

UNIVERSITY OF KERALA

Revised Scheme & Syllabus for First Degree Programme in

B A ECONOMICS (CBCS SYSTEM) 2019

Semester I

Credits	Instructional hours	Course Title	Course No	Sem No
4	5	(Language Course I (English I	EN 1111	I
3	4	Language Course II (Addl (Language I	1111	
2	4	Foundation Course I	EN 1121	
4	6	Core I Introductory Micro Economics	EC 1141	
2	3	Complementary I	1131	
2	3	Complementary II	1131	
20	25	Total		

Semester II

Credits	Instructional hours	Course Title	Course No	Sem No
4	5	(Language Course III (English II	EN 1211	II
3	4	(Language Course IV (English III	1212	
3	4	(Language Course V (Addl. Lang II	1211	

4	6	Core II Intermediate Microeconomics	EC1241	
3	3	Complementary III	1231	
3	3	Complementary IV	1231	
20	25	Total		

Semester III

Credits	Instructional hours	Course Title	Course No	Sem No
4	5	(Language Course VI (English IV	EN 1311	III
4	5	(Language Course VII (Addl.Lan III	1311	
3	4	Foundation Course II Informatics for Applied Econometrics	EC1321	
4	5	Core III Introductory .Macroeconomics	EC1341	
3	3	Complementary V	1331	
3	3	Complementary VI	1331	
21	25	Total		

Semester IV

Credits	Instructional hours	Course Title	Course No	Sem No
4	5	(Language Course VIII (English V	EN1411	IV
4	5	(Language Course IX (Addl.Lan IV	1411	
4	5	Core IV Mathematical Methods for Economics	EC1441	
3	4	Core V Intermediate Macroeconomics	EC1442	
3	3	Complementary VII	1431	
3	3	Complementary VIII	1431	
21	25	Total		

Semester V

Credits	Instructional hours	Course Title	Course No	Sem No
4	4	Core VI Methodology and Perspectives of Social Science	EC1541	V
4	4	Core VII Statistical Methods for Economics	EC1542	
4	4	Core VIII Readings in Political Economy	EC1543	
2	3	Core IX Economic Growth and Development	EC1544	

3	4	Core X International Economics	EC1545	
2	3	Open Course I – Introductory Economics	EC1551.1	
2	3	Human Resource Management	EC1551.2	
2	3	Indian Economy Since Liberalisation	EC1551.3	
-	3	Project / Dissertation		
20	25	Total		

Semester VI

Credits	Instructional hours	Course Title	Course No	Sem No
4	5	Core XI Indian Economy	EC1641	VI
4	4	Core XII Banking and Finance	EC1642	
4	5	Core XII Public Economics	EC1643	
3	4	Core XII Environment Economics and Disaster Management	EC1644	
2	4	Elective : Kerala Economy	EC1661.1	
2	4	Mathematical Economics	1661.2	
2	4	Introductory Econometrics	1661.3	
2	4	History of Economic Thought	1661.4	
3	3	Project/Dissertation	EC 1645	
21	25			
120	150	Grand Total		

:Complementary Courses Offered

Complementary I

EC 1131 Foundations of Economic Theory

Complementary III

EC 1231 Money and Banking

Complementary V

EC 1331 Introduction to International trade and Public Economics

Complementary VII

EC 1431 Indian Economy Since Independence

:Open Courses Offered

.A college can select one from the three courses given

Introductory Economics EC 1551.1

Human Resource Management EC1551.2

Indian Economy Since Liberalisation EC1551.3

:Elective courses offered

.A college can select one from the four courses given

Kerala Economy EC1661.1

Mathematical Economics EC1661.2

Econometrics EC1661.3

History of Economic Thought EC1661.4

Semester I

Core Course I

EC 1141 Introductory Microeconomics

Instructional Hours 6

Credits 4

Course objective: To develop a conceptual foundation and analytical methods used in Microeconomics

(Module I: Scarcity, Work and choice (15 Hrs

Labour and production – Preferences opportunity costs – The feasible set – Decision making and scarcity – Hours of work and economic growth – Income and substitution effects on hour of work and free time – Explaining our working hours: Changes overtime, Differences between .countries

(Module II: Consumer and Producer Theory (25 Hrs

Demand and Supply – Market Mechanism- Elasticities of Demand and Supply - Consumer behaviour: Consumer Preferences – Budget Constraints – Consumer choice – Revealed Preferences, Marginal Utility and Consumer Choice – Individual and Market Demand: Individual Demand - Income and Substitution Effect – Market Demand – Consumer Surplus - Production: Technology of Production – Production with one variable input – Production with Two Variable Inputs – Returns to Scale – The cost of production: Measuring Cost – Cost in the

short - run and Long -run – Short Run and Long Run cost curves - Profit Maximisation and Competitive Supply

(Module III Competitive Markets (25 Hrs

Price taking firms - Price setters and price taking firms - Competitive Equilibrium – The model of perfect competition – Perfectly Competitive Markets – Profit Maximisation- Marginal Revenue, Marginal Cost and Profit – Choosing output in the Short Run and Long Run – Competitive firms Short Run supply curve – Industry’s Long Run Supply Curve

(Module IV: Market Structures (25 Hrs

Monopoly – Average Revenue and Marginal Revenue – Monopolist’s Output Decision - Monopoly Power – Price Discrimination – Monopoly Pricing Policies– Monopsony and Monopoly - Monopolistic Competition –Equilibrium in the Short Run and Long Run – Oligopoly – Equilibrium in an Oligopolistic Market – Price Competition – Price Rigidity - . Cartels

Microeconomics Robert S. Pindyck, Daniel L. Rubinfeld & PL Mehta 7th Ed Part V Chapter 9) & 11, *Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach* Bernheim, Douglas B and Whinston, (Michael D (2011) Chapters 17,18 &19

References

.**Module I** *The Economy: Economics for a Changing World* by CORE team, Chapter 3

Module II *Microeconomics* Robert S. Pindyck, Daniel L. Rubinfeld & P L Mehta 7th Ed Part 2 .Chapter 3,4,6,7& 8

Module III *The Economy: Economics for a Changing World* by CORE team Chapter 8 and (*Microeconomics* Robert S. Pindyck, Daniel L. Rubinfeld & P L Mehta 7th Ed Chapter 7

Module IV Robert S. Pindyck, Daniel L. Rubinfeld & P L Mehta *Microeconomics* 7th Ed ,chapter 9 &11

Bernheim, Douglas B and Whinston, Michael D (2011) *Intermediate Microeconomics: A .Modern Approach, Chapters 17,18 and 19*

Ashok Sanjay Guha *Economics without Tears –A New Approach to Old Discipline*

Additional Readings

Hal R Varian: *Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach* 8th edition, W.W.Norton and .1 Company/Affiliated east-West Press (India), 2011

C. Synder and W Nicholson(S-N): Fundamentals of Microeconomics, Cengage Learning .2
(India), 2010, Indian Edition

Semester II

Core II

EC 1241 Intermediate Microeconomics

Instructional Hours 6

Credits 4

: Course Objective

The course intends to give basic understanding of Micro Economics

(Module I: Markets for Factor inputs: (25 Hrs

Competitive Factor markets – Equilibrium in factor markets – Investment, time and capital markets: Stocks vs Flows – Present Discounted value – Net Present Value criterion- How are .interest rates determined

(Module II: Risk and Uncertainty (20 hrs

Risk- Probability – Expected Value – Variability - Preferences towards Risk – Reducing Risk - .The Demand for Risky Assets – Behavioural Economics.. Uncertainty

(Module III: Social Interactions, Property and Power (20 hrs

Game Theory – Equilibrium in the invisible hand game – The Prisoner’s dilemma – Social preferences: Altruism – Public goods, free riding and repeated interactions – Public good contributions and peer punishment – Behavioural experiments in the lab and in the field - co

game – -operation, negotiation, conflicts of interest and social norms – Dividing a pie – Fair Farmers, self interested students – contribution in the ultimatum - Social interactions: Conflicts in the choice among Nash equilibrium. Institutions and power – Evaluating institutions and outcomes: Pareto Criterion – Fairness – A model of choice and conflict – Technically feasible allocations – allocations imposed by force – Economically feasible allocations and the surplus – The Pareto efficiency curve and the distribution of the surplus – Measuring economic inequality – A policy to redistribute the surplus and raise efficiency

(Module IV: General Equilibrium, Economic Efficiency and Market Failure: (25hrs
General Equilibrium and Economic Efficiency - General Equilibrium analysis - Efficiency in exchange – Efficiency in production – Efficiency in product-mix . The Gains from trade – .Market failure – Externalities – Ways to correct Market failure – Public Goods

:References

Module I Microeconomics / Robert S. Pindyck, Daniel L. Rubinfeld 7th Edition Part III Chapter .13 & 14

Module II Microeconomics / Robert S. Pindyck, Daniel L. Rubinfeld & P L Mehta 7th Edition .Part V Chapter 18

.Module III: The Economy: Economics for a Changing World by CORE team chapter 4 & 5

Module IV: Microeconomics / Robert S. Pindyck, Daniel L. Rubinfeld & P L Mehta 7th Ed , .chapter 15 &16

Ashok Sanjay Guha *Economics without Tears –A New Approach to Old Discipline*

:Additional Readings

Hal R Varian: Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach 8th edition, W.W.Norton and .1 Company/Affiliated east-West Press (India), 2010

C. Synder and W Nicholson(S-N): Fundamentals of Microeconomics, Cengage Learning .2 (India), 2010, Indian Edition

Semester III

Foundation Course II

EC 1321 Informatics for Applied Econometrics

Instructional Hours 4

Credits 3

Course Description

This course introduces a plethora of online resources which will help students improve their teaching-learning experience. The students will also be able to utilize these web resources to enhance their career and academics. The course also provides an exposition to econometric concepts and techniques. This is to enable the students to conduct and criticize empirical studies in economics and related fields. It covers estimation and diagnostic testing of simple regression models using computer software

