:** Structure and Types marketing channels - channel functions and Role of Intermediaries - selection of distribution channels - channel Dynamics- channel co-operation and conflict - wholesaling - Retailing - Physical distribution - channel Management in India.

Promotion Planning: Meaning-Importance- steps in Developing Effective communication- Advertising and Public relations - personal selling and sales promotion - Direct marketing

5. **Managing the Total marketing Effort:** Developing customer value and satisfaction - Developing Strategy- Customer Relationship marketing - TQM in Marketing - Ethics in Marketing.

Books Recommended

1. Marketing management: Text and cases KS Chandrasekar Philip

Principles of Marketing
 Marketing Management
 Kotler, Gary Armstrong
 Ramaswamy etal

Marketing Management Point Mair

4. Marketing Rajan Nair

Paper - 2

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

Objective: The objective of this course is to provide knowledge about Accounting Principles and their application in different Business situations.

- 1. **Introduction:** Accounting a financial information system- inputs and outputs of accounting system-generally accepted accounting principles, concepts and conventions 2nd postulates.
- 2. **Financial** Accounts **of Sole Trading Concern:** Construction of manufacturing, trading and profit and loss account and balance sheet with adjustments for prepaid and outstanding expenses, unearned and accrued incomes, bad debts, provision for bad an^ doubtful debts and provision for discount on debtors and creditors.
- 3. **Study** of **Partnership Accounts:** Accounting problems related to admission, retirement and death of a partner.
- 4. **Study of Company Account:** Share capital of a company Types of shares Accounting entries on issue of shares for cash forfeiture of shares Re issue of forfeited shares.
- 5. **Final Accounts, of Join Stock Companies:** Form of balance sheet, as per Schedule VI Part 1 of Companies Act (Preliminary study only)

Books Recommended

Advanced Accounting
 Advanced Accountancy
 Advanced Accountancy
 Advanced Accountancy
 Advanced Accountancy
 Advanced Accountancy
 S.N. Maheswari

Paper - 3

OPERATIONS RESEARCH

Objective: The objective of the subject is to make the students- familiar with the statistical and linear programming techniques. The main focus is however in their application in business.

- 1. Introductions to Operations Research Definition and nature of Operations Research Scope of Operations Research Matrix Definition Types of matrices Operations on Matrices- Rank of Matrix Solution of system of homogeneous and non homogeneous equations. Determinants Minor and co-factors of a determinant evaluation Properties of determinants Solution of simultaneous equations in 2 or 3 variables using Cramer's rule. Condition for consistency of 3 equations in 2 variables. Consistency of 3 simultaneous equations each of the form ax+by+z=0 where at most one of the coefficients a. b and c is zero. Ad joint and inverse of a matrix General linear programming problem Mathematical formulation of linear programming problem Solution to linear programming problem by graphical method simplex method simple problems.
- 2. **Transportation problems** Attaining initial basic feasible solution using North/West Corner rule Least Cost Method and Vogel's approximation method final solution Optimal solution unbalanced

problems - Simple balanced problems and Unbalanced problems on the above method without degeneracy - Assignment problems - Hungarian method - Salesman routing problem.

- 3. Sequencing **problem** Johnson's rule for n jobs 2 machines. N job 3 machines problems Replacement problems Simple method items that deteriorate with time and money value is fixed group replacement policy.
- 4. **Game theory** concept of pure and mixed strategies minimum and maximum value of games solving 2 person zero sum games with saddle point solving.

2X2 games without saddle point - simple problem - dominance principle - simple problem.

5. **Net work analysis:** Concepts of PERT & CPM - simple problems.

(Note: Proof of theorem and derivations are excluded.)

Books Recommended

- 1. Operations Research Dharani Venkatakrishnan
- 2. Operations Research Kantiswarup, P K Gupta & Manmohan
- 3. Operations Research Nair N G
- 4. Operations Research (Theory and Applications) S K Jain, D M Mehta
- 5. Operations Research (Methods and Practical) G K Mustafi

PAPER – 4 JURISPRUDENCE

- Nature and value of jurisprudence, various Schools of jurisprudence and their methodology – Positivistic schools – Austin, Salmond, Kelsen, Hart. Hart–Fuller Conflict – Comparative Jurisprudence – Marxist theory – Historical Schools – Savigny and Henry Maine – Modern status of Natural Law – Sociological Jurisprudence – Legal realism. Feminist Jurisprudence – Critical Legal Studies.
- 2. International Law, Constitutional Law, Authority and Territorial Nature of Law, Law and Fact, Functions and purpose of Law.
- 3. Law and Justice Different Theories of Law and Justice Rawls Theory Distributive Justice Corrective Justice Natural Justice Civil and Criminal Justice Merits and defects of Administration of justice Essentials of Criminal and Civil Justice Theories of Punishment and their comparative evaluation.
- 4. Sources of Law Meaning of the term sources Legislation Codification of statutes Interpretation of enacted law Custom Reasons for the reception of custom and prescription Customary Law Legal custom and conventional custom General custom and local custom. Precedent authority of precedent over-ruling prospective and retrospective Ratio decidendi and obiter dicta and stare decisis.
- 5. Elements of law The juristic concepts of Rights and Duties; possession and ownership Titles Liability and Obligations; persons, property and procedure.

Prescribed Readings:

- 1. Friedman, Legal Theory. (5th Edn. Chapter 1,3,5,7 to 14,19,20, Columbia University Press)
- Salmond, Jurisprudence (Sweet and Maxwell, 1966)
- 3. Paton, Jurisprudence.
- 4. Dias, Jurisprudence. (Aditya Books, 1985)
- 5. Lloyd, Introduction to jurisprudence, (Sweet and Maxwell, 1994)

- 6. Prof.P.S.Achutan Pillai, Jurisprudence.
- 7. L.S.Carzon, Jurisprudence (1996)
- 8. J.W.Harris, Legal Philosophies. (Butterworths, 1993)
- 9. N.K. Jayakumar, Lectures in Jurisprudence.
- 10. V.D. Mahajan, Jurisprudence and Legal Theory

PAPER - 5 SPECIAL CONTRACTS

- Contract of indemnity and guarantee Different aspects of surety's liability.
 Comparison of guarantee with indemnity Discharge of surety Rights of surety against creditor; principal debtor and co-sureties.
- 2. Bailment General features Divisions of bailments Requirement of consideration Rights and liabilities of bail and bailees. Finder of lost goods Pledge or pawn special property in Favour Pawnee Pledge by limited owners.
- 3. Agency General Features Creation of agency and different method of such creation – Different kinds of agent – Delegation of authority - Sub Agents and substituted agents. Rights and duties of agents and principal inter se notice to agent – Fraud of agent - Agent's liability to third persons – Rights against agent personally, Breach of warranty of authority – Undisclosed principal – Termination of agency – Revocation and renunciation – Termination by operation of law.
- 4. Sale of goods sale and agreement to sell Formalities of sale The price Conditions and warranties (implied and express) Fundamental breach Transfers of property Passing of risk Effecting the performance of sale of goods C.I.F. contracts F.O.B. contracts Right of buyer against seller Suits for breach of contract Rights of unpaid seller Action sale and hire purchase.
- 5. Partnership Essentials partnership compared with ownership Company, Joint Hindu Family business and Society Partnership.
 A creation of status Mode of determining partnership Firm and firm name Different type of partnership Formation of partnership Partnership property. Partnership by holding out illegal partnership Relations of partners to one another and to third parties Incoming and outgoing partners Retirement Dissolution Settlement of accounts Sale of goodwill Registration of firm.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

1. Sale of Goods Act : Pullock and Mulla

(Orient Longman)

2. The Law of Contracts : M. Krishnan Nair

3. Law of Contracts : Avtar Singh4. Law of Contracts : Subba Rao

5. Law of Contracts : Anson

6. Laws of England : Halsbury's (IV ed. Reissue Vol. 1

(2) pp 1 - 136. Vol. 2. pp 829 - 905.

Fourth Semester PAPER – 1

MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Objective: To acquaint the students with principles of Economics in Managerial decision- making

- 1. **Introduction:** Definition; nature, scope and structure of Managerial Economics Decision making, in Business Economic Environment of Business.
- 2. **Profit Decision:** Business firm the economic unit —Nature of profit —Function of profit Measurement of profit Theories of profit Profit policies.
- 3. Demand Analysis: Determinant of demand Demand function Elasticities of demand Method for forecasting demand.

Cost Analysis: Cost concept, - Determinants of cost - Theoretical cost Function -Break- even analysis - Cost reduction and control.

4. **Production Decision:** Laws of returns - The production function - Isoquants - Isocost curves - Optional input, combination.

Price Theory and Practice: Forms of market structure - Kinds of competitive situation - Nature of monopoly and oligopoly pricing objectives - pricing methods - Product line pricing, Product differentiation and. pricing.

5. **Business Cycles:** Meaning, Feature and phases of business cycles -Theories of business cycles -Business forecasting.

Books Recommended

Managerial Economics Joel Dean
 Managerial Economics D. C. Hague

3. Managerial Economics W. W. Haynes & W.R.Henry

Managerial Economics
 Managerial Economics
 M. Adhikary

6. Managerial Economics Barry Keating and J.Holton Wilson S. M. Wali and A. B. Kalkundrikar

8. Business Economics V. G. Mankar and S. P. Denkar

9. Managerial Economics
Concepts and Cases

oncepts and Cases V. L. Mate Samuel Paul & V. S Gupta

10. A study in Managerial Economics D. Gopalakrishnan

11. Managerial Economic Theory & Application for decision making

Application for decision making Larry C. Peppers & Dale G. Bails

12. Managerial Economics D.N Dwivedi

Paper - 2

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Objective: The objective of this course is to familiarize students with fundamentals principles of raising and utilizing money in a firm.