((20 Hours

MODULE I: Role of ICT in Economics

Informatics: Meaning and Scope, Information Networks- INFLIBNET, NICNET. E-Books, (Audio Books, Blogs, Podcasts, Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs

((15 Hours

Module II: Nature and Scope of Econometrics

What is Econometrics? –Methodology of Econometrics –Structure of Economic data- Cross Sectional, Time Series, Pooled Cross Sectional and Panel Data- Statistical Software for social science Research

Note : This course recommends the use of Gretl (a free software useful for econometric analysis) for practical exercises

((15 Hours

MODULE III: Two Variable Regression Analysis: Some Basic Ideas

The concept of Population Regression Function (PRF)- Stochastic specification of PRF- (Significance of the stochastic disturbance term- The Sample Regression Function (SRF

((20 Hours

MODULE IV: Simple Linear Regression Model: Two Variable Cases

Estimation of model by method of ordinary least squares—Properties of estimators—Classical Linear Regression Model: The Assumptions Underlying the method of Least Squares--Gauss Markov theorem—Goodness of fit—Interval estimation—Confidence intervals for Regression—Hypothesis testing—Prediction- Computer exercises

Basic Reading List

:Module I

V. Rajaraman, Introduction to Information Technology, Third Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. .1
.Ltd

Gammak, Hobbes and Piggot, The Book of Informatics, Cengage Learning .2

List of Web Resources provided at the end of References .3

:Module II

D.N.Gujarati and Sangeetha, Basic Econometrics, 4thEdition, McGraw Hill Publishing .1
Company Ltd, New Delhi. Chapter 1

.JeffreyM Wooldridge, Introductory Econometrics, 2nd Edition, chapter 1 .2

:Module III

D.N.Gujarati and Sangeetha, Basic Econometrics, 4thEdition, McGraw Hill Publishing .1
.Company Ltd, New Delhi. Chapter 2

JeffreyM Wooldridge, Introductory Econometrics, 2nd Edition. Chapter 2 .2

:Module IV

D.N.Gujarati and Sangeetha, Basic Econometrics, 4thEdition, McGraw Hill Publishing .1
.Company Ltd, New Delhi. Chapter 3,5& 6

.JeffreyM Wooldridge, Introductory Econometrics, 2nd Edition. Chapter 2 .2

WEB RESOURCES

E-Books	
/http://www.gutenberg.org	
/https://www.pdfdrive.net	
/http://www.getfreebooks.com	
Audio Books	
/http://www.learnoutloud.com	
Blogs	
/http://www.bloggeries.com	
/http://www.bloglisting.net	
www.blogspot.com	For Creating Blogs
www.wordpress.com	
Podcasts	
/http://podcasts.ox.ac.uk	
http://www.bbc.co.uk/podcasts	
Wikis	
/http://educationalwikis.wikispaces.com	
/http://wikieducator.org	
http://wikieducator.org/India	
/http://en.wikibooks.org	
Videos / Video Lessons / E-Content for Learning	
/http://www.learnerstv.com	
/http://webcast.berkeley.edu	
/http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in	

MOOCs - Massive Open On-line Courses
/https://www.coursera.org
/https://www.edx.org
/http://ocw.mit.edu

Semester III

Core III

EC 1341 Introductory Macroeconomics

Instructional Hours 5

Credits 4

Course Objective

This course offers a short introduction to Macroeconomics. After introducing the multiplier and the Keynesian theory of income determination, the course further introduces the student to IS-LM analysis

(Module I-Economic Fluctuations and Unemployment (12 hrs

Introduction to Macroeconomics : Concepts-Growth and fluctuations-Output growth and changes in unemployment-Measuring the aggregate economy: The components of GDP-How households cope with fluctuations- Why is consumption smooth-Measuring the economy: Inflation

(Module II- Banks, Money, and the Credit Market (15 hrs

Money and wealth- Borrowing: Bringing consumption forward in time- Impatience and the diminishing marginal returns to consumption-Borrowing allows smoothing by bringing consumption to the present- Lending and storing: Smoothing and moving consumption to the future- Investing: Another way to move consumption to the future-Assets, liabilities, and net worth- Banks, money, and the central bank- The central bank, the money market, and interest rates- The business of banking and bank balance sheets-The central bank's policy rate can affect spending- Credit market constraints: A principal-agent problem-Inequality: Lenders, borrowers, and those excluded from credit markets

(Module III Unemployment and Fiscal policy (20 hrs

The transmission of shocks: The multiplier process- The multiplier model-Household target wealth, collateral, and consumption spending-Investment spending- The multiplier model: Including the government and net exports-Fiscal policy: How governments can dampen and amplify fluctuations- The Keynesian model of income determination, Consumption function –

factors affecting consumption-Consumption and Savings-Consumption, AD, and Autonomous Spending-Saving and Investment- multiplier and economic policymaking-The government's finances-Automatic stabilizers-Fiscal policy and the rest of the world- Aggregate demand and unemployment

(Module IV MONEY, INTEREST, AND INCOME (25hrs

The Goods Market and the IS Curve - The Money Market and the LM Curve - Equilibrium in the Goods and Money Markets -Deriving the Aggregate Demand Schedule - A Formal Treatment of the IS-LM Model . Introduction to Fiscal and monetary policy. Crowding in and crowding out . Liquidity trap. Fiscal and monetary policy multipliers

- References

Module I The Economy: Economics for A Changing World. OUP www.core-econ.org -Chapter- 13

Module II

The Economy: Economics for A Changing World. OUP www.core-econ.org -Chapter- 10

Module III

The Economy: Economics for A Changing World. OUP www.core-econ.org -Chapter- 14 .1

Rudiger Dornbusch, Stanley Fischer & Richard Startz-Macro Economics-tenth edition-.2

Chapter-9 Titled Income and Spending

Module IV

Rudiger Dornbusch, Stanley Fischer & Richard Startz-Macro Economics-Eleventh edition Mc .1

GRawHil Irwin-Chapter-10 titled Money, Interest and Prices and Chapter 11titled Monetary and Fiscal Policy

Diulio, Eugene(2004) Schaum's Outlines on Macroeconomics. (for problems on this module) 2 McGrawHill

Semester IV

Core IV

EC 1441 Mathematical Methods for Economics

Instructional Hours 5

Credits 4

Course Objective

The key objective of this paper is to provide the students an insight into the importance of mathematical methods in Economics and also to familiarize them with the basic mathematical techniques used in economic analysis

(Module I Basic Concepts (20 Hours

Role of mathematics in Economics- Basic mathematical techniques: Equations (Linear, Quadratic and Simultaneous), Functions (Linear, Quadratic, Polynomial, Rational, Power), Variables (Discrete, Continuous), Constants, Coefficients-Introduction to Co-ordinate Geometry, Graphs, Slopes and Intercept

(Module II Matrix Algebra (25 Hours

Meaning and types of Matrices- Matrix Operations, Addition, Subtraction and Multiplication- Properties of Matrix Multiplication- Determinants and their properties- Minors and Cofactors- Simultaneous Equations: Inverse Matrix and Cramer's Rule-Rank of a Matrix

(Module III Differential Calculus (25 Hours

Concept of Limit- Rate of Change and the derivative. Rules of Differentiation - Higher Order Derivatives-Implicit Differentiation-Partial differentiation – Economic applications of Derivatives. Relative Extrema and Optimization. – Marginal Concepts, Marginal Cost, Marginal Utility, Marginal Revenue, Marginal Productivity- Optimising Economic Functions- Constrained optimisation with Lagrange Method- Relationship among total, marginal and average concepts

(Module IV Integral Calculus (20 Hours

Meaning and Rules of Integration – Integration by Substitution-Integration by Parts-Definite and Indefinite Integrals - Economic Applications of Integral Calculus: Total Cost, Total Revenue, Total Utility, Capital Formation. Consumer Surplus and Producer's Surplus

:References

Module I

Chiang & Wainwright, Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics McGraw-Hill -Chapter 1

Dowling, E.T, Introduction to mathematical Economics, Schaum's Outline Series, McGraw Hill, New Delhi. Chapter 1 and 2

Module II

Chiang & Wainwright, Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics McGraw-Hill -Chapter 4 and 5

Dowling, E.T, Introduction to mathematical Economics, Schaum's Outline Series, McGraw Hill, New Delhi. Chapter 10 and 11

Module III

Chiang & Wainwright, Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics McGraw-Hill -Chapter 6 - 12

Dowling, E.T, Introduction to mathematical Economics, Schaum's Outline Series, McGraw Hill, New Delhi. Chapter 3 and 6

CORE-The Economy: Economics For a Changing World (Leibnizes 2.2.1, 3.1.3, 3.3.1, 7.3.1, 7.6.1), accessible at [http:// www.core-econ.org](http://www.core-econ.org)

Module IV

Chiang & Wainwright, Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics McGraw-Hill -Chapter 14

Dowling, E.T, Introduction to mathematical Economics, Schaum's Outline Series, McGraw Hill, New Delhi. Chapter 14 and 15

Suggested Readings

.Allen, R.G.D Mathematical Analysis for Economists, AITBS Publishers, Delhi

.Chiang,A.C, Fundamentals of Mathematical Economics, McGraw Hill, New Delhi

Hoy, Michael, John Livernois, Chris McKenna, Ray Rees and Thanasis Stengos

Mathematics for Economics, Third Edition. PHI Learning

Black. J. and J.F Bradley: Essential Mathematics for Economic, John Wiley and Sons,

.New Delhi

Semester IV

Core V

EC 1442 Intermediate Macroeconomics

Instructional Hours 4

Credits 3

:Course Objective

To introduce students to the micro foundations of macroeconomics, inflation and unemployment, economic growth and fiscal and monetary policies in an open economy