1. **Introduction:** Nature of Financial Management - Scope and objectives - Management of working capital. Definition of working capital - Components - nature of working capital - Factors affecting working

capital - Financing of working capital - sources of working capital - Management of cash, receivables and inventory.

- 2. **Cost of Capital:** Meaning and importance Computation of specific costs weighted average cost of capital.
- 3. **Capital Budgeting:** Meaning importance estimation of cash flows. investment project evaluation techniques payback period Average rate of return Net present value method Internal rate of return profitability index Sources of Funds; Equity capital Preference capital Debentures Term loans Financial institutions providing long term, finance.
- 4. **Capital Structure:** Capitalisation of Capital structure Financial structure Over capitalisation Under capitalisation Designing capital structure Factors affecting capital structure EBIT EPS analysis Assessment of debt capacity
- 5. **Dividend Policy:** Kinds of dividends Factors affecting dividend policy Dividend pay out ratio stability of dividend Formulating dividend policy Bonus shares and stock splits

Books Recommended

Financial Management K M Upadhyay

2. Financial Management M Y Khan and P K Jain

3. Financial Management Theory and Practice

Prasanna Chandra

4. Financial Management I M Pandey5. Financial Management S.C. Kacha

Paper - 3

ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

Objective: The objective of this course is to make the student understand the-concept of entrepreneurs-hip and to give him a comprehensive idea of opportunities for small enterprises.

- 1. **Definition of entrepreneurship** Definition of entrepreneur- characteristics- qualities- types and functions of an entrepreneur Meaning and definition of entrepreneurship- barriers, of entrepreneurship -role of entrepreneurship in economic development types of entrepreneurs -Institutions assisting entrepreneurs DIC, SIDCO, NSIC, SSIC, SISI, STBI, TCO's, KVIC, Commercial banks, Venture capital.
- 2. **Entrepreneurial development programs in India** Phase of entrepreneurial development programs content of training programme-Steps for starting a small industry- selection of forms of organization
- 3. **Small Enterprise**: Small Enterprise Definition- types- legal forms- role of small business in economic system- advantages and disadvantages with regard to size of business- Factors affecting success of small business management Steps for starting a small Industry- Identification of location-Problems of MSME Units- Sickness- Meaning- definition- Causes of Sickness- Remedies Government assistance to MSME.

- 4. **Franchising:** As a Strategy to. start up with small business code of ethics' in franchising merits and demerits of franchising. Venture Capital as a-source of funds for SSES-Tapping Venture capital funds stages of financing estimating return on various types Family business
- **5. Feasibility Study in Setting up a New SSI:** Study with regard to Location, Market, Physical Layout facilities, Finance and personnel Practical Study.

Books Recommended

Entrepreneurial Development
 Entrepreneurial Development Programmes
 Small Business Management
 Vasant Desai
 Kanuga
 Gupta & Srinivasan

1. Entrepreneurial Development P Saravanavel.

PAPER – 4 CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – I

Introduction: - Historical Background – The nature of the Constitution – Salient features of the Constitution.

Preamble: - Significance and importance – Declaration of the objectives of the State - Preamble and interpretation of the Constitution.

Union and its territory (Art. 1-4): - Territory of India – Admission and alteration of boundaries – formation of new States - Cessation of Indian Territory to foreign country.

Citizenship (Art: 5-11) - Meaning of citizenship – Various Methods of acquiring citizenship – Termination of citizenship – Relevant provisions of the Citizenship Act, 1955. Fundamental Rights (Art 12-35): -

- (a) General Definition and nature of Fundamental Rights Balance between individual liberty and collective interest Definition of State (Art :12)
- (b) Violation of Fundamental right (Art. 13) Doctrine of ultravires Pre-constitution Laws –Doctrine of severability Doctrine of eclipse Post Constitutional Laws _ Doctrine of waiver "Law" and "Law in Force".
- (c) Equality (Art.14-18) Introduction Equality before Law and equal protection of Laws classification Test of reasonable classification Rule against arbitrariness No discrimination on grounds of Religion, Race, Caste etc. Special provisions for Women and Children Special provisions for advancement of Backward classes Equality in Public Employment Reservation for Backward Classes Abolition of untouchability Abolition of Titles.
- (d) Right to Freedom (Art. 19) Meaning and Scope -Test of Reasonableness –Rights apply to Citizens only.
- (e) Protection in respect of convication for offences (Art. 20) Nature and Scope Doctrine of expost facto Law Rule of double prohibition against double jeopardy protection against self incrimination.
- (f) Right to life and personal liberty (Art. 21) "Personal liberty" Meaning and Scope Interrelation of Art. 14, 19 and 21 New judicial trends in interpretation of Art. 21 "Due Frocess of Law" and "Procedure established by Law "– Concept of Liberty and Natural Justice Emergency and Art. 21.
- (g) Protection against Arbitrary Arrest and Detention (Art. 22) Rights of detenue Rights to be informed of grounds of arrest, right to be defended by a lawyer of his own choice, right to be produced before a magistrate Preventive detention Laws.
- (h) Right against exploitation (Art. 23-24) "Traffic in Human beings" and "Forced Labour" Prohibition of employment of children in factories etc.

- (i) Freedom of Religion (Art. 25, 26, 27, 28) Concept of "Secular State" Secular but not anti religious –Restriction of Freedom of Religions.
- (j) Cultural and Educational rights (Art. 29-30) Protection of Minorities Right to establish and manage their Educational Institutions.
- (k) Saving of certain laws (Art. 31 A-31 G) Savings of laws providing for acquisition of estates etc. Validation of certain Acts and Regulations.
- (I) Right to Constitutional Remedies (Art. 32-35&226) Introduction who can apply Public Interest Litigation Scope of Writ Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and High Courts Distinction between Art.32 and 226 Res Judicata Restrictions while material Law in force. Directive Principles of State Policy (Art. 36-51) Underlying Principles behind Directive Principles Social and Economic Charter Social Security Charter Community Welfare Charter Relation between Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties (Art. 51 A) Need for fundamental duties Enforcement of Fundamental Duties.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

1. Shorter Constitution : D.D. Basu

(Wadhwa and Co.)

2. Constitutional Law of India : H.M.Seervai

(N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd.1993)

3. Constitutional Law of India : Jain, M.P.

(Wadhwa and Co.)

4. Constitutional Law of India : J.H. Pandey

5. Law of Indian Constitution : Prof. P.S.Achuthan Pillai

6. Constitution of India : V.N. Shukla

7. Working a Democratic Constitution : Austin,G.

(Oxford University Press, 1999)

8. Directive Principles of State Policy : K.C. Markandan

in the Indian Constitution (A.B.S. Publications, Jalandhar 1987).

9. Constitutional Questions in India. : Noorani,

(Oxford University Press 2000)

PAPER – 5 FAMILY LAW - I

Nature and sources of personal laws, marriage, divorce, adoption, guardianship and maintenance among various communities.

- 1. Nature and Sources The study will include the nature and sources (traditional and modern) of personal laws.
- Laws of marriage This course will comprise, Hindu, Muslim and Christian Law of marriage and divorce. Emphasis should be laid on the nature of marriage and its development, Hindu Law of marriage and divorce and the changes brought about by modern legislation.

Matrimonial remedies – Hindu, Muslim and Christian Laws

- 3. Law of adoptions Hindu law of adoption will include special reference to the juristic concept and development of case laws & changes brought about by the Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956. The study will also include the Muslim law of Legitimacy. Parentage and Doctrine of Acknowledgement.
- 4. Law of Guardianship Hindu Law of Minority and Guardianship with the changes brought about by the modern legislation. Provisions in the Muslim Law of Minority and Guardianship.

5. Maintenance – Hindu Law relating to maintenance – Muslim law relating to maintenance with reference to the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce Act, 1986).

Matrimonial Remedies through Family Courts.

Statutory materials: (With amendments)

- 1. The Hindu Widows Remarriage Act, 1856.
- 2. The Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929.
- 3. The Special Marriage Act, 1954.
- 4. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955.
- 5. The Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956.
- 6. The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956.
- 7. Guardian's and Wards Act, 1890.
- 8. The Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939.
- 9. The Christian Marriage Act, 1872.
- 10. The Indian Divorce Act, 1869.
- 11. Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961.
- 12. Family Courts Act, 1984.
- **13.** Family Courts Act

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

1. Hindu law : Mulla

(N.M.Tripathi Pvt. Ltd.)

2. Mohammedian Law : Mulla

3. Introduction to Modern Hindu Law : Duncan M. Derrett

4. Hindu Law – I : Paras Diwan5. Family Law : Prof.M.Krishnan Nair

Muslim Law : A.A.A. Fyzee
 Outlines of Muhammedan Law : Asaf.A.A. Fyzee

8. Marrriage and Divorce

(5th Edition Eastern Law House 1987) : A.N. Saha

9. Laws of England IV Edition Re –issue

Vol.13 pp 239 - 665

Vol. 22 pp 565 - 717. : Halsbury's

10. Hindu Law11. Hindu Law12. Subramania Iyer, V.N.

12. Muslim Law in India : Tahir Mohammed.

13. Christian Law : Sebastian Champapilly.

14. Hand Book of Christian Law : Devadasan, E.D.

Fifth Semester PAPER – 1

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Objective: The objective of this course is to familiarise students with the basic principles of Human Resources Management.

- 1. **Introduction:** Significance and Scope of Human Resources Management Distinction between HRM and personnel management, Functions of HRM, Role of HRM Managers System Approach to HRM.
- Human Resources Planning Preference Appraisal and Compensation: Need and importance of Human Resource, Planning - Job Design and Job Evaluation, Merit rating, Promotion, Demotion and Transfer, performance Appraisal - Designing of Effective Performance Appraisal System. Compensation to Employees - Wage Payment Systems, Incentive wage Plans, Profit sharing, Bonus issues, Fringe Benefits.
- 3. **Human Resource Problems:** Discipline, Turnover, Absenteeism, go slow, gherao, work stoppage, Morale Health and safety. Employee Discipline, Grievance and redressal.
- 4. **Human Resources Development:** HRD Mechanism, Process, Out comes, HRD functions in an organisation.
- 2. Work culture, team building, TQM, quality circles, effects of down sizing managing down sizing HRM in multinational corporation Human Resource accounting impact of globalization in HRM out sourcing, Introduction to facility management.

Books Recommended

Personnel & Human Resources Management
 Managing Human Resources
 Personnel Management & Human Resources
 C S Venkate Ratnam &

B K Srivastava

4. Human Resources Management Biswanath Ghosh

5. Human Resources Management- An experimental approach H.John Bemadis

PAPER – 2 LAW OF CRIMES – PAPER - II – CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE

- Important definitions under the code of criminal procedure 1973 (Act 2 of 1974) Constitution of Criminal Courts and Offices Court of sessions Assistant
 Sessions Judges Judicial Magistrates. Special Judicial Magistrates Jurisdiction
 Executive Magistrate Public Prosecutors Assistant Public Prosecutors.
- 2. Power of courts Jurisdiction in the case of Juvenile, Natures of sentences which could be passed by various courts.
- 3. Powers of Police Officers Aid and information by Public.
- Arrests of Persons without warrant by Police Officer By Magistrate By private persons – Search – Seizure of offensive weapons, Medical Examination of arrested persons – procedure to be followed on arrest.
- 5. Process to compel appearance summons service of summons Warrant of arrest Search warrant Proclamation and attachment Bond for appearance Impounding documents Process to compel the production of thing.

- 6. Security for keeping the peace and for good behaviour Ss 106 and 107 suspected persons Habitual offenders Imprisonment in default of Security order for maintenance of wives, children and parents (s.125) Procedure Alteration in allowance Enforcement of order of maintenance Maintenance of public order and tranquility urgent cases of nuisance or appreherded danger (s.144) Disputes regarding immovable property procedure local inquiry preventive action of the police Cognisable offences.
- 7. Information of the police and their powers to investigate information procedure on investigation S. 162 statements Regarding of confessions and statements Power of Police Officer on investigation Inquiry by Magistrate into cause of death Jurisdiction of the criminal courts in inquiries and trials conditions requisite for initiation of proceedings Cognisans of offences by courts of session Prosecution in special cases Complaints Procedure on receipts of complaints The charge form and contents of charge effect of errors Joinder of charges.
- 8. Trial before a court of session Framing of charges Discharge Acquittal Judgement of acquittal or conviction Trial of warrant cases by Magistrates –Upon Police Report or otherwise, procedure trial of summons cases withdrawal. Summary trials Attendance of persons contained or detained in prisons.
- 9. Evidence in inquiries and trials Commissions for examination Record of evidence in absence of accused General provisions as to inquiries and trials Legal aid to accused at State expenses in certain case Tendering pardon to accomplices Power to examine the accused (S.313) Competency of accused to be a witness (315) Compounding of offence withdrawal from prosecution.
- 10. Special provisions as to accused persons of unsound mind Provisions as to offences affecting the administration of justice judgement –Orders to pay compensation confirmation of death sentences.
- 11. Appeals References and Revision Transfer of Criminal cases.
- 12. Execution, Suspension, Remission and Commutation of sentences Death sentence Imprisonment.
- 13. Provisions a to bail and bonds Disposal of property Limitation for taking cognisance of certain offences.
- 14. Relevant Provisions of Juvenile Justice Act and probation of Offenders Act

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

- 1. The code of Criminal Procedure, 1975 (Act 2 of 1974)
- 2. Ratanlal and Dheerajila, Code of Criminal Procedure (Wadhwa and Co. 1987)
- 3. A.K. Pavithan, Lecturers on the Code of Criminal Procedure.
- 4. R.K. Kelker. Outlines of Criminal Procedure. (Eastern Book Company).
- 5. Criminal Rules of Practice.

PAPER - 3

CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE AND LIMITATION ACT

1. Meaning of procedure – Distinction between procedural and substantive laws.

Definitions-Judgements, decree, order foreign judgement, government pleader, Judge, Judgement debtor, legal representative, mense profits, movable property, pleader, public officer.

2. Jurisdiction of courts, to try civil suits, stay of suit, resjudicata Place

of suing. - Institution of suits, pleading, plaint, written statement and set off. Parties to suits, joinder of parties, misjoinder of parties, frame of suits. Summons and discovery, issue and service of summons.

- 3. Appearance of parties, consequence of non appearance, expart decree, setting aside of ex parte decree; examination of parties by the court, discovery and inspection, admission, production impounding and return of documents' settlement, of issues and determination of a suit on issues of law or on issue agreed upon; disposal of suit of first hearing. Summoning and attendance of witness, adjournment. Hearing of the suit and Examination of witness, affidavit.
- 4. *Judgement and degree*: Execution of decree, interest, cost' compensatory cost. Property liable to attachment and sale in execution of decree.
- 5. Appeal: First appeal, croses appeal and cross objection, Second appeal, Appeal to the Supreme Court. Reference, Revisions and Review. Supplementary Proceedings: Arrest before judgement, attachment before judgement, injunction, Appointment of receiver, security for costs, withdrawal of suits, payment into court, compromise of suits.
- 6. Special proceedings: Suits in particular cases: Notice before suit, Inter-pleader suit, suits by paupers, suit by or against firms, suits by or against a minor suit, in respect of public charities.
- 7. Incidental proceedings :Miscellanious: Exemptions of certain woman from personal appearance application or restitution, proceedings by or against representative, saving of inherent power amendment of Judgement and decree.
- 8. Law of Limitation: Nature of the law of limitation Limitation of suits, Appeal and applications Computation of the period of limitation Acquisition of ownership by possession. Extension of time prescribed for certain cases Doctrine of 'pith and substance'-Expiry of the prescribed period when court is closed. Legal disability and limitation. Continuous running of time- Exclusion of time in cases where leave to issue appeal. Exclusion of time proceeding in court without jurisdiction. Effect of death on or after the accrual of the right to sue, Effect of acknowledgement in writing Effect of acknowledgement in writing Effects of substituting or adding new plaintiffs or defendants Continuing breaches and torts Acquisition of easement by prescription.

Statutory materials: (With amendments)

Code of Civil Procedure, 1976

Limitations Act, 1963.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

Code of Civil Procedure (Students Edition) - Mulla

Civil Rules of Practice (Kerala) 1971.

PAPER – 4

FAMILY LAW – II

l Hindu Law

1. Joint Family

Origin and Constitution of Joint Hindu Family – Mitaksharara co-parcenary, Co-parcenary Joint Family, Co-parcenary within a co-parcenary – Incidents of co-parcenary property. Right of co-parceners Managing member Powers & duties of a manager in a Joint family business. Dayabhaga Joint Family Hindu Succession Act, 1956.

2. *Partition* - What is partition – Subject matter of partition – Persons entitled to a share – What constitute partition – The mode of partition – Re-opening and reunion

Inheritence – General Principles Exclusion from inheritance – Hindu Succession 1956.

Sreedhana and Women's estate – Changes effected by the Hindu Succession Act. Right of widow and other female heirs, Religion and charitable endowments – Endowments Public and Private. Marumakkathayam Law – Tharavadu and its management – Karanavan his position, powers etc. Statutory changes – Debits and alienations – Partition – Nature of property allotted to a Marumakkathayi female member in particular of her tharavad property on the subsequent birth of a child to her. Acquisitions – Nature and effect of sthanoms – Statutory changes.

General rules of succession of Hindu males and females – Order ofsuccession. Rules of succession of persons governed by Marumakkathayam Law –Right of child in womb, rules of evidence in case of simultaneous death, preferential right to acquire the share of another heir Dwelling house.

II Muslim Law

1. Introduction

Act,

General principles

- General Principles Life estate and vested remainder Hanafi Law of inheritance – The three classes of heirs – Principles of succession among shares and residuaries – Doctrine of Increase and Return- Comparison with Shia law of inheritance – Scope of the doctrine of representation.
- 2. Wills Persons capable of making Wills -Bequest to heirs Bequest to non –heirs Limits to testamentary power Revocation of Bequest –Death bed gifts and acknowledgement.
- Gifts –Persons capable of making gifts The three essentials of a gift –
 Delivery of possession of immovable properties contingent gifts Revocation of
 gift Hiba Bill –Iwaz- Hiba-Behart-UI-Iwaz.
- 4. Wakf.- Wakf definition-Subject of Wakf object of Wakf Wakf how completed-Reservation of life interest for the benefit of Wakf- Public wakf and private wakf. The Wakf Act, 1954 –Muttawallis or managers of wakf properties-Powers-Statutory control. Removal or Muttwallis.
- 5. Law of Pre-emption

III Christian Law

- 1. Law of succession of Christians, Rules of Succession under Indian Succession Act.
- Interpretation of Wills, words of limitation.
 Probate and letters of administration, duties of executor or administrator, succession certificate.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

Indian Succession Act 1925

Hindu Law (N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd.)
 Hindu Law
 Paras Diwan

4. Introduction to Modern Hindu Law : Duncan M Derret

5. Mohammedan Law : Mulla

6. Outlines of Mohammedan Law : A.A.A. Fyzee

(Oxford University Press)

7. Marumakkathayam Law : K. Sreedhara Warrrier
8. Family Law : Prof. M.Krishnana Nair
9. Christian Law : Dr. Sebastian
10. Hindu Law : N.R.Raghavachari
11. Hindu Law : V.N.Subramonia lyer
12. The Muslim Law of India : Tahir Mohammed

PAPER – 5 CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – II

Union Executive, President, Vice-president and Council of Ministers (Art.52 – 78) and 123): - Constitutional position and powers of the President – Privileges of the President _ Constitutional position and powers of Vice – President – Council of Ministers – Principle of Collective Responsibility – Power of the Prime Minister – Dismissal of the Cabinet – Attorney General of India.