(Module I Introduction to Open Economy Macroeconomics (12 Hours

The Balance of Payments and Exchange Rates - The Exchange Rate in the Long Run- Trade in
.Goods, Market Equilibrium, and the Balance of Trade

(Module II- Aggregate demand and supply: Wages, Prices and Unemployment. (20Hours

The Aggregate Supply Curve - The Aggregate Supply Curve and the Price Adjustment
Mechanism - The Aggregate Demand Curve - Aggregate Demand Policy under Alternative
Supply-Assumptions - Supply-Side Economics - Putting Aggregate Supply and Demand
Together in the Long Run

Inflation and Unemployment - Stagflation, Expected Inflation, and the Inflation-Expectations-
Augmented Phillips Curve - The Rational Expectations Revolution - The Wage-Unemployment
Relationship: Why Are Wages Sticky? From Phillips Curve to the Aggregate Supply Curve -
Supply Shocks

(Module III Economic Growth (15 Hours

The Solow model of growth-steady state-golden rule-convergence-Endogenous growth

(Module IV Microeconomic Foundations (25 Hours

Consumption and Saving.1

The Life-Cycle–Permanent-Income Theory of Consumption and Saving - Consumption under Uncertainty: The Modern Approach- Further Aspects of Consumption Behavior

Investment Spending .2

The Stock Demand for Capital and the Flow of Investment- Investment Subsectors—Business .Fixed, Residential, and Inventory- Investment and Aggregate Supply

The Demand for Money.3

Components of the Money Stock - The Functions of Money- The Demand for Money: Theory - Empirical Evidence - The Income Velocity of Money

:References

Module I

Rudiger Dornbusch, Stanley Fischer & Richard Startz-Macro Economics-Eleventh Edition-.Chapter-12 titled International Linkages

Module II

Rudiger Dornbusch, Stanley Fischer & Richard Startz-Macro Economics-Eleventh edition-.1 .Chapter-5 & 6

Module III

Soumyen Sikdar-Principles of macro economics-second edition-Chapter-10-pages 163-172 (up (to the sub-heading Growth accounting

Module IV

Rudiger Dornbusch, Stanley Fischer & Richard Startz-Macro Economics- Eleventh edition- Chapter-13,14 &15

Semester V

Core VI

.EC 1541 Methodology and Perspectives of Social Science

Instructional Hours 4

Credits 4

Course Objective: The course intends to familiarize the students with the broad contours of Social Sciences, specifically Economics and its methodologies, tools and analysis procedures. The course also aims to create an enthusiasm among students, incorporating various concepts and issues in economics

(MODULE I: Methodology of Social Science (10 Hours

Social science Disciplines - Need for interdisciplinary approach - Objectivity and subjectivity in social Science - Limits to objectivity in social science. Economics as a Social science subject

((15 hours MODULE II: Economic Issues and Concepts

Resources and scarcity- Choice and opportunity cost- The production possibility boundary. Three key issues- what should be produced- Efficient production- Economic growth. Economic systems- Traditional systems, Command systems, Pure market systems and Mixed systems- Role of government in the modern mixed economy. Economic advice: Positive and normative economics- Economic theorizing- endogenous and exogenous variables

((20 hours Module III: Understanding the Organization of Economy

Capitalism defined: Private property, markets and firms- Capitalism as an economic system- Gains from specialization- Technology, population and growth- Economic models- Basic concepts: Prices, costs and innovation rents- Industrial Revolution and incentives for new technology

((30 Hours Module IV: Global Economic Events and Contemporary Issues

Great Depression- Golden age of high growth and low employment- stagflation and the end of golden age- Global financial crisis..The nation and the world economy- Globalisation and investment- Globalisation and migration- Trade and Growth

Economic inequality- measuring inequality and living standards- Economics of environment-economy and environment- Innovation process: invention and diffusion- Innovation systems- Intellectual Property Rights

References

:Module I

Blaug, M (1998): The Methodology of Economics, Cambridge Surveys of Economic Literature' New York •

Kaufmann, Felix (1958): Methodology of the Social Sciences, The Humanities press, New York •

Hunt, Elgin F (2008): Social Science and its Methods, Social Science and Introduction to the study of Society, Alyn and Bacon •

Module II

Lipsey& Chrystal (2009) Economics, Eleventh Edition, Oxford University Press, New York.Chapter I and II

Module III, (The Economy: Economics for a changing world by CORE team Chapter 1 & 2)
<http://www.core-econ.org/the-economy/book/text/0-3-contents.html>

Module IV & V

.The Economy : Economics for a changing world by CORE team , Chapter 17&18
<http://www.core-econ.org/the-economy/book/text/0-3-contents.html>

Semester V

Core VII

EC 1542 Statistical Methods for Economics

Instructional Hours 4

Credits 4

:Course Objective

The course is intended to familiarize the students with statistical tools and techniques and enable them to apply these tools in Economics

(MODULE I: Univariate Analysis, Correlation and Regression (35 Hours

Univariate analysis – frequency tables, Measures of central tendency, dispersion, standard deviation, coefficient of variation, Lorenz Curve, Gini Concentration ratio-Geometric mean, Harmonic mean

Correlation--Simple, Partial and Multiple correlation- Scatter diagram-Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation-Spearman's rank correlation- probable error- uses of correlation

Simple and multiple linear regression- Method of Least Squares-Lines of regression- Regression coefficient-Relation between regression and correlation coefficients-Uses of regression in Economics

(MODULE II: Index Numbers and Time series Analysis (30 Hours

Time series analysis-meaning-components- Measurement of trend-graphic method, semi-average method, moving average method and method of least squares

Index numbers-Meaning and types of Index numbers – Simple and Weighted index numbers CPI and WPI- Problems in the construction of index numbers – Tests of index numbers- Fishers ideal index numbers- factor reversal test and time reversal test – Deflating – Base shifting – Splicing – Uses of Index numbers

(MODULE III: Probability (32 Hours

Probability- Elements of probability theory (sample space, events) –definition of Probability: Classical and Modern , Relative frequency definition and Axiomatic approach – Addition – theorem– multiplication theorem – Conditional Probability

.Random variable- discrete and continuous ,Expectation, Binomial and Normal distribution

References

.Murray R. Spiget (1999), Probability Theory Schaum's Series .1

,Lipshutz, (2000), Theory of Probability, Schaum 's Series .2

S P Gupta, Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and sons .3

Semester V

Core VIII

EC 1543 Readings in Political Economy

Instructional Hours 4

Credits 4

(Module I Passages from the Classics (15 hours

Adam Smith-Division of Labour, Ricardo-On Rent and Of Machinery, Marx-CMC and MCM' circuit

'Adam Smith; Wealth of Nations, Book 1, Chapter 1 'of the division of labour.1

'Chapter 3 ' That the division of labour is limited by the extent of market,

<http://www.econlib.org/library/Smith/smWN1.html#B.I>, Ch.1, Of the Division of Labor

David Ricardo ; On the Principles of Political Economy and Taxation Chapter 2 On Rent.2

<http://www.econlib.org/library/Ricardo/ricP1a.html>

David Ricardo; On the Principles of Political Economy and Taxation, chapter 31 on Machinery

<http://www.econlib.org/library/Ricardo/ricP7.html#Ch.31>, On Machinery

Karl Marx –Capital Volume 1.3

Part II The Transformation of money into Capital

Chapter-4 The General formula for Capital

<https://www.marxists.org/archive/marx/works/1867-c1/ch04.htm>

Robert Heilbroner (1998) Wonderful World of Adam Smith

Worldly Philosophers, Robert Heilbroner (1998), Updated Seventh Edition ,

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http://starbooksfeaa.weebly.com/uploads/5/4/8/6/54869709/the_wordly_philosophers.pdf

(Module II Political Economy : Different Perspectives (20 hours

This section introduces the student to different perspectives of political economy : the

.perspectives of Adam Smith , John Maynard Keynes, Thorstein Veblen, and Joseph Schumpeter

Robert Heilbroner (1998) Wonderful World of Adam Smith .1

Worldly Philosophers, Robert Heilbroner (1998), Updated Seventh Edition ,

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http://starbooksfeaa.weebly.com/uploads/5/4/8/6/54869709/the_wordly_philosophers.pdf

The Rise and fall of money- The Mandarin Revolution (Great Depression and the Ideas of .2
(Keynes

Glabraith, John Kenneth, 'The age of Uncertainty' Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston, 1977.3

http://starbooksfeaa.weebly.com/uploads/5/4/8/6/54869709/the_wordly_philosophers.pdf

The Savage Society of Thorestein Veblen

http://starbooksfeaa.weebly.com/uploads/5/4/8/6/54869709/the_wordly_philosophers.pdf

The Contradictions of Joseph Schumpeter

http://starbooksfeaa.weebly.com/uploads/5/4/8/6/54869709/the_wordly_philosophers.pdf

(Module III Global Economic Crisis and its Aftermath (20 hours

THE Recent Crisis in Global Capitalism : Towards Marxian Understanding

:References

Vamsi Vakulabharanam, EPW Vol.44, Issue No.13, March, 2009 .1

www.epw.in/system/files/pdf/2009_44/13/The_Recent_Crisis_in_Global_Capitalism_Towards_a_Marxian_Understanding.pdf

(Module IV Issues in Political Economy and Development Thinking (20 hours

Indian Development thinking, Gender equality and Women's empowerment. Social justice
.through affirmative action in India

:References

Chapter 10, handbook of Alternative theories of Economic development, 2016 pp 212-227, Edward
.Elgar publishing

Naila Kabeer (2005) Gender equality and Women's empowerment Development

<http://nailakabeer.net/wp-content/uploads/2005/09/13552070512331332273.pdf>

Ashwini Deshpande (2012), Social Justice through Affirmative Action in India

<http://research.economics.unsw.edu.au/scho/WEE/papers/Ashwini%20Deshpande1.pdf>

Semester V

Core IX

EC1544 Economic Growth and Development

Instructional Hours 3

Credits 2

:Course Objectives

To ensure that students begin to understand basic concepts of Economic Growth and Development and thereby enable them to acquire multi dimensional aspects of developmental issues .1