Parliament (Art. 79 – 122) - Composition of Parliament – Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha – Qualification for Membership of Parliament – Speaker and Deputy Speaker – Session of Parliament – Functions of Parliament. Union Judiciary (Art. 124 – 147) - Composition of Supreme Court – Jurisdiction of Supreme Court Independence of Judiciary how maintained under the Constitution.

State Executive (Art. 153 -167) - The Governor – Constitutional powers and functions – Council of Ministers – Chief Ministers, Appointment – Advising the President for the proclamation of State Emergency under Art. 356. State Legislature (Art.169 -212) - Creation and abolition of Legislative Councils – Compositions and functions of the Houses – Qualification for membership – Speaker and Deputy Speaker – Session of the Houses. State Judiciary (Art. 214 -237) - Appointment of Judges – Jurisdiction of the High Courts Writ jurisdiction under Art.226 – Subordinate Courts.

Legislature Privileges (Art. 105 and 194) - Powers, privileges and immunities of Parliament and its members – Powers and Privileges of State Legislature and its members – Privileges and courts.

Relation between Union and State (Art. 245 – 293):

a. Legislative relations (Art. 245 – 255) – Extent of Laws passed by the Parliament and State Legislatures – Residuary Power of Legislation – Doctrine of Colourable Legislation – Pith and substance – Doctrine of occupied field.

b. Administrative Relations (256 – 263) – Duties of Union and States – Control of Union over States – Co-ordination between States.

C. Financial Relations (Art.268 -291) – Distribution of revenue – Collection of taxes – Restriction on Taxing powers.

Trade, Commerce and Inter course within the territory of India (Art. 301-307):

Parliament's power to regulate imposition of taxes. Services under the Union and States (Art. 303 -323):

Doctrine of pleasure – Rights given to Civil servants – Recruitment conditions, tenure – Dismissal – Reduction in rank. Compulsory retirement.

Election Commission (324). Powers and Functions Emergency Provisions (352-360):

National Emergency- State Emergency – Financial Emergency – Emergency and Fundamental Rights – Emergency and judicial Review.

Amendment (Art. 368):

Various methods of amendment – concept of basic structure – Amendment and Fundamental Rights – Amendment and Judicial Review.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

1. Constitutional Law of India : H.M. Seervai

(N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd.)

2. Shorter Constitution of India : D.D. Basu

(Wadhwa and Co.)

3. Constitutional Law of India : Dr. Jain

(Wadhwa and Co.)

4. Constitutional Law of India : J.N. Pandey

5. Constitutional Law of India : Prof. P.S. Achuthan Pillai

6. Constitution of India : V.N. Shukla

(Eastern Book Co.)

Sixth Semester PAPER – 1

MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Objective: The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with basic concepts and tools used in Management Accounting.

- 3. Introduction: Definition, Meaning, Nature. Scope and Objectives of management accounting, Distinction between financial, Cost and Management Accounting.
- 4. **Analysis and Interpretation of Financial Statements:** Balance sheet, Profit and loss account, functions of financial statements, meaning, objectives and importance and limitations of financial statements. Techniques of analysis- Comparative, Common size and Trend Analysis Ratio Analysis Classification of ratios profitability ratios liquidity ratios solvency ratios Activity ratios leverage ratios. -Interpretation of Financial Statements with the above ratios.
- 5. **Fund Flow Analysis:** Meaning & Concept of funds Flow of funds Fund flow statement Uses Significance and limitations Procedure for preparing fund flow Statements Cash flow Statement Uses, significance and limitations Difference between fund flow statement and cash flow statement Procedure for preparing cash flow statements. Interpretation of Funds Flow Statements.
- 6. **Marginal Costing:** Nature and Scope Basic concepts Definition of marginal cost and marginal costing Assumptions of marginal costing CVP Analysis Meaning, Importance and limitations of CVP analysis Break-even Point Breakeven chart Margin of Safety Profit Volume Graph Applications in decision making.
- Standard Costing and Variance Analysis: Meaning of Standard cost and Standard Costing Steps involved in Standard Costing - Advantages and Limitations of Standard Costing - Variance analysis -Material Variances, Labour Variances.

Books Recommended

Management Accounting

2. Management Accounting

3. The Practice of Management Accounting

4. Principles and Practice of Management Accounting

5. Management Accounting

6. Management Accounting

7. Principles of Management Accounting

8. Principles of Management Accounting

S.P.Gupta

S. N. Maheswari

K.S. Sastry and Nand

Sharma & Gupta

J. Made Gowda

S. Banerjee

Manmohan & Goyal

N. K. Kulshrtestra

Paper - 2

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Objective: The objective of this course is to make the student understand the basics, of methodology of social science research and give him an insight into the various steps associated with research work.

- 1. **Introduction:** Research Meaning, Need, Types of Research, Research Problem Identification, Setting up Objectives, Hypothesis, Types, Steps in Research Design.
- 2. **Data Collection:** Preliminaries of data collection, Primary and Secondary Data, Collection of Secondary Data, Editing and Scrutiny of Secondary Data, Methods of Collection of Primary Data, Drafting and Framing of Questionnaire, Scale Construction Techniques, Sampling Different methods of Sampling.
- 3. **Classification and Tabulating Data:** Classification Functions, Rules and Bases of Classification. Tabulation Meaning and Importance, Parts of a Table, Requisites of a good table, Types of Tabulation.
- 4. **Data Analysis:** Analysis and Interpretation of Data, Tools and Techniques of Data Analysis Percentage Weighted Average Presentation of Data, Difference between Diagrams and Graphs General Rules for Constructing Diagrams Types of Diagrams, Types of Graphs. Univariate and bivariate analysis
- 5. **Report Preparation:** Format of Report— Preparation of Reports Use of Computer in Research Work.

Books Recommended

Research Method in Social Sciences
 Business Research Method
 Research Methodology
 Business Research Methods
 Good & Hatt
Emory & Cooper
Kotharr: C.R
 William G. Zikamand

E Deservate Mathematica

5. Research Methodology Krishnaswami

PAPER - 3

INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES AND PRINCIPLES OF LEGISLATION

A. Principles of Legislation:

Principles of utility – Principle of Ascetic and Arbitrary Theory – Principle of sympathy and Antipathy – Application of these theories upon Legislation – Theory of sanctions on Legislations – Distinction between Legislation and Morality – False Reasonings on Legislation.

B. Legislative Drafting:

Principles in drafting a bill, Montesquieu rules in drafting – Rules pertaining to the entire frame work of a statute.

C. Interpretation:

Interpretation – Rules in Interpretation –Literal Golden and Mischief rules – Aids in interpretation – kinds of statutes – Interpretation of the constitution – Interpretation of Penal Statutes – Interpretation of Taxation Statutes – Interpretation of Remedial Statutes – Retrospectivity Repeal of Statutes. Effect of usages – Argument Inconvenients –

Contemporanea exposite – Expression uniust exclusio alteirus – in benampaurtem – ejusdem generis –nosctur asicius – reddendo singular singulis.

Prescribed Readings:

1. Theory of Legislation - Bentham

Legislative Drafting - Bakshi
 Interpretation of Statutes - Maxwell
 Interpretation of Statutes - Swaroop

5. Interpretation of Statutes - Bindra

6. Interpretation of Statutes - Varghese and Madhavan Potti

7. Interpretation of Statutes - Sarathi

8. Principles of Legislation,

Legislative Drafting and - Prof.M.Krishnan Nair and Statutory

Constitutions A.Gopinatha Pillai

9. Statutory Interpretation - Singh, G.P. Wadhwa and Co. (1992)

10. Principles of Legislation - Dr. Nirmal Kanthi Chakravarthi and Legislative Drafting

PAPER – 4 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

- Introduction to Administrative Law: Definition and scope of administrative law Causes for the growth of Administrative Law with special reference to India. Difference between Constitutional Law and Administrative Law. Droit Administration (French Administrative Law) Concept of Rule of Law - Evaluation of Dicey's Thesis. Doctrine of separation of powers.
- 2. Anatomy of Administrative Actions: Quasi legislative Action Quasi judicial Action Administrative Action Ministerial Actions Administrative Instructions: Administrative Discretion Judicial behaviour and administrative discretion in India.
- 3. Rule-Making Power of the Administration (Quasi legislative action) Reasons for the growth of Administrative rule making action of Delegated Legislation. Classification of Administrative Rule making power or Delegated Legislation. Constitutionality of Administrative Rule making action or Delegated Legislation. Control Mechanism of Administrative Rule making action or Delegated Legislation in India Legislative Control Procedural Control Judicial Control
- 4. Adjudicator Power of the Administration Need for Administrative Adjudication. Court of Law and Administrative Agency, exercising adjudicatory powers. Problems of Administrative Adjudication. Needs of Administrative decision making Statutory Tribunals. Domestic Tribunals. Practices and Procedure of Administrative Adjudication Rule against Bias. Audi Alteram partem or the Rule of Fair Hearing. Reasoned Decisions. Post Decisional Hearing. Exception to the rules of natural justice.
- 5. (A) Judicial Review of Administrative Action Principles Remedies against Administrative Action - Public Law Review (Constitutional Remedies) - Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court under Art. 32 and 136. - Jurisdiction of the High Courts under Art. 226 and 227. - Against whom writ can be issued. - Locus standi to challenge Administrative Action. - Laches or unreasonable delay. - Alternative remedy, Res – judicata. - Finality of Administrative Action.
 -) Judicial Review of Administrative Action Modes Remedies against Administrative Action Public Law Review (Constitutional Remedies) Writ of Certiorari Writ of Prohibition Writ of Mandamus Writ of Quo warranto Writ of Habeas Corpus

Private Law Review (Statutory Remedies) – Injunction – Declaration - Suit for damage - Administrative action for the enforcement of Public Duties.