To convey knowledge about theoretical framework of Growth and Development under different Schools of economic thought .2

To impart knowledge about Political institutions, the role of the state in Economic Development and problems that affect state Governance .3

(MODULE I : CONCEPTIONS OF DEVELOPMENT (10 Hours

Meaning, Definition and Scope of Economic Growth and Development, Development Gap, Alternative Measures of Development, Comparing Development Trajectories across nations and within them

(MODULE II : TOOLS FOR MEASURING DEVELOPMENT (15 Hours

Measurement of Poverty – absolute and relative; Head-Count Index and Poverty Gap Indices Sen’s Capabilities approach; Measurement of Income inequality – Kuznet’s inverted U Hypothesis, Lorenz Curve, Gini Coefficient, Physical Quality Life Index, Human Development Index, Happiness Index, Gender Development Index

(MODULE III : GROWTH MODELS (25 Hours

Classical theories of Growth, Adam Smith, David Ricardo and Karl Marx; Neo-Classical ;Model of R.M. Solow; Neo-Keynesian Model of Joan Robinson, Harrod Domar Model

MODULE IV : THEORIES OF ECONOMIC GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

((20Hours

Rostow's Stages of Growth, The Vicious Circle of Poverty, Nelson's Low Level Equilibrium Trap, Lewis Theory of Unlimited Supply of Labour, Nurk's Theory of Disguised Unemployment, Leibenstein's Critical Minimum Effort Thesis. The Big Push Theory, Balanced and Unbalanced Growth, Dualistic Theories

:References

Module I Development Economics, chapter 2, Growth and Development Chapter 2 and 3.,

.Human Development Report 2016, technical note 1

Module II Development Economics Chapter 6&8 (8.1,8.2,8.3 and Appendix for FGT measures)

Amartya Sen "Poverty as Capability of Deprivation", chapter 4 in Development as freedom ,

.OUP 2000

Module III Development Economics, ML Taneja & R M Myer

.Module IV Development Economics, Chapter 3&4, Growth and development Chapter 4

:Additional references

.Debraj Ray, Development Economics, Oxford University Press, 2009

(Todaro and Smith, Economic Development, Pearson Education, New Delhi (recent edition

Thirwall (2006), Growth and Development with Special Reference to Developing countries,

.Mcmillan, New Delhi

Subrata Ghatak (2003), Introduction to Development Economics, Routledge

Daron Acemoglu and James Robinson, (1994), Economic Origins of Dictatorship and

,Democracy, Cambridge University Press

Semester V

Core X

EC1545 International Economics

Instructional Hours 4

Credits 3

Objective of the Course: To understand the basic concepts and theories of international trade and enable students to have a basic understanding of the emerging trends, issues and policies in the field of international economic system

(Module I Theories of International Trade (23 Hours

International Economics- Subject matter- basis of trade- trade as an engine of growth- pure theory of international trade- Mercantilism and Physiocrats - Classical theory: Absolute and Comparative advantage theories- Modern theory of International trade- Heckscher Ohlin theory- .Leontieff paradox

Terms of trade- offer curve- Community indifference curve- opportunity cost (Concepts only), Gains from trade- Static and Dynamic gains- trade as an engine of growth, Foreign trade .multiplier

(Module II Balance of Payments (20 Hours

Balance of payments,- components- Accounting framework- Current Account deficit, -Disequilibrium- causes- measures to correct disequilibrium, Automatic and deliberate measures- Devaluation- Effects of devaluation- Marshall –Lerner condition- J curve effect- Absorption .approach- FDI ,FII and MNC

(Module III Foreign Exchange (25 Hours

Exchange rate determination- Mint parity theory- Purchasing power parity theory- BOP theory- exchange rate system- fixed and flexible exchange rate, Managed floating system- Nominal, Real and Effective exchange rate, Forward rate, Spot rate, Foreign exchange risks – hedging and speculation- IMF: Functions and International liquidity and Functions of World bank, ADB, and . UNCTAD

(Module IV theory of Commercial Policy (22 Hours

Commercial Policy- Free Trade vs Protection- Tariff barriers, Impact of tariff- Optimum Tariff- Non- tariff barriers- quantitative restrictions, General equilibrium analysis- Small and Large .country case- Stolper Samuelson theorem- Metzler paradox, Lerner Symmetry theorem

References

- Carbaugh, R J (2008) - International Economics, (11th Edition) Thomson South Western, .1
New Delhi
- Soderstein BO and Geffry Reed, (2006) International Economics, Palgrave, Mc Milan .2
- Salvatore, D (2008) - International Economics, (8th Edition). Wiley India, New Delhi.3
- Krugman P R and Obsfeild M (2009) - International Economics- Theory and Policy, (8th .4
Edition) Pearson, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi
- Kindleberger, C P -International Economics (1973) Routledge, London.5
- Appleyard D. R and Field A J (2014) -International Economics (8th Edition) McGraw Hill, .6
New Delhi
- Richard E Caver and Harry G Johnson, Readings in International economics..7
- Grimwade Nigel (2001), International Trade, (Second Edition), Routledge, London.8
- Haberler G (1961), A Survey of International Trade Theory, International Finance Section, .9
.Department of Economics, Princeton University
- Reinert K A (2012), An Introduction to International Economics, Cambridge university .10
Press, New York
- Gandolfo, Giancarlo,(2016), International Finance and Open Economy Macro economics, .11
.Springer
- .Gandolfo, Giancarlo,(2014), International Trade Theory and Policy, Springer .12

Semester V

Open Course

EC1551.1 Introductory Economics

Instructional Hours 3

Credits 2

Objectives of the course

The purpose of this introductory economics course is to enable a student from the non economics background to gain an understanding and an appreciation of the nature and significance of

economic activities, conditions, institutions and Indian economy. Economics is a course that enlightens all students, but is especially significant to those who plan to pursue careers in .business

Learning outcome of the course

It is expected that on completion of the course, a student will have a working knowledge of the economic system in which he/she is able to make his/her living. Also it will help the student to .apply economic reasoning to the analysis of selected contemporary economic problems

(Module 1: Introduction to Economics (10 Hours

What is Economics? Definitions – Importance of Economics– Schools of thought The Economic Problem – Scarcity and Choice – Resource allocation – the question of What to produce, How to Produce and How to Distribute Output – its nature and Importance in developing countries- Economic Systems – Basics of Capitalism, Socialism, Mixed Economy, Market Economy and Third World Economies - Distinction between Micro and Macro Economics

(Module 2: Principles and Concepts of Micro Economics (10 Hours

Determinants of individual demand/supply, Demand/Supply schedule and demand/supply curve, Market versus individual demand/supply, Shifts in the demand/supply curve, Demand and Supply together, How Prices allocate resources - Equilibrium - Elasticity - Consumer equilibrium – Marginal utility – Consumer surplus - Production – factors of production, production function – Laws – TR, AR, MR- Costs – TC, AC, MC, OC – Variable Vs Fixed costs – Short Run Vs Long Run costs

(Module 3: Basics of Macro Economics (20 Hours

The roots of macroeconomics - macroeconomic concerns - the role of government in the Macro economy - components of the macro economy - methodology of macroeconomics. Concepts of GNP, GDP, NNP, NDP and National Income – Personal Income and Disposable Income – Nominal and Real GDP – Limitations – Black Economy – Definition, functions and value of Money – Banking – credit creation – central bank – Concept of Inflation, Deflation, Methods of calculation

(Module 4: Economic Development and International trade (10 Hours

Meaning of Development – Development Vs Growth, Measuring development - Problems of Growth – lessons and controversies, Developing Countries Vs Developed Countries, differences,

characteristics – International trade and development – role of international institutions like IMF, World Bank, WTO and WIPO in international trade and development - Globalization – Global – Financial Crisis

Text Books

Stephen Dobson and Susan Palfreman, “Introduction to Economics”, Oxford University Press
Samuelson, Paul A and William D Nordhaus “Economics” (18th Edition), Mc Graw Hill
.Nilanjan Banik, “The Indian Economy: A Macroeconomic Perspective”, Sage Publications

References

Arvind Subramanian, 2012, “Growth Experience” in K Basu and A Maertens, The New Oxford
.Companion to Economics, Oxford University Press
Chandrasekhar Rao and Mahendra Dev, 2010, Agricultural Price Policy, Farm Profitability and
.Food Security, EPW, June 26
Jean Dreze and Amartya Sen, 2013, India: An Uncertain Glory
Jeemol Unni () Employment and Industrial Development in India , in C P Chandrasekhar (ed)
Economics Vol 1. Indian Industrialisation
Pulapre Balakrishnan, 2007, “The Recovery of India: Economic Growth in the Nehru Era”,
Economic and Political Weekly, November
Walter Nicholson, Christopher Snyder Microeconomic Theory: Basic Principles and Extensions
11th Edition

Semester V

Open Course

EC1551.2 Human Resource Management

Instructional Hours 3

Credits 2

Objective of the Course

Keeping in view the broad objective of an open course in providing the basis for life enrichment and career orientation, a course in Human Resource Management is offered.. The course is aimed

at providing basis for understanding the significance of human resource in the growth of our .economy and society and to learn the ways for integrating HRM strategies in organisations

(MODULE 1: Introduction to Human Resource Management (10 Hours

Human resource management (HRM): evolution of the concept; meaning; scope- Major functional areas of HRM- Organisation of HR Departments -Role of HR managers- Emerging .trends in HRM- Distinction between HRD and HRM –Concept of human capital

(MODULE II: Human Resource Planning (HRP) (14 Hours

Essential characteristics of human resources Human Resource Planning: meaning; nature; .significance-Levels of HRP- Determinants of HRP- Steps in HRP(Process)- Limitations of HRP

(MODULE III: Recruitment, Selection and Training of employees (20 Hours

Recruitment strategies: job analysis; job description; job specification- Selection: Meaning and steps- Training: Objectives and needs-Training process-Methods of training(on- the- job & off- . (the job

(MODULE IV: Controlling Human Resources (10 Hours

Promotion ; Transfer ;Demotion ; Separation- Employee discipline: concept; features; types; objectives- Disciplinary Action Procedure: basic steps- Industrial Democracy: Meaning ,objectives and forms–Workers’ Participation in Management in India – Collective Bargaining ..Framework in post-liberalised India

:Essential Reading list

Aswathappa, K. 2007. Human Resource and Personnel Management:Text and cases. Tata .1 McGraw- Hill.New Delhi

.Monappa.A (1985): Industrial Relations, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi .2

Venkata Ratnam C.S, (2003), Negotiated Change: Collective Bargaining, Liberalization and .3 .Restructuring in India, Response Books, New Delhi

.Bhattacharya,D.K, (2005) Human resource Planning, Excel Books , New Delhi .4

Semester V

Open Course

EC1551.3 Indian Economy Since Liberalisation

Instructional Hours 3

Credits 2

:Course Objective

20 hrs

Module 1- Module 1: Features of Indian Economy

Indian economy since liberalisation: Factors leading to Liberalisation- Growth trends- National Income, Savings & investments-Demographic features – demographic transition and India, health indicators, literacy status, demographic dividend, Urbanization – rural urban migration, Poverty –poverty line, rural & urban poverty- programmes-Inequality – HDI- Unemployment – types and measures

15hrs

Module 2: Agriculture and Industry

Agriculture sector - land use and cropping pattern- food security- agriculture credit- .commercialisation and diversification-New Agriculture policy

Industry – Core Industries -growth of MSMEs- sources of industrial finances

15hrs

Module 3: Service Sector and International Trade

Services sector - Importance and composition, banking, insurance, transport and communication, education and health, public administration and defence, e-commerce-performance of public sector enterprises -India's foreign trade – volume, direction and composition- balance of payments

15hrs

Module 4: Indian Economic Reforms since 1991

Fiscal, financial and external sector reforms-Agriculture and industrial sector reforms- planning and economic growth-shifts in planning approach- NITI Ayog

References

- Uma Kapila (2018): Indian Economy since Independence, Academic Foundation, New Delhi •
- Prakash, B A (2012): The Indian Economy since 1991: Economic Reforms and Performance, Pearson Education, New Delhi •
- .Dhingra, C (2004): Indian Economic Problems, S Chand & Company •
- .Dutt, Ruddar and Sundaram(2018): Indian Economy, S Chand and Company, New Delhi •
- Mishra J K and V K Puri (2018): *Indian Economy: The Development Experience*, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai •

Semester VI

Core Course

EC1641 Indian Economy

Instructional Hours 5

Credits 4

Course Objective

The course intends to provide an understanding about growth process in Indian economy, sectoral aspects of the economy by focusing agriculture, industry and service sectors, relations of India with external sector and economic reforms

25 hrs

Module 1: Growth process in Indian Economy

Indian economy since independence: Growth trends- National Income, Savings & investments, Demographic features – demographic transition and India, optimum population, health indicators, literacy status, demographic dividend, Urbanization – trends and issues, rural urban migration, Poverty –poverty line, rural & urban poverty, measures and programs. Inequality – features, various indices-Employment and Unemployment – trends, types, measures and programs, inflation – trends, reasons and measures

20hrs

Module 2: Agriculture and Industry since independence

Agriculture sector – land use and cropping pattern-Strategies relating to technologies and institutions: food security, land relations and land reforms, agriculture credit, modern farm inputs and marketing - price policy and subsidies; commercialisation and diversification, New Agriculture policy

Industry - Strategy of industrial development - Core industries -growth of MSMEs- sources of industrial finances (banks, share market, insurance companies, pension funds, non-banking sources, MUDRA loan)-labour market-formal and informal- labour laws in India

20hrs

Module 3: Service Sector and international trade

Services sector - Importance and composition, banking, insurance, transport and communication, education and health, public administration and defence, e-commerce-performance of public sector enterprises

India's foreign trade – volume, direction and composition- balance of payments-exchange rate management- Role of international oil and gold prices in Indian economy

15hrs

Module 4: Indian Economic Reforms since 1991

Fiscal, financial and external sector reforms-Agriculture and industrial sector reforms- planning and economic growth-shifts in planning approach- NITI Ayog- Global financial crisis and Indian economy-Impacts of GST and demonetization- Impact of Digital economy

References

Module1

Jean Dreze and Amartya Sen, 2013, India: An Uncertain Glory, Oxford University Press

Pulapre Balakrishnan, 2007, "The Recovery of India: Economic Growth in the Nehru Era", Economic and Political Weekly, November

Arvind Subramanian, 2012, "Growth Experience" in K Basu and A Maertens, The New Oxford .Companion to Economics, Oxford University Press

Nilanjan Banik, "The Indian Economy: A Macroeconomic Perspective", Sage Publications

Chetan Ghate, The Oxford Handbook of Indian Economy", Oxford University Press

Mihir Rakshit(2011)Inflation and Relative Prices in India 2006-10: Some Analytical and Policy IssuesEconomic & Political Weekly EPW april 16, 2011 vol xlvi no 16

Vinoj Abraham (2017) Stagnant Employment Growth Last Three Years May Have Been the Worst Vo.52, Issue No.38,23 Sep 2017, EPW

Module 2

Hanumantha Rao, Bhattacharya & Siddharthan, ed.(2005) Indian Economy and society in the Era of Globalisation and liberalisation

Chandrasekhar Rao and Mahendra Dev, 2010, Agricultural Price Policy, Farm Profitability and Food Security, EPW, June 26

Jeemol Unni (2015) Employment and Industrial Development in India , in C P

Chandrasekhar(ed) Economics Vol 1. Indian Industrialisation

Jayati Ghosh (2008) The Indian Economy 1970-2003 pp1027-1045 Dharma Kumar(ed) The Cambridge Economic History of India with a new introduction by in Sabyasachi Bhattacharya. Orient Blackswan

Vaidyanathan (2008) The Indian Economy since independence pp945-994 Dharma Kumar(ed) The Cambridge Economic History of India with a new introduction by in Sabyasachi Bhattacharya, Orient Blackswan

Module 3

Rupa Chanda, 2012, Services Led Growth in New Oxford Companion to Economics

K Kanagasabapathy, Vishakha G Tilak, and R Krishnaswamy, 2013, A Rethink on India's Foreign Trade Policy, EPW August 3

.Biswajit Dhar 2015, India's New Foreign Trade Policy, EPW, May 24

Jean Dreze and Amartya Sen, 2013, India: An Uncertain Glory, Oxford University Press

-.Nilanjan Banik, "The Indian Economy: A Macroeconomic Perspective", Sage Publications

J.B.J. Tilak (2014) Private Higher Education in India, Vol.49, Issue No.40, 04 Oct, 2014, EPW

Module 4

Years Of Economic Liberalisation, Vol. 52, Issue No. 2, 14 Jan, 2017, EPW 25

Nagaraj, R(2013) Understanding the Boom and Its Aftermath: India's Dream Run Vol. 48, Issue No. 20, 18 May, 2013 <http://www.epw.in/journal/2013/20/special-articles/indias-dream-run-2003-08.html>

Mihir Rakshit (2018) Some Analytics of Demonetisation, MARCH 31, 2018 No.13 EPW

Kaushik Basu and Annemie Maertens(2010)The Concise Oxford Companion to Economics in India, Oxford

Mihir Rakshit (2011) Macro economics of Post-reform India, OUP

<https://cleartax.in/s/gst-analysis-and-opinions>

Atul Sood (2017) The New Moral Economy- Demonetisation, Digitalisation and India's Core Economic Problems, Vo.52, Issue No.1, 07, Jan 2017, EPW

Economic Survey, GOI, various years

www.mospi.nic.in

www.censusindia.gov.in

[/www.core-econ.org](http://www.core-econ.org)

Semester VI

Core Course

XII EC1642 Banking and Finance

Instructional Hours 4

Credits 4

Course Objective

The course intends to familiarize the students with the basic concepts in Banking and Finance and develop a comprehensive knowledge on the role of banks in the operation of an economy. It also enables them to know the operation of the Indian Financial System and activities in the financial markets

((20 Hrs

Module 1:Nature and role of Financial System

Structure of Financial system - Financial institutions, Financial markets, Financial instruments and Financial services. Financial system and economic development. Indicators of financial development. Cautionary view of financial system in development-reasons

Module 2:Banking System, Supply of Money, AND THE CONDUCT OF MONETARY

(POLICY (25hrs

Definition and functions of money; measures of money supply (monetary Aggregates).money creation by the banking system.Targets of monetary policy.Instruments of monetary policy-deficit financing.Financial Sector Reform: Changes in Fiscal and Monetary Policy in India. Foreign capital inflow, money supply, and Sterilization in India. An introduction to new .monetary Aggregates

Indian Banking System: Changing role and structure; banking sector reforms-Narasimham (committee report I and II and Basel norms- Capital Adequacy Ratio (concept only

(Module 3- Money market (25 hrs

Meaning of Money market – Constituents of Money market – Call money market – Collateral Loan market, Acceptance market, Bill market – Institutions of Money market –Central Banks,Commercial Banks, Acceptance houses, Non-banking financial intermediaries – mutual .funds-Features of Indian Money market