- 6. Public Interest Litigation or Social Action Litigation: Nature and Purpose, Constitutional Habitat. Locus Standi Procedure; Complexities and Problems. Notable Case Laws-Class Actions.
- 7. Liability of the Administration: Liability of the Administration in Contract Constitutional Provisions and the Development of the concept of liability. Liability of the administration in Tort. Privileges and immunities of the Administration in suits. Privileges of Notice. Privileges to withhold documents. Immunity from Statute operations. Immunity from Estoppel.
 - Promissory Estoppel Change of Policy decision of the Government.
- 8. Statutory and Non-Statutory Public undertakings: Relative Merits and Demerits of various organizational forms of Public enterprises. Statutory Public Corporations-Control devices. Government Companies.
- 9. Citizen and the Administrative Faults: Ombudsman-Development in U.K., U.S.A. and in India. Central Vigilance Commission.- Lokpal and Lokayuktha in India.
- Constitutional Protection of Civil Servants and the Administrative Service Tribunals: -Service Rules- Doctrine of Pleasure. - Constitutional Safeguards to Civil Servants -Procedural Safeguards. - Administrative Service Tribunals. - Relevant provisions of Administrative Tribunals Act, 1985.

Prescribed Readings:

1.	H.W.R. Wade, Administrative Law.	:	(Claredon Press-Oxford)
----	----------------------------------	---	-------------------------

2. Jain & Jain, Principles of Administrative.: Law (N.M. Tripathi)

3. Cases and Materials Administrative Law. : Indian Law Institute

4. Dr.A.T. Markose, Judicial Control of Administrative Action in India.

5. I.P. Massey Administrative Law : (Eastern Book Company)

6. Dr.N.K. Jayakumar, Administrative Law.

7. Constitution of India Relevant Chapters :

8. Administrative Law :

9. Halsbury's Laws of England (IV Ed. Re-issue Vol. 1 pp. 1-376) :

10. Thakwani C.K. Administrative Law :

11. S.P.Sathe, Administrative Law

12. J.F. Garner and B.L. Jones, Garner's

Administrative Law : (Butterworths 1985)

13. Tapash Gan Choudhary, Penumbra of

Natural Justice : (Eastern Law House 1997)

14. Steven J. Cann Administrative Law : (Sage publications 1995)

15. Schwartz, Administrative Law : (Little Brown and Company 1991)

16. S.H. Bailey., R.L. Jones and A.R. Mowbrav:

Cases and Materials on Administrative Law : (Sweet and Maxwell 1992)

17. Neil Hawke: An introduction to

Administrative Law : (ESC publishing, Ltd.1993)

18. Peter Cane, An Introduction to

Administrative Law : (Clarendon Press Oxford 1987)

19. Genevra Richardson and Hazel Genn:

Administrative Law and Government Action : (Clarendon Press Oxford

1994)

20. Craig P.P Administrative Law (1999)

PAPER – 5 LAW OF EVIDENCE

The Indian Evidence Act, 1872

- 1. Nature and purpose of the Law of Evidence exposing the difference between "Real Evidence" and "Evidence" as defined in the Act.
- 2. "Fact" Fact distinguished from Law Fact in issue-Relevance of Fact Presumption regarding proof Classification of presumptions Res Gestae Difference between Indian and American Law. When irrelevant facts become relevant -Mode of proving a custom The accidental or international nature of event.
- 3. "Admissions" and 'Confessions" in evidence. Distinction between them Admissions when can be proved by or on behalf of the person making admission probative value of a confession under the Evidence Act A retracted Confession Discovery under Sec.27 of the Act Confession of co-accused, circumstances under which statements of persons who cannot depose in the open court can be admitted in evidence dying declaration showing the difference between Indian and English Law Pedigree evidence Meaning and nature of Evidencial value of books of accounts Nature of relevancy in evidence of the judgements of courts of Law Expert opinion at evidence Who is an expert? Scope of character evidence regarding parties and witnesses in civil and criminal proceedings Hearsay evidence Exceptions to the hearsay rule primary and secondary evidence Oral evidence Documentary evidence Exclusion of oral by documentary evidence Ancient documents The modus operandi of proof, Nature of burden of proof in civil and criminal cases.
- 4. Nature and Kinds of Estoppel: Distinction between an accomplice and an approver, what is the evidentiary value of accomplice evidence. The uncorroborated testimony of accomplice Examination-in-chief cross examination and re-examination. Leading questions in the examination of witnesses What is meant by impeaching the credit of witness Competency and compellability of witness-Protected statements Dumb witness-Hostile witness Child witness Appreciation of circumstantial evidence Nature of judges power to put questions Facts which are judicially taken notice of improper admission and rejection of evidence.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

- 1. Rantal Indian Evidence (Act Wadhwa and Co.)
- 2. P.S. Achudhan Pillai Law of Evidence
- 3. Vepa .P.Sarathi Elements of Law of Evidence
- 4. Dr.Avtar Singh Law of Evidence
- 5. Ratanlal and Dhiraj Lal The Law of Evidence (Wadhwa and Co. 1988)

Seventh Semester PAPER – 1

OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT

Objective: The objective of this course is to familiarize students with the basic principles of Operations Management.

- Introduction: Definition and objectives of operations management. Function of Operations Manager. Relationship of operation functions with other functions. Plant Location: Location decision factors. Brown and Gibson Model. Multi plant location. Location of services and emergency units.
- Facilities Layout and Material Handling: Criteria for effective plant layout. Plant layout problems. Basic types of layout. Product layout process layout and fixed position layout. Material handling.
- Application of Inventory Management Techniques
 Material Requirement Planning (MRP): Concepts Bill of Materials Demand dependence. Product tree
 structure workout examples. Just in Time (JIT) Inventory system.
- 4. **Production and Operations Planning:** Aggregate planning. Production planning in Mass production system and Assembly line balancing. Production Scheduling. (Johnson's simple Problems Algorithm.) Project scheduling. Application of network analysis
- 5. **Quality Management:** Definition. Quality parameters. Planning Quality. Inspection and control. Control charts. Acceptance sampling (theory only). Operating Characteristic (OC) curve Quality Circles. Total Quality Management. Reliability; Maintainability & availability.

Books Recommended

Production and Operations Management
 New Production Management
 Senthil. M

3. Modern Production/Operations Management Elwood S. Bu-ffa

4. Production and Operations Management Adam and Ebert5. A Key to Production Management Remesh M. S.

6. Operations Management Paneerselvam

7. Operations Management Aswathapa

PAPER – 2 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY LAW

- Problem of jurisdiction in cyber space and legal response relevancy and admissibility of computer evidence existing legal regime to facilitate electronic commerce and its efficacy.
- Legal issues relating to Internet contract liability of Internet Service Provider spread of obscene material in Internet and legal response.
- Requirement of law on data protection in the digital age encryption and right to privacy; legal response legal response for Internet crime.
- 4 Sale through Internet and consumer protection Information Technology Act Legal response to electronic governance taxation in Internet; legal response.
- Domain name dispute legal response copyright infringement in Internet response of investment law in Internet age UNICITRAL Law of Electronic Commerce 1986 and Information Technology Act 2000 Fraud in Internet; legal response defamation in Internet; legal response cyber forensic legal issues.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

- 1 D.P. Mittal, Law of Information Technology
- 2 UNESCO, The International Dimensions of Cyber Space Law
- 3 Suresh T. Viswanathan, The Indian Cyber Law
- 4 Paras Diwan (Ed.), Cyber and E-Commerce Laws

PAPER – 3 PROPERTY LAW

- 1. Concept of property, Kinds of property, Intellectual property, General principles of transfer, Definitions of immovable property notice, transformability of property, Effect of transfer, Rules against inalienability and restriction on enjoyment by transfers Conditional transfers, Transfer to urban persons, Rules against perpetuity and accumulation of income. Transfer to a class vested and contingent interests, condition precedent and condition subsequent.
- 2. Doctrine of Election, Appointment, Covenants running with land, Transfer by Ostensible owners and doctrine of Estoppel Transfer by limited owner, Improvement effected by bona fide purchaser, Transfer to defraud creditors, Doctrines of lis Pendens and part performance.
- 3. Sales of Immovable Property: Sale meaning and scope of sale and contract for Sale how made Rights and liabilities of seller and buyer Marshalling, Discharge of encumbrances on sale.
- 4. Mortgage: Different types of mortgages and their distinctions, Rights and liabilities of Mortgager and Mortgagee (Sec.60 to 77) Priority: Marshlling and Contribution, Deposit in Court, Redemption: Who may sue for Redemption Subrogation, Taking Rights of redeeming co-mortgager: Mortgage by deposit of Title Deed, Anomalous Mortgage.
- 5. Charge Doctrine of Merger, Notice & Tender, Floating charge.
- 6. Lease Rights and liabilities of lesser and lessee, Termination of lease.
- 7. Exchange Scope and meaning of Rights and liabilities of parties of Exchange of money.

- 8. Gift Onerous gift universal done, Donatio, mortis cause.
- 9. Actionable claimes: Scope and meaning of, Notice, Liability on transfer Assignment of different policies Incapacity of certain Officers Saving of negotiable instruments.
- 10. Easements Definition Classification and Characteristic features Modes of acquisition Easement of necessity – Quasi Easement by prescription – Right to ancient light – Extinction of easements – Easement compared with license and lease.
- 11. A comparative study of the corresponding provisions of the English real property law is to be made for better appreciation of the Indian Law.

Statutory Materials: (With amendments)

- 1. Transfer of Property Act, 1882
- 2. Easement Act, 1892

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

- 1. Halsbury's Laws of England (IV Ed. Reissue Vol. 1 pp. 1-127, Vol. 35 pp. 721 -770, Vol.32 pp. 181-474.
- D.F.Mulla: Transfer of Property Act
 M.Krishna Menon: Law of property
- 4. Sukla: Law of Property

PAPER – 4 PRINCIPLES OF TAXATION LAW

1. Indian Income Tax Act 1961 and Kerala Agricultural Income Tax Act, 1950 - The study will consist of the following: - Cannons of Taxation — Distinction between tax and fee classification of taxes. - Constitutional basis for taxation — Art 265 Fundamental rights and Taxing statutes Legislative entries relating to taxation Income its meaning Income and capital — Leading cases. Income tax Authorities — Basis of charge under the Act. Total Income previous year Status - Residence.

Mutual Relation of Income Tax Act with Finance Acts. Incomes not forming part of total income. Income of charitable or religious trusts and Institutions. Incomes forming part of total income on which no income tax is payable – Deductions to be made in computing total income – Rules of computation under the different heads of income – carry forward and set off of losses.

Representative assessees: - Provisions as to a advance payment of tax deducted at source, Registration and assessment of firms and its partners, Brief outline of procedure for assessment, collection and recovery of tax and remedies under the Act, Penalties and prosecution under the Act.

The Kerala Agricultural Income Tax Act, 1991 - Principles are on the same lines as that of Central Income Tax Act. - Wealth Tax Act, 1963 - Definition – Exemption Deduction, Total and Net Wealth, Authorities – Charging provisions , Assessment collect on and Remedies – Principles of valuation.

Kerala General Sales Tax Act, 1963.

Prescribed Readings; (With amendments)

- 1. Ranga and Palkhivala
- 2. Taxman
- 3. Sampath Iyengar
- 4. Saju K. Abraham

"Law and Practice of Income Tax" (Students Edn)

- Direct Taxes
- Three New Taxes
- Guide to Sales Tax law in Kerala

PAPER -5

DRAFTING, PLEADING AND CONVEYANCE

Outline of the course:

- (a) Drafting :- General principles of drafting and relevant substantive rules shall be taught (b) Pleadings:-
- (i) Civil: Plaint, Written Statement, Interlocutory Application, Original Petition, Affidavit, Execution Petition, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision, Petition under Article 226 and 32 of the Constitution of India.
- (ii) Criminal : Complaint, Criminal Miscellaneous Petition, Bail Application, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.
- (iii) Conveyance : Sale Deed. Mortgage Deed, Lease Deed, Gift Deed, Promissory Note, Power of Attorney, Will, Trust Deed
 - (iv) Drafting of Writ Petition and PIL petition

The course will be taught through class instructions and simulation exercises, preferably with the assistance of practicing lawyers/retired judges. Apart from teaching the relevant provisions of law, the course may include not less than 15 practical exercises in drafting carrying a total of 45 marks (3 marks for each) and 15 exercise in conveyance carrying another 45 marks (3 marks for each exercise) remaining 10 marks will be given for internal viva voce which will test the understanding of legal practices in relation to Drafting, pleading and conveyancin

Eighth Semester PAPER – 1

STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT

Objective: The objective of this course is to make the students familiar with the holistic perceptive of enterprises.

- 1. **Introduction to Business Policy:** Evolution of Business Policy Nature Importance purpose objectives of Business Policy Industrial policy and Business Policy Defining & explaining strategy Different levels of strategy Strategic decision making Strategic management process.
- 2. Strategic Indent: Introduction vision Mission goals & objectives Environmental appraisal concept of environment, Environmental sectors Environmental scanning Appraising the environment Organisational Appraisal Corporate level strategies: grand strategies, Stability strategies, Expansion strategies, Retrenchment-strategies, Combination strategies Business level strategies: Generic business strategies, Tactics for business strategies Strategic Analysis & choice Corporate level Strategic Analysis Business level strategic analysis.
- 3. Corporate Strategic Planning Strategy Implementation: Aspects of strategy implementation Project Implementation Procedural implementation Resource allocation Structural implementation Structures for strategies organisation design & change organisational systems Functional strategies: functional plans & Polices, financial, marketing, operations, personnel .Information management plans & policies Integration of functional plans & policies.

- 4. **Strategy Evaluation:** An overview of strategic evaluation & control operational control Techniques of strategic evaluation & control Role of organisational systems in evaluation.
- 5. Globalization: Stages of globalization conditions for globalization competitive advantages for nations Threats and challenges -corporate strategies- joint venture, sell offs divestiture-spin offs, corporate control, changes in ownership structure exchange offers, share re-purchase, management buyouts, financial restricting corporate restricting in India.

Books Recommended

Business policy and Strategic Management
 Business policy and Strategic Management
 L M Prasad

3. Strategic Management Francies Cherunillam

4. Strategic Management Theory Hill / Jone

PAPER – 2 BANKING LAW

Importance of banking in modern economy – Recent development in banking practices – Banking institutions in general – Nationalisation of banking institutions.

Different kinds of Accounts: - Joint accounts, minor's account, combination of accounts, the pass book and its legal position. - Garnishee orders, pledges, guarantees, documents of title to goods, mortgages. - Nature and incidents of banker's lien, termination of lien, waiver of lien.

General principles of negotiable instruments with reference to bills of exchange, cheque and promissory notes. - Special incidents of banker and customer relationship – Valuables for safe custody – Banker's commercial credits – Payment of different types of cheques – Collecting banker and paying banker – special protection against forgery. - Statutory control and relation of banking business in India the position of the Reserve Bank. Powers of the Reserve Bank to control banking operations in India.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

Chorley – Law of Banking
 Paget - Law and Bnking

Tannan - Law of Practice of Banking in India
 Bhashyam and Adiga - Law of Negotiable Instruments
 M.Krishnan Nair - Law of contracts, ((orient Longman)

Statutes: (with amendments)

Banking Regulation Act, 1949. Reserve Bank of India Act, 1949

The Banking companies (Acquisition and Transfer of undertakings) Act, 1970.

PAPER - 3 <u>LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAW - I</u> (TRADE UNIONS AND INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES)

- 1 History of trade union movement trade unions and Indian Constitution definition of trade union.
- 2 Registration of trade unions powers and functions of Registrar of Trade Union cancellation of registration.
- 3 Objects of trade unions funds of trade unions general and political trade union immunities -

nature and scope.

4 Industry, industrial dispute and workman - meaning and definition - dispute resolution methods

and authorities - powers and functions - governmental controls.

- 6. Strikes, lock outs, lay offs retrenchment and closure legal controls- protected workman.
- 7. Standing Orders.

Statutory Materials: (With amendments)

- 1. Trade Unions Act, 1926.
- 2. Industrial Dispute Act, 1947.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

- 1 Malhotra, Law of Industrial Disputes.
- 2 Indian Law Institute, Labour Law and Labour Relations.
- 3 K.D. Srivastava, Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946.
- 4 K.D. Srivastava, Law Relating to Trade Unions and Unfair Labour Practices.
- 5 H.L. Kumar, Misconducts, Charge Sheets and Enquiries.
- 6 P.R.Bagri Law of Industrial Disputes
- 7 O.P. Malhothra Labour Law
- 8 Labour Law and Labour Relations Indian Law Institute
- 9 V.V.Giri Labour problems in Indian Industry
- 10 H.K.Saharay Labour and Social Laws
- 11 Mishra Labour and Industrial Laws

PAPER – 4 COMPANY LAW

History: - Emergence of corporation as a commercial association and brief history of Companies Act. - Formation of a Company: - Procedural requirements – Effect of incorporation – The doctrine of lifting the veil company distinguished from other association. - Different Kinds of Companies: - Limited by shares, Limited by Guarantees and unlimited – Charted, chartered statutory and registered Holding, and subsidiary private public and deemed public, foreign Companies, Government Companies – Illegal association.

Constitutional Documents: - Memorandum of Association and objects clauses there on – Grounds and procedure for alteration of this Clauses – Articles of association - Alteration of articles. The contract in the memorandum and articles – Distinction between memorandum and articles of association – The rule in Fass v Harbottle and its exceptions. - Rights and liabilities of the Corporation for the acts of its agents and organs. - Doctrine of ultra vires – Tortious liability of Corporation – Criminal liability – Doctrine of constructive notice and Indoor management – Rule in Turquand's case.

Promoters: - Their position, duties and liabilities — Remuneration of promoter contracts by promoters. - Prospectus and statement ion lieu of prospectus: - Contents - Mis-statement in prospectus — Meaning of liabilities respect of prospectus — Statement in lieu of prospectus. - Members: - Modes of acquiring membership — Register of members and entries herein minor as a member.