(Module 4: Capital Market (30hrs

Meaning and function – Components of Capital market – Important Financial Instruments – Equity shares, Preference shares, Debentures/Bonds – The Primary market – Methods of Public Issue – IPO – Demat – Stock Exchanges – Meaning and functions – BSE and NSE – Stock .Indices in India – SENSEX and Nifty – DIIs and FIIs – SEBI-Functions. NSDL,CSDL
CAPM :- The capital asset pricing model;use of the CAPM model in investment analysis and as a pricing formula. Options and Derivatives-swaps-futures-forward

:References

MODULE :1

L. M. Bhole and J. Mahukud, Financial Institutions and Markets, Tata McGraw Hill, 5th .1
(edition, 2011.chapter -1 pp (3-29

MODULE : 2

SoumyenSikdar : Principles of Macroeconomics (second edition), Oxford University Press .1
(New Delhi.2011 , Chapter 6 . pp - (88-101

New monetary Aggregates: An introduction. .2

<https://www.rbi.org.in/scripts/publicationReportDetails.aspx?ID>

M. Y. Khan, Indian Financial System, Tata McGraw Hill, 7th edition, 2011. Chapter-1 .3

F. J. Fabozzi, F. Modigliani, F. J. Jones, M. G. Ferri, Foundations of Financial Markets and Institutions, Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2009. Chapter-1 pp 1-6, Chapter-2 pp 21-27

MODULE: 3

L. M. Bhole and J. Mahukud, Financial Institutions and Markets, Tata McGraw Hill, 5th .1 .edition, 2011

F.SMishkin AND S.G. Eakins: financial markets and institutions ,Pearson Education ,3rd .2 .Edition:2011

MODULE:4

,Faboozi, J Frank, ModiglianiFranco(2008):Capital Markets-Institution and Instruments . 4th ed, Pearson Education, New Delhi

.

Semester VI

Core Course

XII EC1643 Public Economics

Instructional Hours 5

Credits 4

:Objectives of the course

:The course is aimed at

- a. Introducing the subject matter and scope of public economics, role of government, types of market failures and the concept of public good
- b. Providing a general understanding on the basic fiscal policy instruments
- c. Generating awareness on public economics in India, with special focus on budgetary system and fiscal federalism

:Learning outcomes

It is expected that this course would connect students to the basic concepts, components and processes of public economics .This would impart the skills essential for understanding and analysing the fiscal policy instruments and budgetary process in India. Students would develop

an interest in unraveling the fiscal issues of India. The basic orientation would mould public .policy makers and analysts of the future

(MODULE I: Introduction to Public Economics (10 hours

Public economics: meaning and scope --Public finance and public economics- Public finance and private finance- Meaning and types of market failure – Concept and types of public goods- .Role of Government in correcting market failure-Principle of maximum social advantage

(.MODULE II: Public Revenue and Public Expenditure (30 hrs

Public Revenue: meaning – Sources of public revenue in India- Taxation: principles- Classification of taxes in India - Tax burden: Concepts of impact, incidence and shifting- Types of incidence: specific incidence, differential incidence, balanced budget incidence- Taxable .(capacity: concept- Concept of GST (in India
.Public expenditure; meaning , classification and Canons

(.MODULE III: Public Debt. (10 hrs

Public debt: meaning and objectives- Classification of public debt- Sources of public debt in India- Monetised deficit- Concept of deficit financing. -India's Public debt. Public debt .management

(.MODULE IV: Budgeting (15hrs

Budget: Meaning- Classification of budget- Budgetary procedure in India – Public account- Consolidated and Contingency fund of India. Performance budgeting, Zero based budgeting, .Gender budgeting. Budgetary deficits and its implications

(.MODULE V: Fiscal Policy and Federal Finance (20 hrs

.Fiscal Policy; Meaning and objectives- Fiscal consolidation: meaning; FRBM Act: objectives

Federal finance: Meaning and principles- Indian fiscal federalism: Revenue sources of the Union Government, State Governments and local governments-Allocation of resources between the

Union and States- Finance Commission: Functions - Fiscal Imbalance :Types (vertical and .(horizontal

:Essential Reading list

:For all chapters .a

Musgrave,R.E and Musgrave.P (2004).(Fifth edition). Public Finance in Theory and .1
(Practice. Tata Mcgraw- Hill.New Delhi. (for chapters 1,2 and 3

Bagchi,A.(2005). Readings in Public Finance.Oxford University Pess.New Delhi .2

:For specific chapter/topic .b

Das,Surajit.(2017).Some concerns regarding **Goods and Service Tax**, EPW.04 .3
(,March,2017. 52(9

Government of India. **Economic Survey** (latest) (for Chapter IV). .4
/http://mofapp.nic.in:8080/economicsurvey

Ministry of Finance, Govt.of India. **Union Budget** (for chapter IV). .5
/https://www.indiabudget.gov.in

Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance.**Economic and financial** .6
classification of the Central Government Budget. https://dea.gov.in/central-
.government-budget

Chakraborty,Lekha. 2016.A Survey of **Gender Budgeting** Efforts.IMF Working Paper .7
16/150. https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WP/Issues/2016/12/31/Asia-A-Survey-of-
Gender-Budgeting-Efforts-44143

Ministry of Finance,Govt.of India. <https://www.indiabudget.gov.in/> (for the topic, **key** .8
(budget documents

Dasgupta. C and Surajit Mazumdar.2017.**Fiscal federalism in India** since .9
1991.Infirmities of sound finance paradigm.Economic and Political Weekly. 14 January
(2017.52(2

Chakraborty.P. & Lekha Chakraborty. 2018.New **FRBM** framework: time to recast Union .10
(.Government expenditure needs.EPW.03, March,2018.53(9

Chakraborty,P. 2015. Inter-governmental Fiscal Transfers in India: Emerging Trends and Realities. ICSSR Research Surveys And Explorations: Economics Volume 3.Edited . by C.P. Chandrasekhar, Jayati Ghosh and Prabhat Patnaik .12

:Suggested (additional) reference

- Stiglitz.J.E. & Jay K.Rosengard.2015. Economics of the Public Sector.Fourth .1
.International Student Edition. W.W. Norton& Co.New York
- Lekha.S.Chakraborty.(2016). Fiscal consolidation, Budget deficits and the Macro .2
.Economy.Sage Publications:New Delhi
- Pinaki Chakraborty,Lekha Chakraborty and Anit Mukherjee. 2016.Social sector in a .3
decentralized Economy:India in the era of globalization.Cambridge University Press.
(New Delhi.(chapters 1,3 and 4
- Suri.M.M. (2010). Finance Commissions and Fiscal Federalism in India. New Century .4
.Publications. New Delhi
- Suri,M.M. (2010).Budgets and Budgetary procedures in India.Indian Tax .5
.Foundation.New Delhi
- Suri.M.M.2017.Goods and services Taxes in India: Background, Present Structure and .6
Future Challenges.New Century Publications.New Delhi
- Rajaraman,I. 2017.Continuity and change in Indian fiscal federalism.India review. 7
- .Jha,Raghbendra .(2009). Modern Public Economics.Routledge . Abingdon .8
- Bhatia.H.L. 2017. Public Finance.Vikas Publications.New Delhi .9
- Sharma,C.K &Swenden,W. 2017.Continuity and change in contemporary Indian .10
.federalism.India Review. 16 (1).pp.1-13
- Rangarjan,C & D.K.Srivasatava.2011. Federalism and fiscal transfers in India. .11
.OUP.Oxford

Online resources

- <https://dea.gov.in/indian-public-finance-statistics> .10
- <http://www.mospi.gov.in/statistical-year-book-india/2017/174> Ministry of Finance. .11
- Government of India. Statistical Year Book of India. (data). 12. <http://www.mospi.gov.in/>
.Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation. Government of India.Fiscal Statistics

Semester VI

Core Course

EC 1644 Environmental Economics and Disaster Management

Instructional Hours 4

Credits 3

Course Objective: The course intends to create environmental awareness among students and provide exposure to disaster management

(Module I Basic Concepts (5 Hrs

Basic Concepts of environmental economics – economics and ecology – ecology and eco system

(Module II Theory of Externalities (15 Hrs

Market system and environment of externalities – Pareto optimum and Market failure in the presence of Externalities – Property rights and the Coase theorem

(Module III Environmental Policy Tools for Analysis (20 Hrs

Pigouvian Taxes and Effluent Charges; Tradable Permits – Environmental Valuation – Types of Economic Values – Non Market Valuation Methods – Cost Benefit Analysis – Sensitivity and Risk analysis

(Module IV Global Environmental Issues (7 Hrs

Economics of Climate Change – Agreements and Institutions - Population Growth and the Environment – Trade and Environment – Concept and Measurement of Sustainable Development

(Module V Disaster Management in India (8 Hrs

Concept and Definitions (Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, resilience, Risk) – Hazard and Vulnerability Profile of India – Institutional Arrangements (Mitigation, DM Act and Policy, Plans Programmes and Legislation), Disaster management in India

Basic Readings

Hussain, M, Ahmed. 2000. Principles of Environmental Economics, Routledge, London .1
.and New York

Charles Kolstad, Intermediate Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, 2nd ..2
.edition

- Carter, Nick 1991. Disaster Management: Disaster Manager's Handbook, Asiaan .3
 .Development Bank, Manila Philippines
- Gupta Anil K, Sreeja S Nair, 2011 Environmental Knowledge for Disaster Management, .4
 NIDM, New Delhi

Semester VI
ELECTIVE COURSE
EC1661.1 KERALA ECONOMY

Inst Hours-4

Number of Credit-2

Course Objective

To understand the structural changes, Sector-wise contribution and features of the Kerala Economy since the formation of the state and enable the students to have a basic . understanding of the emerging trends and issues of Kerala Economy

(MODULE I: Structure of Kerala Economy (16 hours

Development experience of Kerala: An overview: Kerala's development since the formation of the state-Features of the Economy- Structural composition – Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Sectors – changes over the years NSDP,GSDP and PCI – “Kerala Model of Development” –A comparison with the highest SDP state in India – . HDI Status