Capital: - Rules for raising and maintenance of capital legal nature of shares – Types of shares "class rights" and variation of class rights – Allotment of shares – Effect of irregular allotment – Transfer of shares and certification of transfer – Share Certificate and share warrant – Share forfeiture, capital redemption – Reserve Fund – Call on share – Forfeiture of shares – surrender of shares – Rule in Teryol v. White worth.

Meetings: - Statutory General meeting and statutory Report – Annual general meeting – Extraordinary general meeting – Procedure and requisites of a valid meeting – chairman Voting at meeting – Kinds of resolution – Minutes.

Divident Accounts and Audit: - Divident distinguished from interest — Declaration of divident Capitalisation of profit — Accounts Rule with regard to the keeping of proper books of account preparation and filing of balance sheet and profit and loss account etc., Auditors — Qualification and disqualification, Appointments and removal — Remuneration: Powers and duties.

Board of Directors: - Their positions, powers, duties, appointment, qualifications, disqualifications, vacations of office, removal remuneration liabilities, etc. Managing Director, his position, remuneration appointment etc. Government Directors, when appointed – Their role Managers and Secretaries – Their position and duties – Majority rule and minority protection.-(Rule in Foss v. Harbottle and Common Law exceptions) - Statutory remedies against oppression and Mis management: - Power of the court under SS. 397-407. - Power of the Central Government under SS. 408-409 - Investigation into the affairs of the company and appointment of Inspectors. - Powers of the Central Government to remove managerial personnel. - Other circumstances where the Central Government / Court can interfere in the internal management of Company – Compromises, arrangements and reconstruction Chapter V, Part VI.

Winding up: - Types of winding up - Winding up by court - Grounds: who can apply? Commencement and consequences of winding up order; Procedure of winding up by court - Powers of the liquidator, committee of Inspection, Public Examination: Dissolution. - Voluntary winding up: - Members voluntary winding up - Creditor's voluntary winding up. Declaration of solvency; Powers of Liquidator. - Winding up subject to supervision of Court conduct of winding up - Contributories - Payment of liabilities - Preferential payments - proceeding against delinquent officers. - Winding up of an unregistered company. - Relevant provisions from MRTP Act.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

1. Lectures on Company Law : Shah

2. A Guide on Companies Act : A.Ramaiah

(Wadhwa and Co.)

3. Company Law : Avtar Singh

4. MRTP Act

PAPER – 5 PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

Outline of the course: Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bar-Bench Relations This course will be taught in association with practising lawyers on the basis of the following materials.

- (i) Mr.Krishnamurthy Iyer's book on "Advocacy"
- (ii) The Contempt Law and Practice
- (iii) The Bar Council Code of Ethics
- (iv) Advocates Act, 1961.
- (v) 50 selected opinions of the Disciplinary Committees of Bar Council and 10 major judgments of the Supreme Court on the subject.
- (vi) Other reading materials as may be prescribed by the University Assessment in this paper shall consist of the following:
 - a. Case study 30 marks b. Written test 30 marks c. Problem solution 20 marks

d. Internal viva voce to test the students knowledge in this paper – 20 marks

PAPER – 6 BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

Course objective: The course exposes the students to the environmental dynamics of contemporary Business

Unit I Theoretical framework of Business Environment Concept - significance – nature – Types - Internal, external micro-macro environment

Environmental analysis- Environmental audit

Unit II Economic Environment of Business

Significance and elements of economic environment Economic systems and business Environment- Industrial Policies- Fiscal Policy-Monetary Policy- EXIM Policy- Disinvestment policy - Economic reforms - liberalization and

structural adjustment

Unit III Political, Legal and Technological environment of business Elements of political environment- Government and business – Legal environment in

India- FEMA-SEBI Intellectual property rights Technology transfer.

Unit IV Socio – Cultural Environment

Elements- Social instructions and systems, values and attitudes - social groups- Social responsibility of business – social audit- ethics in business- consumerism in

India

work for

Unit V Global Environment

Meaning and nature of Globalization- globalization of India business - multinational Corporations- Foreign collaborations - Corporate sector institutional frame Business environment- GATT/WTO

Books for Reference

- 1. Asathappa.K.Essentials of business Environment, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 2. Adhikary, M.E. Economic Environment of Business, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi
- 3. Asathappa.K.Legal Environment of business, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 4. Alag, Yoginder, K. Development Planning and Policy, Vikas Publications, New Delhi
- 5. Abulwaha, I.J. Industrial Growth in India, Oxford University Press Delhi.

Ninth Semester
PAPER – 1
PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW

The nature and scope of private International Law Fundamental concepts of Private International Law-Classification-Domicile Public Policy-Renvoi-The authority of personal laws in Indian Courts.

Jurisdiction of Court in cases involving foreign elements.

Principles of Indian Private International Law relating to the following matters: - Persons-status and capacity-corporations - Family - Validity and effects of marriage - Divorce Legitimacy - Adoption-Guardianship. Contracts - Formation, interpretation, illegality and discharge. - Torts - Proper law - Modern trends. - Property-Transfer, succession (Movables& immovables) - Administration of estates.

Procedure and evidence-Proof of foreign law-Recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments and decrees.

(On matters not covered by Indian Statutes and decisions reference should be made to the English and American Law)

Prescribed Readings:

Cheshire-Private International Law Prof.K.Sreekantan-Private International Law Paras Divan-Private International Law

PAPER – 2 ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Concept of Environmental Protection - Sources, Causes and effects of Environmental pollution Classification of different types of pollution. - Air Pollution and Noise Pollution - Water Pollution - Marine Pollution - Land Pollution - General Powers of the Central Government. Scope of Art 32 and 226 of the constitution in environmental matters. -

Environmental Protection under the Constitution. - Right to Clean Environment. - Public Interest Litigation. - New Trends. - Environmental protection Law and its implementation Operational mechanism of boards functioning Central and State Boards functioning. Legal regime for pollution control..

Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act, 1981. - Penalties and procedure. - Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974. - Powers and functions of State pollution Control Board. - Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. - Protection of Forest and Wild Life. - Preservation of heritage-Conservation of bio-diversity. - Common Law remedies for protections of the environment.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

- 1. Kailas Thakur-Environmental Protection law and Policy in India.
- 2. Dr.H.Mahaeswaraswamy-Law relating to Environmental Pollution and protection.
- 3. Cases and Material on Environment and pollution Laws-Law Publishers (India) Pvt.Ltd.
- 4. Environmental Law-Susan Wolf and Anna White.
- 5. Environmental Law in India (Eastern Book company)-Dr.Leela Krishnan.
- Cases and Materials-Rosen Cronz.
- 7. Public liability Insurance Act, 1991.
- 8. National (Environmental) Tribunal Act, 1995.

PAPER – 3 LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAW – II

(SOCIAL SECURITIES LAW)

- Approval, Licensing & Registration of factories health, safety & welfare of workers-working hours Employment of women & young persons-leave-Authorities & their powers.
- 2. Administration of ESI scheme- ESI Corporation-standing committees-medical benefit council-Benefits-E.S.I fund-Liability of the employer.
- 3. Employer's liability to pay compensation-nature and extent. Notional extension of time and place of employment- powers of Workmen's Compensation Commissioners.
- 4. Responsibility for payment of wages-Fixation of wage periods-Deduction & fines-Authorities & adjudication of claim. Fixation & revision of minimum wages-Powers of appropriate government advisory committee and Board- payment of minimum wages.
- 5. Bonus meaning- eligibility for bonus. Calculation of bonus-Full bench formula- minimum bonus-maximum bonus-forfeiture of bonus-recovery of bonus. Gratuity-meaning —concept of deferred wages- eligibility for gratuity-.forfeiture of gratuity. Employees' provident scheme- basic features.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

- 1. S.C. Srivastava, Social Security Laws, Eastern Book Co. (Latest Edition)
- 2. Victor George, Social Security and Society.
- 3. Harry Calverty, Social Security Law.
- 4. Julian Fulbrook, Law and Worker Social Security.
- 5. R.N. Choudhary, *Commentary on the Workmens' Compensation Act,1923*, Orient Publishing Co. ((Latest Edition).
- 6. KD. Srivastava, *The Payment of Bonus Act,1965*, Eastern Book Company ((Latest Edition)
- 7. R.G. Chaturved, Law of Employees Provident Funds, Bharat Law House (2000).
- 8. P.R.Bagri Law of Industrial Disputes
- 9. O.P. Malhothra Labour Law
- 10. Labour Law and Labour Relations Indian Law Institute
- 11. V.V.Giri Labour problems in Indian Industry
- 12. H.K.Saharay Labour and Social Laws
- 13. Mishra Labour and Industrial Laws

Statutory materials (With amendments)

- 1. The Factories Act, 1948.
- 2. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948.
- 3. The Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923.
- 4. The Payment of wages Act, 1936.
- 5. The Minimum wages Act, 1948.
- 6. The Payment of Gratuity Act.
- 7. The Payment of Bonus Act. 1965.
- 8. Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

PAPER - 4

ALTERNATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Outline of the course:

- (i) Negotiation skills to be learned with simulated programme
- (ii) Conciliation skills
- (iii) Arbitration Law and Practice including International Arbitration and Arbitration Rules.

The course is required to be conducted by senior legal practitioners through simulation and case studies. Evaluation may also be conducted in practical exercises at least for a significant part of evaluation.

Assessment in this paper shall consist of the following:

- a. Written test 40 marks
- b. Lok adalath 25 marks

Students shall take part in at least one Lok Adalat organized by the State Legal Service Authority, voluntary agencies or the University/College Legal Aid Clinics. The students shall study the cases, meet the parties and motivate them to attend the Lok Adalat and to agree to a mediated settlement of the dispute.