(MODULE II: Demographic change: A boost to Economic change (20 Hours

Demographic Aspects (birth rate, death rate, infant mortality rate, sex ratio, age distribution)- why sex ratio is in favour of women in Kerala –need for women empowerment – Aging problem- Urbanisation, Migration and Emigration-Economic and social Impacts of Migration, return migration and interstate migration - Nature and Magnitude of Urban, Rural and Educated Unemployment - Trends in Urban and Rural .Poverty in Kerala- Major poverty alleviation schemes

(MODULE III: Kerala's Economic Development : Sector-wise Analysis (20 Hours

Agricultural development since 1956- Objectives of Land reforms- Measures of Land reforms - Land Use Pattern and Cropping Pattern - Recent Trends in Agricultural Growth – Need for organic farming – organic farming initiatives- Agricultural Credit and Indebtedness-Traditional and Modern Industries in Kerala, Small Scale Industries and its prospects. Industrial backwardness of Kerala – Status of Public sector industries in Kerala – Role and importance of service sector- Education – Health – Tourism and .IT sector in Kerala

:Module I

.Oommen, M.A. (1993): Essays on Kerala Economy, Oxford & IBH

Planning Commission (2008): Kerala Development Report, Academic Foundation, New Delhi

Prakash, B.A (ed) (2004): Kerala's economic development: Performance and prospects .in the post liberalization period, Sage Publications, New Delhi

Prakash, B.A (ed) (1999): Kerala's Economic Development: Issues and Problems, Sage .Publication, New Delhi

State Planning Board , Economic Review, Various Issues, Thiruvananthapuram

Varghese P.K. & Liji B.,(2015) “Gujarat Miracle: A Challenge to Kerala Model of .Development”, Southern Economist, Volume 54, Number 16

:Module II

Zachariah, K.C. and S. Irudaya Rajan (2012):Kerala's Demographic Future: Issues and Policy Options, Academic Foundation, New Delhi

:Zachariah K.C. and S. Irudaya Rajan (2012):Kerala's Gulf Connection 1998-2011

Economic and Social Impacts of Migration, Orient Black swan, New Delhi

.Zachariah, K C et al (2003): Dynamics of Migration in Kerala, Orient Longman, India

Rajaseenan, D. and Gerard De Groot (ed) (2005): Kerala Economy: Trajectories, Challenges

.and Implications, CUSAT, Kochi

M. Meera Bai, (2006), “ women and Economic Reforms: Kerala Experience”, Serials .Publications, New Delhi

M. Meera Bai (2012) “ Technology for women empowerment: Issues & Challenges”,
.Serials Publications, New Delhi

:Module III

Harilal, K.N. & K.J. Joseph(2000): “Stagnation and revival of Kerala economy: An
open
economy perspective,” Centre for Development Studies, Trivandrum Working Papers
,305

.Centre for Development Studies, Trivandrum, India

Rajan, K(ed)(2009): Kerala Economy :Trends during the post reform period, Serials
.Publications, New Delhi

Oommen, M.A. (1960): Financing of Small-Scale Industries in Kerala sponsored by
the
.Banking Commission, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay

Oommen, M.A. (1999): Rethinking Development: Kerala’s Development Experience
(in
.two volumes), Concept, New Delhi

Oommen, M.A. (1979): Kerala Economy since Independence (ed.) Oxford &
.IBH,New Delhi

Oommen, M.A. (1975): A Study of Land Reforms in Kerala Oxford & IBH, New
.Delhi

Oommen, M.A. (1971): Small Industries in Indian Economic Growth: A Case Study of
.Kerala, Research Publications, New Delhi
.State Planning Board, Economic Review, Various Issues, Thiruvananthapuram

Semester VI

ELECTIVE

EC 1661.2 MATHEMATICAL ECONOMICS

Instructional Hours

2 Credits 4

(Module I: - Introduction to Mathematical Economics (10 hrs

Nature and scope of mathematical economics – Mathematical representation of Economic Models- Ingredients of a mathematical model- Variables, constants and parameters- Relations and Functions- ordered pairs- Domain and Range- Types of Functions- constant function, Polynomial function, Rational function, Non algebraic functions – functions of two or more independent variables- Linear function, quadratic function, Explicit and Implicit Functions. Static (or Equilibrium) Analysis – the market equilibrium – Partial market equilibrium- General market equilibrium

:Reference

Alpha C. Chiang, Fundamental methods of Mathematical Economics; Tata Mc Graw-Hill (International Edition (Part 1, chapter 1 and 2

Edward T Bowling, Introduction to Mathematical Economics; Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi

(Module 2:- Optimization Problems (10 hrs

Maximum and Minimum of functions-first derivative test-second derivative test- Concavity and Convexity- Functions of several variables and Partial derivatives- optimization of multivariable functions- necessary versus sufficient conditions – constrained Optimization with equality Lagrange Multiplier – Linear Programming–Basis concepts- General formulation of Linear .Programs – Nature of feasible, basic and optimal solution; Graphic solution

:Reference

Alpha C. Chiang, Fundamental methods of Mathematical Economics; Tata Mc Graw-Hill (International Edition. (Part 4: chapter 9 and 12; Part 6: Chapter 19

Edward T Bowling, Introduction to Mathematical Economics; Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi

(Module 3 :- Theory of value (18 hrs

Cardinal and Ordinal Utility - Mathematical derivation of consumer's equilibrium - Consumer' .surplus-Slutsky Theorem - Income and substitution effect - Method of demand forecasting

:Reference

Henderson, J.M and R.E Quandt, Micro Economic Theory: A mathematical Approach, Mc Graw .Hill, New Delhi

William J. Baumol, Economic Theory and Operations Analysis; Prentice- Hall of India Private , Limited

(.MODULE 4: Theory of Production (18 hrs

Production function—Adding- up theorem—Cobb-Douglas—Derivation of cost function from a production function—Marginal analysis—Equilibrium of a firm—Perfect market equilibrium—Monopoly equilibrium—Discriminating Monopoly—Producer’s surplus

:Reference

Henderson, J.M and R.E Quandt, Micro Economic Theory: A mathematical Approach, Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi

William J. Baumol, Economic Theory and Operations Analysis; Prentice- Hall of India Private Limited

Basic Reading List

Fundamental methods of Mathematical Economics; Alpha C. Chiang .1

Edward T Bowling, Introduction to Mathematical Economics; Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi .2

Henderson, J.M and R.E Quandt, Micro Economic Theory: A mathematical Approach, .3
.Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi

William J. Baumol, Economic Theory and Operations Analysis Prentice- Hall of India .4
Private Limited

.A. Koutsoyiannis, Modern Microeconomics, Palgrave Macmillan .5

Semester VI

ELECTIVE COURSE

EC.1655.3 INTRODUCTORY ECONOMETRICS

Inst. Hours- 4

Credit - 2

Course Objective

Econometrics intends to integrate economic theory, statistics, mathematics and real-world data. It is a useful tool that allows estimating the magnitude and strength of the relationships that exist between various sets of variables. Econometrics has much practical application in modern world, not only as an academic endeavour, but also in the government and private sectors

This course introduces students to simple and multiple regression methods for analyzing data in economics and related disciplines. The objective of the course is for the student to learn how to conduct and to critique empirical studies in economics and related fields. Although the emphasis

of the course is on empirical applications, a treatment of traditional econometrics will also be made

The course covers the foundations of econometrics. This course provides a comprehensive introduction to basic econometric concepts and techniques. It covers estimation and diagnostic testing of simple and multiple regression models

Introduction MODULE I:

Nature and Scope of Econometrics—Methodology of Econometrics – Normal Distribution; Chi-Sq; F and T distribution
(5 Hours

(Simple Linear Regression Model: Two Variable Cases (15 Hours MODULE II:

Estimation of model by method of ordinary least squares—Properties of estimators—Gauss Markov theorem—Goodness of fit—Tests of hypotheses— Forecasting

(Multiple Linear Regression Model (20 Hours MODULE III

Least Square Estimation — R^2 and adjusted R^2 —Partial regression coefficients—Testing of hypotheses—Functional forms of regression models—Qualitative (dummy) independent variables – Forecasting

(MODULE IV: Violations of Classical Assumptions (15 Hours

Violations of classical assumptions: Consequences, Detection and Remedies—Multicollinearity—Heteroscedasticity—Serial Correlation - specification bias

Basic Reading List

:Module I

D.N.Gujarati and D.C.Porter, Essentials of Econometrics, McGraw Hill, 4thEdition, .1
International Edition, 2009. Chapter 1

GMK Madnani, Introduction to Econometrics: Principles and Applications, Oxford&IBH .2
.Publishing Co, 8thEdition, 2008. Chapter 1

Christopher Dougherty, Introduction to Econometrics, Oxford University Press, 3rd Edition, .3
.Indian Edition, 2007. Chapter 2

Jan Kmenta, Elements of Econometrics, Indian Reprint, Khosla Publishing House, 2ndEdition, .4
2008

Semester VI

ELECTIVE COURSE

EC 1661.4 HISTORY OF ECONOMIC THOUGHT

Instructional Hours 4

Credits 2

The course intends to familiarize the students with the broad contours of Social Sciences, specifically Economics. The course also aims to create an enthusiasm among students regarding .the origin and evolution of different schools of thought in Economics

(Module I Early Economic Thought)(10 hrs

Greek and Roman economic thought - economic ideas of Plato and Aristotle-
Mercantilism-meaning-Factors responsible for the rise of mercantilism - Physiocrats-Natural
.order-primacy of agriculture-Tableau Economique

(Module II Classical Economic Thought (10 hrs

Three Pillars of Classical School: Adam Smith- laissez faire economy-division of labour,
theory of value- value in use and value in exchange – diamond-water paradox. David Ricardo-
Theory of value-views on distribution-theory of rent - stationary state. Say’s law of market.
.Thomas R. Malthus-Theory of population, Theory of Glut

(.Module III Marxist Political Economy)(10hrs

Karl Marx- Materialistic interpretation of History, Dialectical materialism, Labourtheory
of Value-surplus value-organic composition of capital- Industrial reserve Army- Class war- Crisis
.of capitalism

(Module IV Indian Economic Thought)(10 hrs

Kautilya’sArthasastra - Economic Thoughts of DadabhaiNaoroji –
MahadevGovindRanade (M.G.Ranade) -Romesh Chandra Dutt (R.C. Dutt) - B.R. Ambedkar -
J.C.Kumarappa –Mahatma Gandhi-Jawaharlal Nehru- AmartyaSen

:References

Eric Roll (1956): History of Economic Thought, 3rd , Englewood Cliffs, N.J. .1
.PrenticeHall, Inc, 1956

- GoddantiOmkarnath(2016):‘Indian Development Thinking’ from Handbook of alternative theories of economic development Edited by Erik S. Reinert, Jayati Ghosh and Rainer Kattel .2
- Dasgupta, Ajit K. (1993): A History of Indian Economic Thought, Routledge, London .3
- Lokanathan,V(2013): A History of Economic Thought, S.Chand& Company Ltd, New Delhi .4
- Additional Reading
- Rangarajan, L.N.(2001):Kautilya – The Arthasastra, Penguin Books India Pvt. Limited, New Delhi .1
- Singh, V.B. (1975): From Naoroji to Nehru – Six Essays in Indian Economic Thought, The Macmillan Company of India Limited, New Delhi .2
- Ajit K.Dasgupta, Gandhi’s Economic Thought, Routledge, London. Year .3
- Blaug, Mark, (1997) Economic Theory in Retrospect, 5th Edition, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK .4

EC 1645 Project

No of Credits : 4 Instructional Hours : 6 (3 Hours each in V and VI Semester)

As part of the requirements for BA Programme , every student must do a project either individually or as a group under the supervision of a teacher. The project is expected to equip the student to identify an issue or topic and conduct the study in a systematic and scientific way. Students will get the opportunity to apply various tools they have learned and present the report .in a structured manner

Guidelines

Project work may be done individually or as a group (Maximum 5 students). The topic .1 selected should be related to theory or economic issues. The work may use primary or secondary source of data. It should be typed in 35- 60 pages with spiral binding. The printing has to be in .paper A4, with Times New Roman font 12 for content and 14 for titles with a line spacing 1.5 The guidance for doing the project has to be given in the V Semester and VI Semester. Three .2 .instructional hours in each semester have been provided for this purpose

The area of study should be finalized in the V Semester and final report should be submitted at .3
.the end of the VI semester

A pre submission Seminar should be undertaken in the VI Semester for reviewing nature and .4
quality of the project work. The supervising teacher should ensure that the work is not a
.reproduction of any work conducted earlier

Students should be given classes on research methodology before the commencement of the .5
.project work

: The project Work shall contain the following .6

An Acknowledgement of the student and declaration certificate of the Supervising
. teacher

Introduction and Review of literature

Methodology

Analysis

.Conclusions and Suggestions if any

.Bibliography

Evaluation Indicators .7

% - 10	Introduction and Review of Literature
- 20%	Methodology
- 40%	Analysis
% - 20	Conclusions and Suggestions if any.
- 10%	Bibliography.

Study Tour

A compulsory study tour is recommended as part of the paper entitled Economic growth
and Development in the fifth semester. A report of the tour should be submitted to the head of the
.Department after the completion of the tour

Complementary I

EC 1131 FOUNDATIONS OF ECONOMIC THEORY

Inst. Hours – 3

Instructional Hours 3

Credits 3

Course Objective

.The main objective is to provide a basic understanding of economic concepts and theories

(MODULE I: NATURE AND SCOPE ECONOMICS (10

Nature and Scope of Economics—Definitions: Wealth, Welfare, Scarcity and Growth definition

—Basic Economic Problems—Micro and Macro Economics—Positive and Normative

.Economics—Significance of the study of Economics

(MODULE II: CONSUMER BEHAVIOUR (20

Consumption—The Concept of Utility—Cardinal Utility and Ordinal Utility—The Law of

Diminishing Marginal utility—Consumer's Surplus—Demand and Supply and their

determinants—Law of demand and law of supply—Changes in demand and supply-Elasticity

of Demand-Price elasticity of Demand-Income elasticity of Demand-Cross elasticity of

Demand

(MODULE III: PRODUCTION AND COST (14

Factors of production—Production function—Short run and Long run—Concepts of cost: total

cost, Fixed Cost, variable cost, average cost, marginal cost—Concepts of revenue: total

.revenue, average revenue and marginal revenue

(MODULE IV: MARKET STRUCTURES (10

Market structures—Features of Perfect competition- Imperfect Competition: Monopoly,

(Monopolistic competition and oligopoly.(FeaturesOnly

Book

.Samuelson. P.A. Nordhaus (2010), *Economics,19th Edition*, Tata McGraw Hill •

References

Dewett, K.K., M H Navalur (2006), (Reprint edition): *Modern Economic Theory*, S. •

.Chand & Co., Delhi

.Salvatore, D: (2008), *Microeconomics: Theory and Practice*, 5TH Edition, OUP •

Dwivedi, D.N(2016), Microeconomics: Theory and Applications, 3rd Ed, Vikas Publishing House •

Complementary III

EC 1231 MONEY AND BANKING

Inst Hours-3

Number of credit -3

Course Objective

The course intends to provide a basic understanding about the nature and significance of .money and banking in the functioning of an economy

(MODULE I: MONEY (14

Concept and definitions of money—Kinds of money—Functions of money-
Measures of money supply-Value of money—Fisher’s Quantity theory of Money

(MODULE II: INFLATION (12

Inflation—Type of inflation—Causes and effects of inflation—Measures to control
.inflation--Deflation—Concept of trade cycle

(Module III: Commercial and Co-operative Banks (14

Origin and growth of banks- Structure and Functions of Commercial banks – Role of
Commercial Banks in Economic Development – Credit Multiplier-Credit Creation- Structure and
functions of co-operative banks

Digital money and Payment system- Virtual money (Crypto currency), RTEGS, NEFT,
.Net Banking, E-Wallets

(Module IV: Central Banking (14

Central banking in India-Functions of RBI - Monetary policy – Objectives and
Instruments of Monetary Policy

References

Hajela N (2009): Money and Banking Theory with Indian Ane Books Pvt Ltd •

RR Paul (2015): Monetary Economics, 11th Edition,Kalyani Publishers •

Partha Ray (2013): Monetary Policy, Oxford University Press •
RBI Bulletins •

Complementary V

EC 1331 INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND PUBLIC ECONOMICS

Inst.Hours-3

Number of credit-3

Course Objective

The course inculcates the students about the significance of public finance in the context of increasing role of Government. It also provides the basic theoretical framework of budgetary mechanism in India, State activities and various aspects of International Trade

(MODULE I: INTRODUCTION TO PUBLIC ECONOMICS (14

Meaning, Definitions and Scope of Private Finance and Public Finance-Concepts of Public Economics-Concepts in Budget

(MODULE II: PUBLIC REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (14

Public revenue: Definitions-Sources and Classification— Features of Taxation- Types of Taxes- Impact, Incidence and Shifting of Taxes (concepts only)- Effects of Taxation

Definition - Causes of increasing public expenditure - Effects of public expenditure- Public expenditure in India

(MODULE III: PUBLIC DEBT (11

Meaning and Nature of Public debt—Classification and Trends of public debt in India—Methods of debt redemption

(MODULE IV: INTERNATIONAL TRADE (15

Concepts and Importance of International Trade—Basis of International trade—

Absolute and Comparative advantage theory-Balance of Trade and Balance of Payments—

Foreign Exchange market and Exchange Rate (Concepts only)- Devaluation- Depreciation

.(and Appreciation (Concept only

References

Hajela, T N (2010): Public finance (4th Edition), Ane Book Pvt.Ltd •

D Salvatore: (2014) International Economics 11thedition, Wiley Publication •

- Mithani: (2017) D M International Economics 8th Edition, Himalaya Publication •
- S K Singh (2010) Public Finance Theory and Practice, Revised Edition, S Chand •
Publication

Complementary VII

EC 1431 INDIAN ECONOMY SINCE INDEPENDENCE

Inst. Hours- 3

Number of Credit – 3

Course Objective

The general objective of the course is to provide basic understanding of the Indian economy and it will familiarises the students about the various concepts of National Income and create awareness about the significance of agriculture, industry and service sector in the Economy

(Basic Features of Indian Economy (24 MODULE I:

Features of Indian Economy—Major demographic features—Concept of poverty and Inequality-Extend of Unemployment—Human Development Index and PQLI-Role of agriculture in Indian Economy-Green Revolution-Role of Industry in Indian Economy-Industrial Policy of 1991-Urbanisation-Significance of Service Sector in Indian Economy

(National Income (14MODULE II:

Meaning of national income—Aggregate concepts of national income estimation—Methods and difficulties in the measurement of national income—Green Accounting

(MODULE III: Kerala Economy (16

Features of Kerala Economy-Structural changes-Trends of SDP in Kerala economy-Impact of migration in Kerala economy- Decentralised planning

References

- Uma Kapila (2013): Indian Economy since Independence, Academic Foundation, New •
.Delhi
- Prakash, B A, B R Prabakaran Nair: (2009) Kerala's Development Issues in the new •
.Millennium. Serials Publications
- Mishra S K and V K Puri: (2017) *Indian Economy: The Development Experience*, 35th •
.Revised Edition, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai

Ramesh Singh: (2017) Indian Economy ,7th Ed ,Mac Graw Hill New Delhi •

G Omkarnath (2016): Economics: A Primer for India, Orient BlackSwan Pvt Ltd, New Delhi •