- a. Negotiation and Conciliation 25 marks
 This shall be done by simulation exercise on the basis of hypothetical problems. The performance of teams consisting of three students [two lawyers and one client] shall be recorded and assessed.
- e. Internal viva voce to test the students knowledge in this paper 10 marks

Tenth Semester PAPER – 1

TRADE IN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Nature of intellectual property: - International Character of Intellectual property - Commercial Exploitation of Intellectual property - Intellectual Property and Economic Development

Patent Law: - What is Patent? - Object of Patent Law - Patentable Invention - Patent a source of Technical information - How to obtain Patent - Objection to Grant of Patent - Rights and Obligations of Patents - Register of Patents and Patent Office - Transfer of Patent Right - Revocation and Surrender of Patents - Infringement of Patents and Proceedings - Offences and penalties.

Trade Mark: - What is Trade Mark? - Forms of protecting Trade Mark and Goodwill Certification of Trade Marks - Property in Trade Mark and Registration - Licensing of trade mark and registered users - Different terms of protecting trade marks and Goodwill passing off - Service marks - Infringement, Threat and Tradelabel - Assignment and Transmission - Deceptive Similarities

Copyright: - Definition of copyright - Object of copyright, Nature of Copyright - Subject matter of Copyright - Rights conferred by copyright - Assignment, Transmission and relinquishment of copyright - Infringement of Copyright - Remedies against infringement of Copyright - Copyright Office, Copyright Board, -

Registration of Copyright & Appeal - Copyright societies - Rights of Broadcasting Organisation & Performers - Copyright and International Law

Industrial Designs: - Subject matter of Designs - Novelty and originality, Registration of designs - Registration of design and Rights thereof - Infringement of copyright in a design - Civil remedies against piracy and defences - Suit for injunction and recovery damages

Confidential information and Breach of confidence: - Protection of confidential information - Action for breach of confidence - Industrial and trade secrets – Remedies - Application of LPR in

Agriculture Biotechnology Biodiversity – Conservation, challenges and legal solutions Bio-technology and patent protection -

Plant genetic resources in nature. The value of genetic diversity-Evolution of plant protection systems in international community-Farmers and breeders rights-Legislative initiatives. - Intellectual Property and Conservation of traditional knowledge.

Prescribed Readings: (With amendments)

- 1. Copy right of Trade Mark and GATT. Taxman.
- 2. P. Narayanan, Patent Law, Second Edn., Eastern Book Co.
- 3. W.R. Cornish, Intellectual Property, I Edn., Universal Book Co.
- 4. Hillary, a person of Clifford Miller, Commercial Exploitation of Intellectual Property, Universal Book Traders(1994).
- 5. Beier, F.K., R.S., Crespi, J. Straus. Biotechnology and Patent protection (1986) Oxford and IBH Pub. Co.
- 6. Vandana Shiva Ingunn Moser (Edn.) Bio-politics (1996).
- 7. Jayashree Watal, Intellectual property and WTO in the Developing countries, 2000, OUP.
- 8. Suman Sahai Ed. Bio-resources and Biotechnology, Policy Concerns for the Asian Region (1999) Gene Compaign.
- 9. State.
 - (i) Concept of environmental protection.
 - (ii) Sources, causes and effects of environmental pollution-classification of different types of pollutions.
 - (a) Air Pollution and Noise.

PAPER - 2

<u>Criminology and Penology</u>

- Nature and Scope of Criminology: Inter relation between Criminology, Penology and Criminal Law - Criminal Law and its nature and elements – Concept of Crime – Intention and Motive -Importance of Criminology
- Schools of Criminology: Pre classical School of Criminology Classical School -Positive School - Clinical School of Criminology - Sociological School of Criminology -The New Criminology
- 3. Causation of Crime: Mc. Maughten Rule Insanity Under Indian Criminal Law Bio-Physical Factors and Criminality Preud's theory of Criminal Jurisprudence Conflict Theory of Crime
- Sociological Theory of Crime: Multiple factor approach to crime causation Mobility, Culture, Conflict, Family background - Political ideology, religion and crime influence of media, - economic condition.
- 5. Temptative Theory of Crime: Crime as a product of social disorganization Socio Cultural Pattern and Criminal Behaviour
- 6. Organised Crimes: Main characteristics of Organised crime
- 7. White collar crime: Definition Contributing Factors White Collar Crime in India Whiter Collar Crime in Professions
- 8. Alcoholism, Drug Addition and Crime: Main causes of Drug Addiction Classification of Indian Law

Penology

Theories of Punishment - Essential of an ideal Penal System - Penal Policy in India

- 9. Capital Punishment: Capital Punishment Should Euthenasia be legalised
- 10. Police System: Development of Police Organisation Legal function of Police Women Police

Criminal Law Court

- 11. Lok Adalat: Legal Services Authority Act 1987 Object of Criminal Trial Function of Criminal Law Court
- 12. Prison Administration:- Prison Discipline, Prison Labour Jail Reform Committees Prison Reform Problem of under trial prisoners Bar against Handcuffing Solitary confinement Custodial Torture in prisons
- 13. Probation of Offenders: Probation of Offencers Act, 1958

Prescribed Readings;

- 1. Prof. H.V. Paranjapa Criminology and Penology
- 2. Ahmad Siddique Criminology and Penology.

Or

Women and the Law

- 1. Status of Women in Indian Society: Rights of the women under the Constitution- Women Reservations in Election Local Bodies Directive Principles and Women Right to Women to Economic Development.
- 2. Personal Laws and Gender Justice Uniform Civil Code
- 3. Women and Criminal Law:- Offences relating to Marriage Cruelty by husband or his relatives for dowry Outranging the modesty of women Police Atrocities Custodial Rape Sexual harassment Legislation on Criminal Traffic
- 4. Prevention of Immoral Traffic and Women: Rehabilitative and Remedial Provisions
- 5. Law relating to Dowry Prohibition:- Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 Dowry death and dowry suicide
- 6. Women and Industrial Law:- Equal Remuneration for Men and Women Welfare and Safety of Women in Industrial law
- 7. Women and Special Laws:- Women's Commission Family Court Act Indecent Representation of Women (Act)

Prescribed Readings:

G.B. Reddy - Women and the Law

Relevant Provisions of the Constitution (with amendments)

" Hindu Marriage Ac, 1955

" Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956

Maternity Benefit Act, 1961

" Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961

" Family Court Act, 1984

" National Commission for Women Act, 1990

" Protection of Human Rights Act

Muslim Women's (Right on Protection of Divorce) Act. 1986

PAPER – 3

PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

Nature-origin and basic of International Law-Various theories and schools. - Sources of International Law. Traditional and modern. - Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law-Theories- Practice in US, UK and India.

Subjects of International Law, States-Non-States entities-International Organizations and private individuals. - Recognition-Theory and practice-kinds of-effects. - State territorial sovereignty and other lesser territorial rights. - Rights and duties of States.

State territory-Modes of acquisition and loss of territory State servitude. - State Jurisdiction-Territorial-personal and extra-territorial jurisdiction. - Law of the sea, Air and outer space. - State responsibility. - State succession. - International transactions-agents of international business, their Privileges and immunities.

International Law and Practice as to Treaties. - International Organizations-U.N. and sister Organisations and ICJ. - International Economic Law-New International Economics, Order GATT/WTO Regime TRIPS and World Bank.

Human Rights: - Philosophical foundation of the c concept of Human Rights. - Internationalisation of Human Rights - Civil and Political Rights - Social, Economic and Cultural Rights - Rights of specific groups - Rights of Women, Children, Indigenous Population etc. - Concept of sustainable Development - Concept of Corruption free Governance - Human Rights protection Mechanism-National and International level.

Prescribed Readings:

- 1. Oppenheim-International Law
- 2. Starke-International Law
- 3. Paras Divan-Human Rights and Law Universal and Indian
- 4. Kapoor-International Law
- 5. Tandon-International Law
- 6. Venkateswaran-Human rights in the changing world.
- 7. A.H. Robertson and J.C. Hevills-Human Rights in the world(1996)
- 8. Henry Steiner and Philips Aster-International Human Rights in Context (Clarendon Press 1996)
- 9. D.J. Harris-Cases and Materials on International Law
- 10. Michael A Kehurst A Modern Introduction to international Law
- 11. Malcolm N.Shaw-International Law

PAPER – 4

MOOT COURT EXERCISE, OBSERVANCE OF TRIAL, INTERVIEWING TECHNIQUES AND PRE-TRIAL PREPARATIONS

This paper may have three components of 30 marks each and a internal viva voce for 10 marks.

(a) Moot Court (30marks) - Every student may be required to do at least three moot courts in a year with 10 marks for each. The moot court work will be on assigned problem and it will be evaluated for 5 marks for written submissions and 5 marks for oral advocacy. The evaluation shall be done by a panel of two teachers nominated by the Principal. Every student shall secure a minimum of at least 75% attendance for the Moot Court.

If a student fails to participate in the Moot Court due to unavoidable circumstances he may be permitted to appear for the examination. But his results will be published only after satisfying the requirement regarding Moot Court in the following academic year.

(b) Observance of Trial in two cases, one civil and one criminal (30marks).

Students may be required to attend two trials in the final year of LL.B. studies. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assignment., This scheme will carry 30 marks.

(c) Interviewing techniques and Pre-trial preparations (30 marks):

Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyer's Office/Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in a diary, which will carry 15 marks. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filing of the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary, which will carry 15 marks.

(d) The fourth component of this paper will be internal viva voce examination on all the above three aspects. This will carry 10 marks.